TODAY'S WEATHER—PARIS: Occasional thundershowers. Temp. 72-57 (22-14). Tomorrow little change. Yesterday's temp. 75-59 (24-15). LONDON: Partly cloudy. Temp. 63-50 (20-10). Tomorrow little change. Yesterday's temp. 66-48 (20-9). CHANNEL: Slight to moderate. ROME: Sunny. Temp. 73-50 (23-10). NEW YORK: Sunny. Temp. 75-50 (24-10). Yesterday's temp. 75-45 (24-7).
ADDITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 2

INTERNATIONAL

Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

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United Press International

50TH ANNIVERSARY—Leonid Brezhnev pinning the Order of the October Revolution to the banner of the Georgian Republic, at a gala ceremony in Tbilisi yesterday.

'Start Negotiations' on Troop Cut In Europe, Brezhnev Tells West

By Bernard Gwertzman

MOSCOW, May 14 (NYT).—Leonid I. Brezhnev, the Communist party leader, today called on the Western powers to test Soviet intentions and begin exploratory negotiations on ways of reducing troop levels and armaments in central Europe.

Speaking in Tbilisi, the capital of Soviet Georgia, at ceremonies marking the 50th anniversary of Soviet rule in that Caucasian republic, Mr. Brezhnev said the Soviet Union would do everything in its power "for strengthening peaceful coexistence of states, regardless of their social system."

Mr. Brezhnev had proposed such force reductions in his address to the 24th congress of the Communist party on March 20. It had attracted some interest in Western capitals at the time because it was similar to proposals made by the NATO countries. But it was noted here that proposals for reducing forces have been made by both the Warsaw Pact and NATO through the years to no effect.

Timing Draws Attention

The timing of Mr. Brezhnev's remarks today, however, suggested that the Kremlin may have decided to press harder for such talks as a way of attracting flagging Western interest to the much-discussed Warsaw Pact idea of a European security conference.

In the brief foreign policy portion of his nationally televised speech, Mr. Brezhnev said he wanted to talk about "one point" in the Western reaction to his party congress speech.

"Some of the NATO countries show an evident interest, and even some nervousness, concerning the reduction of armed forces and armaments in central Europe," he said.

"Their representatives ask: whose armed forces, foreign or national? What armaments, nuclear or conventional, are to be reduced? Could it be, they ask, that the Soviet proposals encompass all this taken together?"

Mr. Brezhnev then added, in one of his infrequent light touches, aimed at the Georgian audience whose people are famed in the Soviet Union for their wine-drinking exploits:

'Flavor of Wine'

"In this connection, we, too, have a question: Don't those curious people seem like a person that tries to judge the flavor of wine by its appearance without tasting it? If something is not clear to somebody, we are quite ready to make it clear.

"All you have to do is muster resolve to try the proposals that interest you by their taste. Translated into diplomatic language, this means—start negotiations."

Mr. Brezhnev's latest remarks on troop reduction came just a few days after Senate Majority Leader Mike Mansfield, D., Mont., had called for a unilateral cut by 50 percent of the 300,000 American troops stationed in Europe. Soviet forces in central Europe are about 350,000 men.

Some Western diplomats suggested that the Soviet leader, aware of Sen. Mansfield's proposal, may be counting on a positive White House response to ease pressure caused by Sen. Mansfield. The Russians are thought to recognize that the United States would not unilaterally cut its forces back significantly.

Pet Brezhnev Project

One of Mr. Brezhnev's pet projects, since taking power in 1964, has been to seek a reduction of American influence in Europe, and Soviet proposals and propaganda have generally been aimed *at seeking improved relations with* Western Europe, while keeping a distance from the United States.

But at the congress in March, Mr. Brezhnev spoke in more conciliatory terms about the United States and senior Soviet officials since then have said they were ordered to negotiate seriously with the United States on outstanding differences.

In his congress speech, Mr. Brezhnev listed a six-point package, wrapping up many old Soviet

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

Rejects Unilateral GI Cut

U.S. Welcomes Brezhnev Bid; Will Consult NATO Allies

By Chalmers M. Roberts

WASHINGTON, May 14 (WP).—The Nixon administration today welcomed the new Soviet initiative on cutting East-West military forces in Europe.

It did so because the Kremlin move was seen here as a step toward the three-year-old NATO proposal for mutual balanced force reductions and because the move appeared to deal a heavy blow against Sen. Mike Mansfield's pending proposal to force a 50 *percent cut in U.S. forces* now in Europe.

Soon after word of Soviet Communist party leader Leonid Brezhnev's proposal reached Washington, White House Press Secretary Ron Ziegler said: "We welcome it." He added that "this development does underline and reinforce what we have been saying in the last few days, that now is not the time to unilaterally dismantle our forces in Europe, particularly in view of the possible prospects for negotiations."

Warning on NATO

At the Senate caucus room where he was testifying before the Foreign Relations Committee on presidential war powers, Secretary of State William P. Rogers referred to the Brezhnev proposal for troop cuts and declared that "if we do it unilaterally we can kiss that initiative goodbye."

Mr. Rogers was opposing the Mansfield proposal which, if it became law, he said, "would signal the end of NATO" and "have ramifications of tragic proportions."

At the State Department spokesman Charles Bray said: "We welcome this indication of interest in mutual balanced force reductions... We will study it with great interest." The next step is to consult the NATO allies whose foreign ministers will meet in Lisbon June 3 and 4.

Links Two Moves

Mr. Bray also linked the Brezhnev move to the Mansfield proposal, saying that the latter has a direct bearing on any hopes for an agreement on cutting troops and arms in central Europe.

Sen. J. William Fulbright, D., Ark., contended to Mr. Rogers that the Mansfield amendment has helped produce the Brezhnev proposal. But administration officials said the Brezhnev move was clearly a follow to the Soviet leader's March 30 call for both "the dismantling of foreign military bases," and "a reduction of armed forces and armaments" in central Europe.

Some officials speculated that word of the new Mansfield proposal had reached Moscow a few days earlier the Brezhnev proposal of today might never have been made. However, Georgi Arbatov, head of Moscow's U.S.A. Institute, has been in Washington recently saying that the Nixon administration had not paid sufficient attention to Mr. Brezhnev's March 30 remark.

The White House in the past few days has laid aside plans for a review of the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks to concentrate on defeating the Mansfield proposal, which it feared might pass the Senate. Now the emphasis is shifting to speeding an affirmative reply to Mr. Brezhnev by the NATO ministers when they meet in Lisbon.

A Sour Reaction

Mr. Rogers today got a sour reaction from the senators to President Nixon's White House meeting yesterday of senior statesmen long associated with the creation and development of NATO.

Sen. Stuart Symington, D., Mo., declared that "a lot of cold war warriors were in the White House yesterday." Sen. Clifford Case, R., N.Y., called "intolerable" Mr. Ziegler's statement that no compromise on the Mansfield move would be accepted. Sen. Claiborne Pell, D., R.I. said former Secretary of State Dean Acheson's remark that the Mansfield proposal was "asinine" was the kind of thing that "turns us off."

At that, Mr. Rogers said: "Let me quickly disassociate myself from the word asinine."

However, he was cautious in his reaction to the Brezhnev statement, saying that the last War-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

Russians Forge Another Link With Algerians

ALGIERS, May 14 (UPI).—Algeria and the Soviet Union today signed what officials here called the most important contract on mineral research drawn up for the nation.

The seven-year contract, signed by the Algerian state firm Sonarem and the Soviet state office Techno-Export, called for 367 Soviet specialists and approximately 1,000 Algerian workers to seek minerals in Algeria. Officials said Algeria now ranks after Canada and the Soviet Union in systematic mineral research.

The contract, the second in two days involving Algerian-Soviet cooperation on research, came after Algerian nationalization of French oil interests and a virtual end to a "special relationship" between France and its former colony.

Sets Up New Egypt Regime

Sadat Says He Balked Coup; War Minister Is Under Arrest

CAIRO, May 14 (UPI).—President Anwar Sadat formed a new Egyptian government tonight after announcing he recently blocked a coup attempted by his *political opponents*.

In an off-the-cuff, 85-minute speech broadcast nationwide, Mr. Sadat said he had found his office bugged and the Cairo radio station surrounded by his own security men.

He said he has placed War Minister Gen. Mohammed Fawzi under house arrest and jailed two senior police officers and some members of the Arab Socialist Union, Egypt's only political party.

The National Assembly, at an emergency session tonight, unanimously agreed to oust 18 members from its membership, including Assembly Speaker Labib Shukeir and Deputy Speaker Kamal Eddin Hinawi, the semi-official Middle East News Agency said.

Others ousted from the 360-member house included outgoing Information Minister Mohammed Fayek and top Arab Socialist Union executive Dia Eddin Dawood.

The Assembly later passed a unanimous resolution "declaring complete support for all the actions taken by President Sadat to achieve freedom for the citizens, eradicate the centers of power and raise high the word of law," Cairo radio said.

It said cables of support were "pouring" in to the president from citizens and organizations.

Mr. Sadat said five ministers



AP.

President Sadat

quit his 32-man cabinet yesterday and announced their actions on Cairo radio without his knowledge. He vowed to reorganize the Arab Socialist Union "from top to bottom" and to destroy anyone who works against national unity.

Mr. Sadat yesterday named Gen. Mohammed Ahmed Sadek to take over as war minister and Mamdouh Salem as Interior Minister. Tonight he named technicians and professors to the lesser posts in his new 31-man cabinet.

Mr. Sadat said the action of his opponents "amounted to a coup."

Leaders from Sudan, Libya and Syria flew unexpectedly to Cairo today and pledged full support for President Sadat, MENA said.

Their visits came a few hours after the cabinet ministers and *party officials* resigned.

Libya and Syria are partners with Egypt in the Federation of Arab Republics, which Sudan has also pledged to join.

The agency said Mr. Sadat held telephone conversations last night with Syrian President Lt. Gen. Hafez Assad and Libyan Premier Col. Moamer Kazafuy.

Both men "expressed their complete support for the stand of President Sadat and their appreciation of the (Egyptian) armed forces," the agency said.

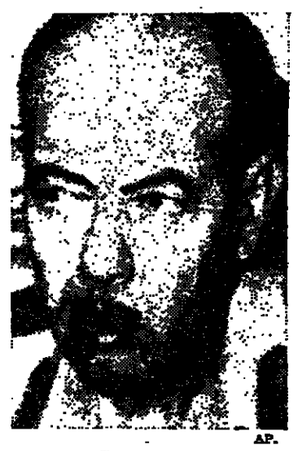
Today Premier Maj. Gen. Gaafar Numeiry of Sudan, Deputy Premier Maj. Abdel Salam Jalloud of Libya and Syrian Vice-President Mahmoud el-Ayyo flew unannounced to Cairo and met with Mr. Sadat.

Party Shakeup

Mr. Sadat announced plans for "free elections" within the Arab Socialist Union under his own supervision and said, "I will be extremely cruel to anybody who attempts to rig the elections."

Mr. Sadat said he asked Vice-Premier and Interior Minister Charaoui Gomaa to submit his resignation because Mr. Gomaa, as the head of the union's organizational committee, had engineered maneuvers to embarrass the president.

He said five ministers who quit yesterday announced their resignations over Cairo radio without his knowledge.



AP.

Gen. Fawzi

Mr. Sadat said he discovered only yesterday a tape recorder in his private room at the Republican Palace. He discovered the instrument by using an electronic device after being tipped off by some ministers.

He said the recorder was installed by intelligence operatives working under ex-Ministers Gomaa and Sami Sharaf.

Mr. Sadat said the five ministers who announced their resignations on the radio quit to show solidarity with Mr. Gomaa.

"They thought that Egypt would collapse, but today we formed a new government including technicians, professors and some of the many efficient people with whom our land abounds," Mr. Sadat said.

He said he was leaving his office immediately after his speech—which lasted an hour and 25 minutes—to administer the oath to the new cabinet.

President Sadat is keeping the same premier, veteran diplomat Mahmoud Fawzi, an official announcement said.

With the exception of the war and interior portfolios all the major jobs remained in the same hands.

Twelve new ministers joined the cabinet. The rest either retained their posts or were appointed to other cabinet positions.

A new vice-premier, Abdel Kader Hatem, was named, and he also holds the information portfolio. Mr. Hatem served for nearly ten years under the late President Gamal Abdel Nasser as Vice-Premier for Culture and Information. He replaces outgoing Information Minister Mohammed Fayek.

Mr. Sadat named Marwan Ashraf, a son-in-law of Mr. Nasser, as his secretary for information affairs.

'Tempest in Teacup'

In his radio address Mr. Sadat described the events of the past 24 hours as "a tempest in a teacup" and added: "Be assured, the storm has passed."

Referring to his own office being bugged, he said: "I will crush anyone who attempts to destroy our internal front."

Mr. Sadat traced the power

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

Ministers Hail Step

EEC Adopts Common Stand On Mideast, Security Talks

From Wire Dispatches

PARIS, May 14.—A two-day political consultation here among the six Common Market ministers, held in the wake of yesterday morning's Brussels breakthrough in the negotiations for British entry, produced agreements on a common position toward preparing a European security conference and on a Middle East peace plan.

The six ministers also agreed to an Italian suggestion to request experts to attempt to draw up a common Mediterranean policy, dealing with such diverse matters as petroleum supplies and the Soviet military presence.

The precedent established—of working out common positions among the Six on major world issues—was unanimously regarded as more important than the modest agreements reached.

Belgian Foreign Minister Pierre Harmel described the ministers' action in adopting a common policy as a "springtime in Europe." West German's Walter Scheel declared: "We have taken a step forward in political cooperation."

There had been doubts that positive results could be achieved at the session, following a Franco-German rift over the recent floating of the mark.

Dutch Foreign Minister Joseph Luns told reporters that the meeting had brought the Six closer to political cooperation. This reflected the "euphoria and optimism" created by this week's breakthrough in negotiations for British entry, he added.

Controversy over the unpublished Middle East plan continued, however. French Foreign Minister Maurice Schumann noted that the plan drafted by experts on April 27 had already been overtaken by such events as Secretary of State William P. Rogers's Middle Eastern journey. Therefore, the six ministers found it easiest to agree to call on their experts to draw up further documents for the next political consultation of the Six next fall.

Israeli diplomats had been lobbying intensively against the plan, which calls for withdrawal to the pre-1967 armistice lines, an international force on both sides of the Arab-Israeli frontier, and international administration for East Jerusalem. None of these suggestions is welcome to the Israelis, who now hope to

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

Red Ink and Scarlet Faces

LONDON, May 14 (AP)—Britain's Institute of Chartered Accountants is having trouble with its bookkeeping—it's £369,000 ($885,000) in the red and outside consultants have been called in to revise the accounting procedure.

The deficit was disclosed at the institute's annual general meeting. One member suggested that with results like that "accountants would be grossly *arrogant in telling* others how to run their business."

Officials explained that the deficit was caused by the refusal of institute members to agree to higher membership fees, high computer costs and the failure to rent out expensive office space in the institute's new building opened last year.

Proposes Transfer of Sick

Hanoi to Accept 570 POWs; Raises Hopes for Americans

SAIGON, May 14 (Reuters).—North Vietnam today proposed a ship-to-ship meeting for the transfer of 570 disabled war prisoners from South Vietnam, spurring United States hopes for the release of captured Americans.

U.S. Ambassador Ellsworth Bunker greeted the Hanoi move as an encouraging sign and said through a spokesman that he hoped it would be the first step *leading to the return of U.S. and* allied prisoners.

The proposed release would be by far the largest of the war. The plan suggested by North Vietnam would involve the most direct meeting for the purpose between the two sides so far.

South Vietnam, which offered last month to release the 570 sick and wounded North Vietnamese soldiers, was studying the Hanoi proposal before replying officially.

But a government spokesman said: "We are pleased to note that the other side has begun to show some concern about the fate of their soldiers."

South Vietnam has freed about 200 disabled North Vietnamese soldiers since 1966. The number it now plans to release is almost ten times that of the largest previous group.

The official North Vietnamese news agency today carried the *Hanoi proposal for a meeting* between civilian North and South Vietnamese ships at sea near the Demilitarized Zone on June 4 during a local 24-hour cease-fire.

The Hanoi statement did not concede that the prisoners were North Vietnamese and called them "Vietnamese patriots."

Anxious for any progress toward freedom for the 378 Americans believed held in North Vietnam, U.S. diplomats said the size of the proposed transfer next month was the main reason for the hopeful note of Ambassador Bunker's comment.

The U.S. military command lists 1,848 servicemen missing or captured in Indochina and says that 378 are known prisoners in North Vietnam and almost 100 more are believed held in Laos.

North Vietnam says that it is holding 339 Americans captive and has released nine through other Communist countries.

North Vietnam's response to South Vietnam's proposal on the 570 disabled prisoners did not mention another suggestion, made by Saigon at the same time, that all prisoners held more than four years be sent to neutral countries.

Conditions Listed

PARIS, May 14 (Reuters).—The Viet Cong listed today the conditions under which it would accept the South Vietnamese offer to release imprisoned guerrillas.

In a statement issued here, the Viet Cong condemned the offer as "an old method used by the Nixon administration to mislead public opinion," but said they would accept the men under certain conditions.

They included that the prisoners should be transported on unarmed ships with a Red Cross emblem to a point about three miles southwest of Cua Tung at 10:30 a.m. on June 4, where unarmed North Vietnamese ships would receive the men. They also specified that all military activity should be stopped within 20 miles, that the United States and Saigon should announce in advance the number and kind of ships involved, and if weather conditions were unfavorable June 4, another date should be set.

Laborite Landslide in Local Elections

By Bernard Weinraub

LONDON, May 14 (NYT).—Labor party candidates made massive gains in local elections throughout England and Wales yesterday.

The outcome of the elections was widely attributed to voter unrest over rising prices, inflation and high unemployment. The ballot was the first broad expression of public opinion since the Conservatives came to power in last June's general election.

Labor's victory yesterday exceeded all expectations. Labor won control of 21 of the 32 boroughs in the Greater London Council, the city's overall planning authority. Even Prime Minister Edward Heath's home district of Bexley fell to Labor, together with the traditional Tory stronghold of Harrow.

Outside London, the Conservatives lost control of town halls in such cities as Manchester, Hull and Doncaster. Nearly 70 cities changed hands in favor of Labor.

In all, there were net gains of more than 2,000 seats for Labor in the local government bodies. The Conservatives had a net loss of over 1,800 seats.

In recent years the party in power has suffered badly in the local elections. During the last large-scale local election in 1968, with Prime Minister Harold Wilson and the Labor party in power, Labor lost 16 London boroughs to the Tories as well as town halls across the country. In yesterday's election the 16 London boroughs were returned to Labor.

The Labor victory was termed "our biggest triumph," by Robert Mellish, chief opposition whip in the House of Commons and also chairman of the London Labor party.

John Boyd-Carpenter, a former Conservative cabinet minister and chairman of the London Tory Members of Parliament, said, "The results are... pretty bad. But this has happened whenever there is a Conservative government—just as they go very well [for the Tories] when there is a Labor government."

Although Labor victories were expected in the local elections, the scale of the landslide surprised both sides. Rising prices were believed the key factor in yesterday's Tory defeat—just as they were in the Tory victory last June.

At the time Mr. Heath, campaigning against Mr. Wilson, hit hard at the issue of rising prices. Mr. Heath said that, if elected, the Conservatives would be in a position to reduce inflation "at a stroke."

Since Mr. Heath's election, however, prices are still going up at the rate of 9 percent a year. The immediate issue that faces Mr. Heath is whether to try some form of control of income policy.

Unemployment last month totaled 814,000, the highest April figure since 1940. This was about 3.5 percent of the work force.

Strikes are at an all-time high, too.

Leftist Swedes Riot At Trade Meeting

GOTEBORG, Sweden, May 14 (AP).—Eggs flew in a violent demonstration by hundreds of leftist youths against an international trade conference in the center of Goteborg today.

A melee developed as a dozen mounted policemen charged the youths with whips. Policemen on foot swung their truncheons in free-for-alls before the demonstrators were dispersed. Several youths were arrested and booked at police headquarters. One of the delegates to the world trade conference was American banker-economist David Rockefeller.

46 Americans Barred at London Airport

Officials Foil Left-Handed Charter Flight

LONDON, May 14 (UPI).—British officials disqualified 46 Americans from flying to New York today on a reduced-fare charter flight. The head of the airline then accused the officials of "Nazi-type propaganda methods."

Department of Trade and Industry inspectors in a spot check at London's Gatwick Airport found 46 of the 158 passengers boarding the Laker Airways 747 jumbo jet were not bonafide members of the chartering club, a department spokesman said.

The 46 had not been members of the group, known as "The Left Hand Club" of New York, for six months before the trip, as required by international charter "group affinity" regulations, the spokesman said.

Freddie Laker, head of the airline, accused the department of alerting news media, including television crews, that the spot check probably would turn up illegal charter-travelers.

Mr. Laker said the inspectors severely questioned passengers in the full glare of television cameras and called this "Nazi-type propaganda methods . . . Gestapo interrogation methods, utterly immoral, illegal and unforgivable."

"Illegal travel is insupportable and I am not for a moment condoning the action of passengers in trying to travel without the necessary qualifications," Mr. Laker said. "But it is bloody disgusting that in this country government officials can act the way they have done today."

The department spokesman said the inspectors checked the Laker passengers on the basis of information provided by an informant. But he denied the department alerted news media.

Last month, under similar circumstances, department inspectors kept more than 100 American and Canadian passengers from boarding a Laker charter flight.

Today, the Laker jumbo finally flew off four hours late with 112 passengers whom the inspectors said were qualified members of "The Left Hand Club."

At Strasbourg Parley

'Broad Support' for Regime In Greece Is Seen by U.S.

STRASBOURG, May 14 (AP). —The United States told the Council of Europe today that the Greek military regime enjoys "broad support" among the people despite disappointingly slow progress toward greater democratic freedom.

Committee sources said Martin J. Hillenbrand, Assistant Secretary of State for European Affairs, told a private session of the council's political committee the United States was satisfied that torture of political prisoners in Greece was not "extensive." Mr. Hillenbrand testified behind closed doors on U.S. policy toward Greece, one year after the council forced the Greek colonels' regime to withdraw from membership.

Committee sources said several Socialist deputies were sharply critical of American arms shipments to Greece.

The sources said Mr. Hillenbrand told the committee the United States was disappointed over the Greek regime's internal policies, but regarded it as "the lesser of two evils."

The alternative, Mr. Hillenbrand said, would be a regime headed by younger, nationalist officers who would follow nonaligned policies modeled on those of Egypt's late President Gamal Abdel Nasser. Such a regime, he reportedly warned, would possibly turn to the Soviet Union for aid and thus weaken the North Atlantic alliance in the crucial Mediterranean area.

He said the latest U.S. information on the Greek internal situation was that many political prisoners have been released and "there is no extensive torture" of those still held, the sources said.

He said the United States believes the regime is "fairly soundly based and has broad support among the public" despite the lack of democratic freedom. He stressed the American view that NATO forces must have access to the U.S. Sixth Fleet's bases in Greece as long as the Soviet fleet continues to operate in the eastern Mediterranean.

Mideast Resolution

Meanwhile, the Council of Europe's Consultative Assembly called today for a "negotiated peace agreement" between Israel and its Arab neighbors.

A resolution on the Middle East conflict was approved without opposition and only a handful of abstentions, after a group of left-wing Socialists had failed to eliminate the word "negotiated."

The leftist move was headed by a Norwegian Socialist, Mrs. Liv Aasen, and British Labor members, William Molloy and Frank Judd. The move was vigorously opposed by the council's conservative majority. After three days of debate, much of it behind closed doors, the leftist group withdrew its amendment without forcing a vote.

The accepted resolution, drafted by Austria's Karl Czernetz, stressed the need to establish a true armistice which must be binding on all parties until a negotiated peace agreement is reached."

Bomb Kills Policeman In Athens

ATHENS, May 14 (Reuters).—A home-made bomb killed a policeman and injured another in an apparent anti-American action in the heart of Athens at dawn today.

The blast, near the statue of former U.S. President Harry S. Truman, was the latest in a mounting series of explosions for which various resistance groups have claimed responsibility. The underground organizations have charged that the U.S. government is keeping Greece's four-year-old military regime in power, even if with indirect support.

The slain policeman, constable Athanasios Constantaghas, 26, tried to pick up the bomb package in the small park where the bronze statue stands, near the royal palace and the mansion of Greece's regent, Gen. George Zoitakis.

Another policeman in a patrol car, Nicholas Levaditis, 27, shouted at him to drop the parcel, but the bomb exploded in Mr. Constantaghas's hands, killing him and injuring Mr. Levaditis in the leg, the police said.

Security Measures

The police later intensified security measures in central Athens, patrolling the center of the capital. Security police in public buildings and foreign embassies were doubled.

The measures follow a threat by an underground organization last night that it would take violent action against Americans and American property in Greece.

The pro-royalist organization, called Free Greeks, blamed American policy for keeping the military regime in power in Greece and said it considered this policy as an enemy of the Greek people.

The organization, which claims to include many retired and active army officers, said, "We have every means at our disposal" to make the life of Americans in Greece "unbearable."

Other Explosions

The police today were investigating whether this threat had any connection with this morning's explosion.

It was the second explosion near the Truman statue. Last November a blast under the statue led to the arrest of several people, some of whom are still awaiting trial.

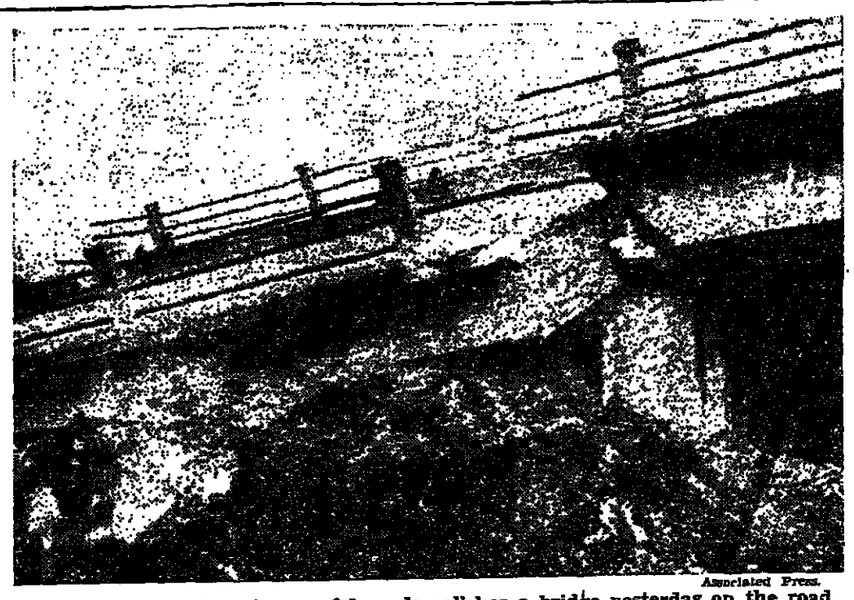
Some of the other attacks in recent weeks have been explosions in buildings used by American servicemen or under cars belonging to members of the U.S. military mission.

On April 26, a 31-year-old Greek workman lost a leg and an eye when a home-made bomb exploded in a trash barrel outside an American forces canteen. It went off when the man was pressing trash into the barrel with his foot.

Nervous Capitol Police Blow Up Chafing Dish

WASHINGTON, May 14 (AP). —A paper-wrapped package overstayed its welcome in the driveway under the entrance steps of the U.S. Senate yesterday, and Capitol police, edgy after a bombing earlier this year, went into action.

They alerted an Army bomb squad, who blew up the suspicious box, smashing someone's brand new copper chafing dish.



Associated Press.

LAVASLIDE—Flaming stream of lava demolishes a bridge yesterday on the road connecting volcanic Mt. Etna with the sea. The eruption menaces four villages.

Lava Stream Now Perils 4 Etna Villages

CATANIA, Sicily, May 14 (UPI).—Molten lava, burning trees and plants in its path, advanced toward four villages on Mount Etna today. Officials debated emergency evacuation plans.

A new eruption and lava flow threatened the villages. Villagers are becoming alarmed and angrily confronted some tourists who cheered the lava's advance.

Officials, who had not appeared too concerned earlier with the current eruption, today made an inspection tour and termed the situation serious. They drew up an emergency evacuation plan for the four villages but said that it would not be necessary to use it at the present stage.

24-Hour Lava Vigil

The inhabitants of the four villages—Fornazzo, Milo, Sant' Alfio and Zafferana—are keeping a 24-hour watch on the lava flows. All four towns were evacuated in 1950 during an eight-month-long eruption that damaged the communities.

The lava flow burned supports, causing the collapse of two bridges over a mountain stream, and has reached a mountain road that rises from the sea to Etna's heights.

It was when the lava reached this road that hundreds of tourists, standing further down the mountain, cheered and applauded. Villagers, shouted angrily at the tourists. Some of them pushed and shoved some of the tourists.

Policemen, who were brought in to help control the crowds of tourists, intervened and separated the villagers and the tourists.

Sees Basis for Accord

EFTA Awaits Closer EEC Tie, Hails Progress in Brussels

REYKJAVIK, Iceland, May 14 (AP).—Britain and its eight partners in the European Free Trade Association declared today they are now on the verge of achieving their ten-year goal—closer ties with an enlarged European Economic Community.

A communiqué at the end of a two-day EFTA ministerial meeting here hailed the "significant progress" earlier this week in Brussels on Britain's bid to join the Common Market.

Other EFTA nations have been counting on Britain to open the EEC door for them, too.

The meeting here "expressed confidence that a basis has now been laid for the solution of the outstanding problems in respect of all EFTA countries," the communiqué said.

Norway and Denmark, like Britain, are seeking full Common Market membership. The six other EFTA nations—Switzerland, Austria, Sweden, Portugal, Iceland and Finland—want special trade agreements with an enlarged Common Market.

Success in these efforts would mean an end to EFTA as it now exists, a free trade area covering 90 million people in nine countries around the outer ring of Western Europe.

The EFTA wants to retain some of its substance while working out closer ties with the EEC.

EFTA could soon be left with only six member nations covering a market of 50 million people. Should this happen it wants free trade ties with both former EFTA members and the Common Market.

An EFTA study group hopes to suggest a formula on how this might be done by the next EFTA ministerial meeting, the communiqué said.

Remaining EFTA members regard the breakup of the organization as perhaps inevitable, but with varying degrees of enthusiasm. Iceland, for example, would prefer Britain to remain an EFTA member, but is willing to follow a British lead toward closer EEC ties.

Britain originally conceived EFTA in 1959 as a potential rival to the Common Market, but by 1961 the British themselves were seeking membership in the stronger EEC of some 250 million people.

Britain, the largest EFTA nation, already has less trade with its EFTA partners than with the Common Market nations.

Sadat Says He Balked Coup; War Minister Under Arrest

(Continued from Page 1)

conflict within the regime to the opposition of ex-Vice-President Ali Sabry to the recently-established federation of Egypt, Libya and Syria. Mr. Sadat sacked Mr. Sabry 12 days ago.

Mr. Sabry had engineered Mr. Sadat's defeat by a five-to-three vote on the federation issue during a meeting of the Arab Socialist Union's eight-man Supreme Executive Committee, the president said.

Voting with Mr. Sabry against the agreement were Mr. Gomaa, Abdel Mohsen Aboul Nour, Dia Eddin Dawood and Labib Shukeir, Mr. Sadat said. All resigned yesterday.

Mr. Sadat said the Sabry-Gomaa clique also engineered opposition to the federation agreement at a subsequent meeting of the union's 150-man Central Committee.

"They sent people to provincial towns to tell members to vote against the agreement," Mr. Sadat said.

Off the Cuff

As for the meeting itself, it was "nothing more than clowning," Mr. Sadat said. "They descended to the use of methods of which the least that could be said is they are opportunistic, dishonorable types of political maneuvering . . ."

Mr. Sadat described his broadcast as an "off-the-cuff, open-heart talk" to the nation.

Mr. Sadat said the situation in the past 24 hours had forced him to take "some extraordinary measures." He did not say who had been jailed but said "the law and the courts will deal with them all."

Arab World Nervous

BEIRUT, May 14 (NYT).—The Arab world listened with nervous fascination tonight to a radio broadcast from Cairo in which President Sadat spoke of an attempted coup d'état against him.

First reactions of a random sampling of his audience here was that the account was generally true and that Mr. Sadat was in control of the situation—at least for the moment.

But there was considerable doubt whether he would have enough time to consolidate his position in the light of pressures to recover the occupied Sinai area from Israeli occupation forces.

Lebanese observers generally doubted that questions of military strategy were at the root of the struggle in Cairo. They thought rather that it was the belated showdown of a fight which they had predicted when President Gamal Abdel Nasser died last fall.

U.S. Sees Effect on Canal

WASHINGTON, May 14 (WP). —While U.S. officials believe the shakeup in the Egyptian government has all the earmarks of a domestic power struggle, they say that if Mr. Sadat is successful in consolidating his position it would have a positive rather than negative effect on negotiations to reopen the Suez Canal.

It was Mr. Sadat who took the plunge by suggesting an interim settlement and by agreeing to terminate the state of belligerency with Israel.

A number of the officials who were ousted opposed any accommodation with Israel. It follows, therefore, that, assuming Mr. Sadat prevails, the prospect for negotiation could improve.

The same U.S. officials cautioned, however, against expecting any change in Egypt's close relations with the Soviet Union. They said that while some of the men who are now out of the government were more receptive to the Russians than was Mr. Sadat, he remains both dependent on Moscow and grateful to the Soviet Union for its support.

Bonn Warns On Reducing U.S. Troops

Cautions on Upsetting Europe Power Balance

By Lawrence Fellows

BONN, May 14 (NYT).—The West German government cautioned today that an abrupt, one-sided reduction of American troop strength in Europe would seriously upset the balance of power in Europe, threatening not only Western Europe, but also the United States.

"In the present situation in East-West relations, any substantial unilateral reduction in U.S. fighting strength in Europe would have consequences of the utmost seriousness for European stability, for the prospects for relaxation and for balanced measures of armaments control, and therefore for the security of all partners in the alliance, including the United States," the government spokesman, Conrad Ahlers, said.

Reading from a government statement, he continued: "The federal government would therefore be very concerned over possible developments in the United States that could raise the danger of a troop reduction."

Triggered by Mansfield

The stiff, page-long statement was prompted by reports from Washington of the good chances for success, at least in the Senate, of a bill introduced there three days ago by Senate Democratic leader Mike Mansfield of Montana to cut American troop strength in Europe from 300,000 to 150,000 men.

West Germany's army is perhaps a more formidable conventional force than any other European army committed to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

With Soviet troops facing it across the long frontiers with East Germany and Czechoslovakia, and with 600 or more medium-range Soviet nuclear missiles aimed at it, West Germany also feels more vulnerable than do other members of NATO.

For this reason, the West Germans want the most certain form of American support: the physical presence of a fighting force big enough to fight a realistic and flexible defense action, even if the action is a brief, holding one.

U.S. Welcomes Brezhnev Bid; Will Consult NATO Allies

(Continued from Page 1)

saw Pact meeting had said "essentially the same thing."

Sen. Frank Church, D., Idaho, complained about "the same old refrain year in and year out" opposing troop cuts in Europe and about "the same old team gathered together at the White House "to tell us of calamity" that would befall the nation if American forces were removed.

Kennedy Action Cited

Sen. Church suggested, but with no reaction from Mr. Rogers that the United States pull out a division to "see if that would provide the climate" for a similar Soviet move, much as President John F. Kennedy once had stopped American nuclear tests in an effort to get a test ban treaty.

Discussion of the Mansfield proposal was interspersed with discussion of presidential war powers. In reply to questions, Mr. Rogers also said that the Mansfield proposal would be "very harmful" in the Middle East and would be dangerous if the Russians thought "we're getting out of the world." The effect on SALT, he said, would be somewhat less because what probably motivates Moscow is largely economics.

Carrying forward elsewhere in Congress a growing administration counterattack on the Mansfield measure, Senate Republican whip Robert P. Griffin of Michigan deplored its introduction at this time as "most unfortunate."

Russia Asks Negotiations On Troops

(Continued from Page 1)

proposals. The fourth point, among other things, said: "We stand for the dismantling of foreign military bases. We stand for a reduction of forces and armaments in areas where the military confrontation is especially dangerous, above all, in central Europe."

Western diplomats have been probing the Russians to find out details of the proposal. They have inquired, as Mr. Brezhnev indicated, whether the proposal envisaged only the reduction of foreign troops—which would weaken Western defenses more than Russian since the Americans would have to travel much further distances from central Europe than the Russians.

And there has been interest in whether Mr. Brezhnev was envisaging talks by the two military blocs or among all states on the Continent. It is assumed the latter, but this is not clear, and Mr. Brezhnev did not elucidate today.

Tupamaros Grab Ex-Minister, Fail In 2d Kidnapping

MONTEVIDEO, May 14 (AP). —A former government minister and bank director, Carlos Frick Davies, was kidnapped by Tupamaros guerrillas today, the Tupamaros' 11th kidnap victim and the fourth now in their custody.

The Tupamaros today also shot and seriously wounded the president of the Uruguay Chamber of Commerce, Alfredo R. Deambrosis, 64, when he successfully resisted a kidnap attempt. He was hospitalized with a bullet wound in the right collarbone.

Family sources said Mr. Frick Davies, also 64, was kidnapped about 1 p.m. when the Tupamaros rammed another car into his near his home, forcing his vehicle to hit a tree. They then drove him off in a third vehicle.

Bloodstains were found in Mr. Frick Davies's car, indicating he had been injured either in the crash or in a struggle with the kidnapers.

Montevideo radio stations, which are prohibited by the government from carrying any mention of the Tupamaros or their activities, could only tell their listeners that "Frick Davies has disappeared."

The Tupamaros recently have kidnapped a number of government officials and leading businessmen. They also are holding British Ambassador Geoffrey Jackson, 55, who was kidnapped Jan. 8.

Marines Charge Sergeant Aided Vietnam Enemy

WASHINGTON, May 14 (UPI). —The Marine Corps today ordered Sgt. Jon Sweeney, 22, court-martialled on charges he deliberately aided the enemy in Vietnam by recording propaganda broadcasts for the North Vietnamese.

The charge of giving aid to the enemy is the closest thing in the Code of Military Justice to the civilian charge of treason.

While Sgt. Sweeney was in Hanoi, the official North Vietnamese news agency reported he had deserted in South Vietnam as a protest against the war and would soon leave for Sweden to campaign against American involvement in Southeast Asia.

When he arrived in Stockholm, he sought political asylum, but he apparently was persuaded to return home by his parents who flew there to talk to him.

After his arrival, he was assigned to Quantico, where, a spokesman said, preliminary hearings will begin early next month and result in a date for his trial. He is in the stockade there now.

S. Koreans Sink N. Korean Boat

SEOUL, May 14 (AP).—A South Korean navy ship and air force jet fighters sank a North Korean ship with 15 to 17 men aboard early today after a two-hour chase and gun battle off the east coast just south of the armistice line, the Defense Ministry announced.

It said the South Koreans suffered no casualties or damage in the battle near Mukho, 100 miles northeast of Seoul.

All the North Koreans were believed to have drowned, a spokesman said.

It was the second naval intrusion by North Korea this month. On May 4 a small North Korean boat fired on a South Korean patrol boat off Inchon 30 miles west of Seoul, killing one policeman and wounding another.

Czechs Free W. Berliner

VIENNA, May 14 (UPI).—A West Berlin student who was sentenced to two years in prison by a Prague court on March 19 for "subversive activities," has been expelled, the Czechoslovak news agency reported. The student, Sybille Plogstedt, was "pardoned" and was handed over to West Berlin authorities yesterday.

EEC Adopts Common Stand On Mideast, Security Talks

(Continued from Page 1)

prevent the plan's approval next week by ministers of Britain, Denmark, Norway and Ireland, which are seeking Common Market membership.

The Israelis won a partial victory yesterday. The plan was adopted, but details were not published because of objections from Italian Foreign Minister Aldo Moro that they would endanger efforts at mediation.

A diplomatic source said the plan proposes:

- Withdrawal of Israeli forces to the armistice lines as they were before the six-day war of 1967. These lines, which Israel considers highly unfavorable, would become borders subject only to minor changes by agreement between Israel and the Arab states. There would be demilitarized zones on both sides of the frontier and some "zones of interposition" manned by international troops. The demilitarized zones would be manned by civilians. Both would last at least five years, under the authority of the UN Security Council.
- The Old City of Jerusalem and the holy sites outside it would be under international administration.
- The refugee problem would be settled by the freely expressed will of those concerned and approved by the Arab countries involved. Special commissions should guarantee freedom of choice, including reinstallation and compensation.
- Free navigation in the Straits of Tiran, with Israeli rights guaranteed by the UN.
- Free passage for Israel through the Suez Canal, with assurances from Egypt that Israeli shipping not be subject to discrimination.

Israel objects strongly to having foreign troops stationed on its territory and even on territory it considers important to its security —such as Sharm-el-Sheikh, which commands the Straits of Tiran.

But, mostly, it objects to what it considers an "imposed solution" by anyone. Many diplomats as well as the Israelis see the plan as an attempt by France to impress the Arab countries with its friendship and its ability to draw the Common Market countries along with it.

Talks With Russia

Besides the Middle East policy plan, the Six also drew up a common approach to Soviet requests for a European security and trade conference.

The ministers stressed that there should be careful preparations for such a meeting. Care should be exercised, they agreed, not only in respect to procedure but also in regard to the scope of the subjects to be discussed.

This cautious approach reflected the reluctance of West Germany—and many other Western governments, including the United States—to move toward a conference until there is a settlement with the Russians on Berlin. Continuing talks on Berlin have achieved little progress lately.

Mr. Schumann said that the ministers today discussed Berlin but not the question of mutual force reductions, another topic Western governments want to discuss with Moscow.

Russians Tie Demonstration In Britain to Israeli Officials

LONDON, May 14 (Reuters).—The Soviet Embassy here said in a statement tonight it has documentary evidence linking Israeli officials with a group of young British Jews who charged yesterday that the Soviet consulate staff attacked them.

The embassy called a press conference to announce that the evidence had been found in a briefcase left behind by one of the young men involved in yesterday's scene at the consulate.

The trouble flared when about 50 members of the Universities Committee for Soviet Jewry went to the consulate to apply for visas so that they could attend trials of Jews in Leningrad and Riga.

Members of the group said officials attacked them and beat and dragged away their leader, Alan Freeman, 18.

Tonight's embassy statement said that after the incident a cleaner found a briefcase, labeled as belonging to Alan Freeman, in the reception hall.

"There were documents of a confidential nature which disclosed a wide scope of Zionist activities, and the connection of the anti-Soviet activists with Israeli officials," the statement said.

It said the embassy had not finished studying the documents, because of their large number. One, it said, proved that yesterday's incident was carefully planned in advance.

The statement said other documents "shed light on the wide scope of the activities of the so-called Universities Committee for Soviet Jewry, which, as some documents show, is not the independent organization it claims to be. Israeli officials, according to some documents, gave detailed instructions to the committee."

The statement alleged that other documents show participants in anti-Soviet actions are getting financial backing from Israeli officials.

Convicted Jews Testify

MOSCOW, May 14 (UPI).—Convicted organizers of an abortive 1970 hijacking plot today testified against defendants in the Leningrad trial of nine Jews accused of Zionist agitation, the Soviet news agency Tass said today.

Tass said Mark Dymshits, Eduard Kuznetsov and Silva Zalmanson took the stand to identify "their accomplices" among the defendants.

Mr. Dymshits and Mr. Kuznetsov received death sentences in November for organizing an attempt to hijack a plane to Sweden as a step in fleeing to Israel. The sentences were commuted to 15 years' imprisonment after a worldwide uproar over the harshness of the punishment.

Mrs. Zalmanson, who is Mr. Kuznetsov's wife, was sentenced to ten years.

Tass said the three named Hillel Butman "as one of the main instigators of the contemplated crime," and Mr. Dymshits implicated another defendant, Mikhail Korenblit, as a participant in the organization.

Vatican Workers Get Higher Pay Benefits

VATICAN CITY, May 14 (UPI).—Pope Paul VI has slightly increased seniority benefits for some of this city-state's 7,000 employees, Vatican sources said today.

They said that the papal secretary of state, Jean Cardinal Villot, announced the raise in a letter to Vatican department heads. He said that workers in the lowest pay brackets—up to $193 a month—will get automatic raises of $10.40 a month every two years instead of the present $8 increases.

WEATHER

	O	F	
ALGARVE	16	61	Partly cloudy
AMSTERDAM	13	55	Stormy
ANKARA	18	64	Cloudy
ATHENS	25	77	Partly cloudy
BEIRUT	26	77	Cloudy
BELGRADE	25	77	Partly cloudy
BERLIN	21	70	Sunny
BRUSSELS	19	66	Cloudy
BUDAPEST	26	79	Partly cloudy
CAIRO	32	40	Partly cloudy
CASABLANCA	20	68	Partly cloudy
COPENHAGEN	17	63	Partly cloudy
COSTA DEL SOL	16	61	Showers
DUBLIN	16	61	Sunny
EDINBURGH	11	52	Sunny
FLORENCE	24	75	Cloudy
FRANKFURT	23	73	Partly cloudy
GENEVA	20	68	Partly cloudy
HELSINKI	13	55	Partly cloudy
ISTANBUL	19	66	Sunny
LAS PALMAS	23	73	Cloudy
LISBON	14	57	Cloudy
LONDON	17	63	Partly cloudy
MADRID	17	63	Showers
MILAN	22	72	Very cloudy
MONTREAL	10	50	Cloudy
MOSCOW	11	52	Very cloudy
MUNICH	19	66	Very cloudy
NEW YORK	21	70	Sunny
NICE	19	66	Partly cloudy
OSLO	17	63	Partly cloudy
PARIS	22	72	Cloudy
PRAGUE	23	73	Partly cloudy
ROME	22	72	Sunny
SOFIA	23	73	Cloudy
STOCKHOLM	17	63	Partly cloudy
TEL AVIV	27	81	Partly cloudy
TUNIS	24	75	Partly cloudy
VENICE	23	73	Partly cloudy
VIENNA	25	77	Sunny
WARSAW	22	72	Partly cloudy
WASHINGTON	22	72	Sunny
ZURICH	21	70	Partly cloudy

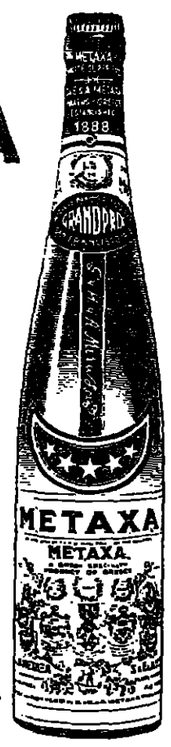
(U.S.—Canadian temperatures taken at 1700 GMT, others at 1200 GMT.)

DEATH NOTICE

Mrs A. H. McLEAN and children deeply regret to announce the death on May 13th of Colonel Alexander Henderson McLEAN, U.S. Air Force, retired, of Baltimore, Maryland (residing 7 bis Rue Thibault, 78-Marly-le-Roi, France). A service will be held at the American Cathedral in Paris, 23 Avenue George V, on Monday, May 17th, at 2 p.m.

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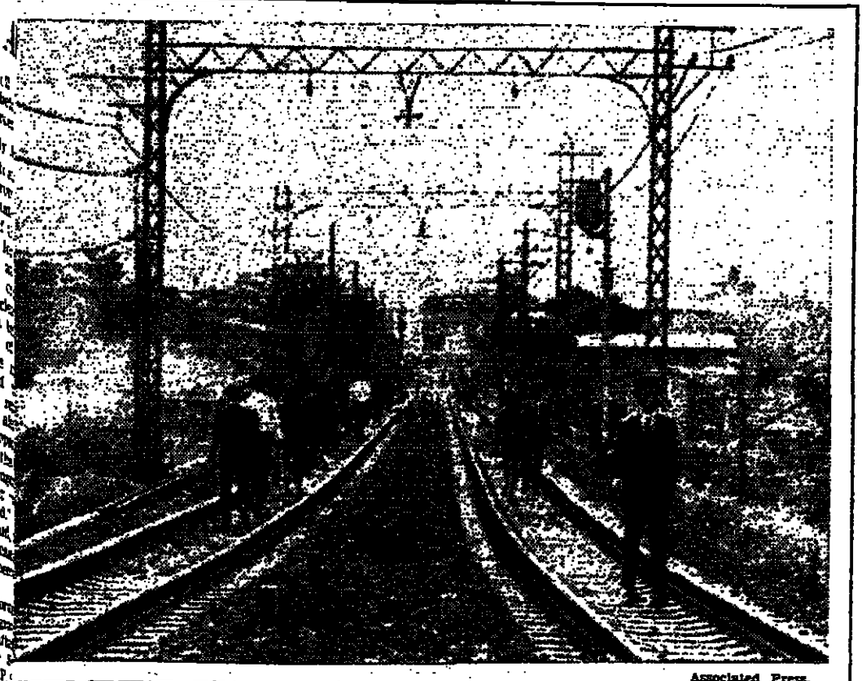
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Associated Press.

RIGHT OF WAY—Tokyo commuters walking along railroad tracks Friday morning, during a 24-hour nationwide strike of privately owned trains and buses.

Senate to Vote Wednesday On Move to Restore SST

WASHINGTON, May 14 (UPI).—The Senate agreed today to vote Wednesday on whether to revive the supersonic transport project, but under a procedure that will give opponents two chances to block it.

The agreement worked out between backers and opponents of the 1,800-mile-an-hour jetliner calls for a vote late Wednesday on an effort by Sen. William Proxmire, D., Wis., to delete $85.3 million in a supplemental appropriation that the House voted to use to revive the program.

If Sen. Proxmire's amendment succeeds—and sentiment against the SST runs deep in the Senate—the issue will go to a House-Senate conference committee to be reconciled. If the Senate again votes against the SST, it is considered unlikely members would accept a compromise with the House that included any SST money.

But if Sen. Proxmire loses on the first vote, he still could filibuster or try other methods to defeat the whole supplemental appropriations—and thus the SST. In that event, a final congressional decision on the plane could be delayed for several more weeks. The money bill includes funds for government salaries and welfare programs.

The surprise agreement for a quick vote came just a few hours after Senate majority leader Mike Mansfield said he would prevent the SST issue from reaching the Senate floor until other urgent business, notably the draft extension bill, is completed.

Majority whip Robert C. Byrd, D., W.Va., emerging from the bargaining, said that the opponents of the SST had a strong tactical position. He also told newsmen that he believes that the forces led by Sen. Proxmire have the votes to defeat the SST again.

Earlier, Transportation Secretary John A. Volpe said the cost of reviving the SST would not be anywhere near the $1 billion suggested by Boeing chairman William Allen. He urged the Senate to go along with the House in resurrecting the plane.

Mr. Volpe took issue with a statement yesterday by the Boeing chief, William Allen, that it would cost "about $1 billion," or at least $500 million to revive the SST, which was killed early this year by Congress.

Mr. Volpe did not say how much he thought the cost would be but "I don't think it will be anywhere near $1 billion."

Mr. Volpe was interviewed on the NBC-TV Today show.

He said, "I don't know how anyone at this stage can determine" extra costs. He said it is vital that the Senate agree to resurrect the program, largely because of the progress the British and the French are making on their own SST program—the Concorde.

"I just can't conceive that the United States of America would drop out of a race without ever getting to the starting line," Mr. Volpe said.

Boeing's chairman, in giving reporters his surprisingly high cost estimate, cited inflation, delay, reorganizing a production team and renegotiating contracts.

The Senate Appropriations Committee voted 13 to 7 yesterday to accept Wednesday's House action converting $85.3 million in contract termination funds into development money for the faster-than-sound airliner.

But because possible debate on the move likely would tie up other urgent items in the money bill that contains the SST funds, the committee approved a continuing resolution—a device to allow the government to go on spending money at previous levels pending final congressional action.

Russia to Send TU-144 to Paris For Air Show

MOSCOW, May 14 (UPI).—The Russians announced today that their supersonic passenger plane, the Tupolev-144, will be flown out of the Soviet Union for the first time to be shown at the Paris Air Show on May 27.

Deputy Aviation Industries Minister Vasily Kazakov, quoted by the official news agency, Tass, said that the 120-passenger Tu-144 will be among about a dozen Soviet airplanes and spaceships on display at the international show.

The Tu-144 was the first supersonic transport to fly when it went aloft for subsonic tests on Dec. 31, 1968. Subsequently, it beat the British-French Concorde in the race to break the sound barrier. It has flown at two times the speed of sound in tests.

Lebanese Jail N.Y. Man

BEIRUT, May 14 (AP).—Peter A. Ariko, 24, of Niagara Falls, N.Y., was sentenced to three years in prison today on charges of smuggling hashish. Ariko was arrested on March 27, 1970, after arriving from Kabul, Afghanistan. Police said they found 118 pounds of the drug in his luggage.

New Evidence May Free Hoffa For Re-election

HOLLYWOOD, May 14 (AP).—James R. Hoffa has been given 20 days by the Teamsters Union to win his freedom from prison in order to seek re-election as president of the giant labor organization, it was learned yesterday. Hoffa asked for the time on the basis of new evidence which could free him and would guarantee his election as the union's head.

The new evidence, a high union official told the Associated Press, is an alleged deposition by chief prosecution witness Edward Grady Partin, whose testimony was vital in sending Hoffa to the federal penitentiary on an eight-year jury tampering sentence.

"Jimmy wants 20 days until the first week in June... They are going to wait for him. They voted to wait for him," the official said of the executive board action behind closed doors at a meeting here.

Mr. Partin was a union member and served as doorkeeper in Hoffa's hotel suite during a previous trial on kickback charges that led to Hoffa's later conviction for tampering with the jury. The Manchester, N.H., Union-Leader of May 6 quoted him as saying:

"Hoffa shouldn't really be in prison. I know I committed perjury, but I was forced into it" by the Justice Department.

Mr. Partin, when reached for comment on the Union-Leader report, refused to say anything, but when asked about the alleged deposition he said:

"I have never seen one and I have never signed one."

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War Report From Vietnam

...o U.S. Helicopters Lost for a Week

...NGTON, May 14 (UPI).—...ese gunners failed to shoot ... an American helicopter in ... Vietnam in the weekly re...ng period ending Tuesday for ...irst time in more than 40 ...s, the U.S. command re...d tonight.

...itary spokesmen could not ...ow long it had been since ...combat losses of U.S. heli...ers occurred in South Viet... during a weekly reporting ...d, but it was prior to Jan. 1, ...the date they began keeping ...y records.

...U.S. command had report...earlier today that one heli...r had been shot down in ... Vietnam during the seven... period, making it the first ... in 27 months that only one ...at loss was recorded in a ...ly period.

...wever, a check showed that ... lone helicopter listed as ...ed in combat was an OH-6 ...se which was not shot down ... Vietnam but in Cambodia's ...pong Cham Province May 7. ...e crewmen were killed.

Ky Delayed

... another incident involving ...elicopter, South Vietnamese ...President Nguyen Cao Ky today to the Cambodian ... to speak at a ceremony ...ng a religious shrine to the ...ao sect—and disclosed he ...ate because his (South) ...mese Air Force copter had ...an emergency landing in a ...addy after a mechanical ...

Ky's mishap recalled the ...nical failure Feb. 24 of an ...VNAF helicopter in which ...sons were killed, including ... Do Cao Tri, widely rated ...st field commander in the ...f the Republic of (South) ...n, and Newsweek corre...nt François Sully, dean of ...igon foreign press corps.

Battle Near Coast

...he Vietnam ground war, ...fighting was reported yes...for the second straight day ...ien Binh, a few miles in... ...om the Gulf of Thailand ...miles southwest of Saigon. ...o battles, infantrymen of ...t ARVN Division, backed ... artillery, air strikes and ...er gunships, reported kill... Communist soldiers for ... of one dead and three ...d.

...he fifth time this month, ... combat report listed no ...nbat deaths for the pre...s hours.

U.S. Air Force F-105 ...chief jet fighter-bombers

...y Denies Bid ...ree Calley

...HINGTON, May 14 (UPI). ...U.S. Army said today it ...ied a request by lawyers ... Lt. William L. Calley jr. ...lieutenant be freed from ... pending appeal of his ...on for the murder of 22 ...ese civilians at My Lai.

...rmy spokesman said Lt. ... will be confined in his ... during the appeal pro... ... will be allowed to receive ...ed visitors and confer ...embers of his defense ...

...lley was sentenced by a ... court-martial on March ...e imprisonment and hard ...fter the longest trial in ...litary history. He had ...arged with premeditated ... in the shooting of more ...0 Vietnamese civilians at ... but was convicted of only ...ns.

...Pollution Kills Fish

... May 14 (AP).—Five ...lead fish floated on the ...ar Rome's airport to...ials said the fish were ...he river's pollution.

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Tel.: OPE. 60-36

Westernization of S. Vietnam A Mistake, U.S. Observers Say

By Murrey Marder

WASHINGTON, May 14 (WP).—Attempts to impose Western terms and standards on South Vietnam ranging from "elections" to "self-help" have produced tragic blunders and self-deception for the United States, Senate investigators were told yesterday.

Three veteran American observers of the Vietnamese scene agreed before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee that the United States should withdraw its forces as quickly as possible. But they disagreed on a timetable.

Immediate disengagement was urged by Donald Luce, who led U.S. congressmen to the underground "tiger cages" of Conson Island last year. Mr. Luce, former director of International Voluntary Services in South Vietnam, has just been expelled from there as a representative of the World Council of Churches.

As a wry example of progress in South Vietnam, Mr. Luce said the first block of 96 "isolation cells" to replace the infamous tiger cages "were built as a self-help project—that is, the prisoners built their own." Then the American RMK-BFJ construction combine took over construction, using "U.S. funds," he said.

The State Department denied again yesterday, as it did last month, that any "direct American assistance" is being given to pay for the replacement cells. But U.S. officials conceded there might be indirect funding assistance through the transfer of dollars to the South Vietnamese.

Differences were expressed by Mr. Luce, by anthropologist Gerald C. Hickey of the Rand Corporation, and by Robert Shaplen, Far Eastern correspondent of the New Yorker magazine, on the wisdom of sending American observers to the South Vietnamese elections in South Vietnam at this time," said Mr. Luce, and a U.S. observer team would only "legitimatize" an illusory election.

When the United States sent observers to South Vietnam's 1967 presidential elections Mr. Luce said that a South Vietnamese friend acidly told him: "In your election in 1968 we are going to send 20 Vietnamese who don't speak English for four days," to verify the fairness of the U.S. election.

Mr. Hickey said the Western election process "is really quite alien to the Vietnamese" and so is the constitution introduced by the United States because "they would rather have everything rather vague and loose-ended." Mr. Shaplen said, "We have tried to force-feed the Vietnamese Western-style democracy far too quickly . . ."

Mr. Shaplen, however, said "the picture is not altogether black" where elections are concerned, and with an American observer team "it will still be impossible to avoid some rigging, but at least this can be reduced."

Mr. Hickey told the committee that the U.S. war strategy has so "restructured" Vietnamese society that while he favors early, total U.S. withdrawal, too fast a pullout could destroy the war-dislocated economy. For a political settlement, Mr. Hickey said, there has to be an "accommodation" leading to a coalition government with the National Liberation Front.

Mr. Shaplen said President Nixon's withdrawal policy "so far has been reasonable" but now should be "stepped up" and "more clearly defined." He said it would be "physically impossible" to meet a Dec. 31 deadline for the total withdrawal of all U.S. forces.

LBJ Library to Get Dedication by Nixon

AUSTIN, Texas, May 14 (AP).—President Nixon has accepted an invitation to make the principal address at the LBJ Library dedication ceremonies May 22 at the University of Texas.

The dedication program begins at 11:30 a.m. and will last less than an hour, with speeches by both the 36th and 37th Presidents of the United States. When the ceremony begins, former President Lyndon B. Johnson will escort President Nixon to the platform. The invocation will be given by a minister who has been a friend of the Rev. Billy Graham.

U.S. Asks Russia Pay Damages on Fishing Gear

WASHINGTON, May 14 (UPI).—The State Department demanded today that Russia pay for damage to the fishing gear of an American lobster trawler off the New England coast last month.

Department spokesman Charles Bray said the U.S. "lodged a vigorous protest" with the Russian Embassy concerning an incident April 1 when a Soviet trawler is alleged to have damaged fishing gear of the Wily Fox, a lobster boat operating out of New Bedford.

Stuart Blow, special assistant to the secretary for fisheries and wildlife, called in Soviet counselor Igor Bubnov and demanded $3,349 for damage.

Department officials said they also are investigating incidents last week off Massachusetts in which Soviet fishing vessels are alleged to have harassed American trawlers.

Muskie Reduces Campaign Staff

WASHINGTON, May 14 (WP).—Sen. Edmund S. Muskie, D., Maine, has cut the professional staff of his presidential campaign headquarters by one-third in an economy move that is also designed to shift its emphasis from research to political contact work.

Campaign aides said yesterday that the number of paid workers, other than secretaries, had been trimmed from 42 to 28 in the last six weeks, with the latest wave of layoffs just last week.

The staff reductions were heaviest among researchers, who were helping draft position papers and speeches for the Maine Democrat's use. Berl Bernhard, staff director of the downtown headquarters, said that the senator had decided to "use volunteers much more heavily" for the policy research and to "concentrate our limited resources on the area of real need—political organization."



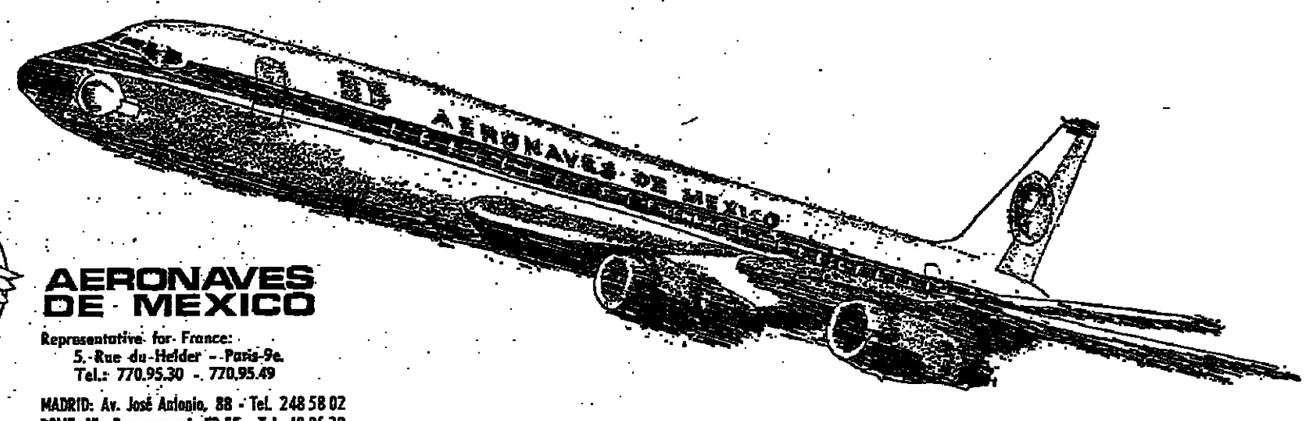
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Analysts See Papal Letter As Pragmatic View of Society

By Paul Hofmann

ROME, May 14 (NYT).—The Vatican today made public Pope Paul's apostolic letter bringing up to date the Roman Catholic Church's position on social problems and advocating a new kind of free society.

Churchmen here said that a first analysis of the 12,000-word document showed it to reflect what they termed "Christian pragmatism."

The analysts explained that the papal letter reconfirmed the church's basic posture about halfway between Socialism and liberalism in such fundamental themes as its condemnation of atheistic Marxism and the "development of private property as a safeguard against tyranny."

However, Pope Paul's approach to Marxism and Socialism was found to appear more differentiated and pragmatic than that of any pope before his immediate predecessor, Pope John XXIII, who was extensively quoted in the apostolic letter.

Pope Paul acknowledged that many Christians were today "attracted by Socialist currents and their different evolutions," denounced the weakness of all ideologies and the fallacies of what he termed new utopias and declared that Christians could choose among different models of society.

"It is necessary to invent forms of modern democracy," Pope Paul said in his pronouncement, "not only by giving every man the possibility of informing and expressing himself, but by engaging in a common responsibility."

Pope Paul's apostolic letter will be known by the opening words of its Latin text, "Octogesima Adveniens" (The Approaching Eightieth), a reference to the 80th anniversary tomorrow of the encyclical "Rerum Novarum" (Of New Things) by Pope Leo XIII.

"Rerum Novarum," which bore the subtitle "On the Condition of Workers," was a milestone in the development of the church's social thought and has been termed the magna carta of the Christian trade-union movement.

In 1891, when the industrial revolution was spreading across Europe and the New World, Pope Leo warned that workmen must be paid in a way "to maintain the wage-earner in reasonable and frugal comfort." "Rerum Novarum" upheld the workers' rights to organize themselves to defend their interests.

Pope Paul's letter seemed to assume that organized labor needed no further encouragement. He cautioned unions against misusing their strength to enforce excessive demands by crippling strikes.

Rather, the Pope suggested, more attention should be devoted to the "new proletarians" in the urban ghettoes and on the margins of industrial society, the victims of underdevelopment and discrimination, discontented women and restless young people.

Pope Paul's letter said nothing about the wages of industrial workers, discussing such "new social problems" as urban stresses and alienation, dangers to the environment and the general movement for equality and participation.

Polish Quintuplets

WARSAW, May 14 (AP).—Quintuplets were born Wednesday in Gdansk to Mrs. Leokadia Rychert, 32, wife of a noncom of the Polish Army, the Polish press agency PAP reported. The three boys and two girls as well as the mother were reported in good condition.

Virginia O'Hanlon Douglas Dies; She Was the 'Yes, Virginia' Girl

VALATIE, N.Y., May 14 (UPI).—Mrs. Laura Virginia O'Hanlon Douglas, the woman who received the "Yes, Virginia, there is a Santa Claus" letter 74 years ago, died yesterday in a nursing home. She was 81.

Virginia O'Hanlon was eight when she wrote the now defunct New York Sun, asking:

"Some of my little friends say there is no Santa Claus. Papa says if you see it in the Sun, it's so. Please tell me the truth, is there a Santa Claus?"

Assistant editor Francis P. Church penned the famous editorial reply in which he said Virginia's friends were wrong and concluded:

"Yes, Virginia, there is a Santa Claus. He exists as certainly as love and generosity and devotion exist, and you know that they abound and give to your life its highest beauty and joy. Alas, how dreary would be the world if there were no Santa Claus. It would be as dreary as if there were no Virginias."

Mrs. Douglas lived most of her life in New York City and worked as a teacher and principal until she retired about 15 years ago. She often said it was not herself but Mr. Church, who died in 1916, who should have been remembered, for his reply carried the philosophy of "hope and love."

Pakistan Says Indian Army Has Joined Bengal Fighting

NEW DELHI, May 14 (UPI).—Pakistan charged today that Indian Army troops crossed the border into East Pakistan and fought federal forces for the first time since civil war broke out in East Pakistan on March 25.

Official Pakistan Radio, in a broadcast monitored here, also claimed that the army has crushed all rebel resistance in the northeastern sector of East Pakistan and sealed off a 300-mile stretch of border with India.

"All resistance by the Indian infiltrators and collaborators has now ended" in the area, the radio said.

The broadcast said that the Indian regulars fought alongside the Bengali secessionists in a machine-gun battle with a Pakistani patrol on the road between Sylhet, East Pakistan, and the Indian frontier town of Karimganj. It did not say when the clash took place.

The Indian troops withdrew after the battle, leaving the Bengalis behind, the radio said. It said that 127 East Pakistanis were killed but did not mention any casualties on the government side.

A Defense Ministry spokesman in New Delhi dismissed the report as "nonsense."

Pakistan repeatedly has accused India of armed intervention in the war. But, until today, the accusations have identified the intruders only as members of the paramilitary border security force or as "infiltrators." Today was the first time that Pakistan has charged India with using regular forces.

Chinese Loan Reported

KARACHI, Pakistan, May 14 (NYT).—Pakistani government sources reported yesterday that China had offered an interest-free loan of $20 million not tied to the purchase of Chinese products.

The Islamabad government said that this was the first such loan it had been offered by China. Government sources and newspaper editorials drew critical comparisons between the reported Chinese offer and U.S. aid, which has been suspended since March 25, when the Pakistani Army moved against East Pakistan.

"If the United States tells us to go to hell," an official said privately, "we have no alternative but to turn to China."

Pakistan served notice on all governments Wednesday that aid for East Pakistan would be gratefully accepted but only for distribution by the Pakistan government.

This is a sticking point with several relief organizations that wish to be certain that aid is used as intended by donors.

Meanwhile, the editors of four daily newspapers in Lahore will be tried by a military court for violating martial-law provisions, Radio Pakistan reported today.

The announcement did not specify the charges against the four editors but noted that a martial-law regulation limits the topics that can be written about in the press. Specifically prohibited are criticism of political parties and party members, and any matters tending to "cause agitation, alarm or despondency on any political issue."

9 Soviet Intellectuals Hit U.S. 'Oppression'

MOSCOW, May 14 (AP).—Nine members of the Soviet intellectual establishment — including composer Dmitri Shostakovich—protested Wednesday what they called "racism, oppression of national minorities and persecution of intellectuals" in the United States.

In a letter printed by the government newspaper Isvestia, the nine drew a parallel between last week's mass arrests of anti-war demonstrators in Washington and Hitler's Germany. "We are protesting against police arbitrariness, crude violence and a new wave of McCarthyism," the letter said. Other signers included movie producer Sergei Gerasimov, Bolshoi Ballet master Yuri Grigorovich, Dr. Sergei Mardashev, Georgy Markov, secretary of the Writers' Union, choreographer Nadeshda Nadezhdina, Moscow University rector Ivan Petrovsky, poet Rasul Rza and composer Tikhon Khrennikov.

France, Dallas Aces Win In Bermuda Bowl Bridge

By Alan Truscott

TAIPEI, May 14 (NYT).—France scored a decisive 19-1 victory over North America II in the 14th round of the Bermuda Bowl world bridge championship qualifying play today, while the world champion Dallas Aces defeated Brazil, 14-6. With still one round to be played, it is certain the Aces will meet France, the top European team, in the 128-deal final which is scheduled to begin tomorrow.

Interest today centered on the contest for fourth position. It now seems sure that the Chinese will finish fourth, and play off against Australia for third place. North American II will meet Brazil in the play-off for fifth place.

Standings after 14 rounds: the Aces, 217; France, 194; Australia, 142; China, 109; North America II, 90; Brazil 83.

Brilliant play by Bobby Wolff of the Aces got his team off to a good start against France last night. Sitting South, he reached a contract of four hearts. With any normal play in the trump suit, West makes the setting trick, but Wolff drew a fine inference and made an abnormal play.

The opening lead by Henri Svarc as West was the club five and East won with the ace. He shifted to the spade deuce and West took the spade ace and cashed the club king. West then shifted back to spades, and when Wolff won with the queen he settled down to work it out.

Why was Svarc in such a hurry to cash tricks in the black suits? His play of the spade ace followed by the club king seemed to indicate that he thought he had a sure trick to come—and that could only be in trumps. So Wolff proceeded on the assumption that Svarc held not merely the heart queen, which would just look like a possible trick, but Q 9 x x, which would seem a certain trick.

Therefore, at the fifth trick, South led the heart jack, and West covered with the queen. This confirmed South's idea of the situation, for West would have been unlikely to cover with two or three hearts headed by the queen: he would hope that South would play the king from dummy and finesse in the opposite direction.

A diamond to the ace allowed South to lead the heart seven, and when West played low he finessed. The rest was simple: a heart to the ten, ruff a diamond, draw the last trump with the ace and make the remaining tricks in dummy with the spade kind and the winning diamonds.

This great play earned the Aces 10 international match points. In the replay, Jean-Marc Roudinesco for France made the normal trump play of the heart king followed by the ten, and failed by one trick in the same contract.

North
♠ K Q J 10 6
♥ K 9 4
♦ K 10 3
♣ J 3

West
♠ A J 8 5
♥ Q 9 5 2
♦ 4 3
♣ K 7 5

East (D)
♠ 10 7 2
♥ 6
♦ 9 8 7 5 2
♣ A 10 8 4

South
♠ Q 6 3
♥ A J 8 7 4
♦ A
♣ Q 9 6 2

Neither side was vulnerable. The bidding:

East	South	West	North
Pass	1 ♥	Pass	2 ♦
Pass	2 ♥	Pass	4 ♥
Pass	Pass	Pass	

West led the club five.

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Prague Challenges Pop Sing To Return or 'Serve the Wes

PRAGUE, May 14 (AP).—Czechoslovak Communist leader Gustav Husak today challenged Karel Gott, the country's leading pop singer, now in the West, to "decide for himself whether he wants to come back and live with his people or whether he wants to serve the Western bourgeoisie."

Mr. Husak denounced foreign reports that Mr. Gott, 31, might remain abroad as Western propaganda deliberately timed to disturb this month's Czechoslovak Communist congresses at which the regime intends to proclaim unity behind the tough policies adopted after the August 1968 Soviet invasion.

The news of Mr. Gott's dispute with Communist authorities over censorship and the right of free travel prompted the Prague public to rush out and buy up his records today.

Long-play discs by Mr. Gott, one of the most popular singers in Europe, sold out even as his portraits were removed from Prague music shops on orders from authorities.

Recording in Hamburg

Prague Radio said Mr. Gott was making a record in Hamburg today and was scheduled to travel next Thursday to Canada.

Friends of Mr. Gott in the world of pop music said the singer was asking permission for unlimited travel for two more years after his present exit visa expires in June. Such a privilege has been given to few if any Czechoslovaks since early 1969, when authorities closed the frontiers in general to travel to the West and started purging public life the supporte former popular leader Ale Dubcek.

One of Mr. Gott's hits, or Tails," was banned here attack on Czech currency.

Mr. Husak was speaking Congress of the Slovak C nist party in Bratislava. Western propagandists an making a big fuss about the singer, saying he decid to return to Czechoslovak cause of difficulties here on ..."

"Now everybody knows t ditions for work Gott and have here. He had fa much money as he could he traveled over the work Husak said.

"Well, let him decide fo self whether he wants to back and live with his pe whether he wants to ser Western bourgeoisie," he a

Blast, Fire Kill 11 On Big Tanker in Swedish Yard

GOTEBORG, Sweden, May 14 (UPI).—A gas explosion and fire today trapped 50 shipyard workers and crew members in the engine room of a Norwegian tanker laid up for repair at a Goteborg shipyard.

Police said at least 11 workers died in the inferno aboard the 56,300-ton tanker Sammanger, of Bergen. Another 28 were injured —one critically.

Shipyard officials warned that more bodies may be found in the engine room, which was partly filled with water to extinguish the blaze.

Police said the explosion, which may have been set off by leaking acetylene gas, rocked the ship shortly before 10 a.m.

A crane operator said a flash of fire burst through the engine room ventilators. Then flames and thick smoke filled the engine room, deep in the ship's hull.

Smoke-blinded and injured workers scrambled up the ladders to escape the fire, which apparently spread to an oil tank.

Tree-Lovers Maintain Perc In Stockholm

STOCKHOLM, May 14 (
A freckle-faced farmer's Sigge Axelsson, 18, percher on one of the 15 elm threatened with destructio warned today that if police to cut down any of the there "would be someone in tree-top."

Axel had let down a rope to allow a visitor to hi perch. "If we let up, the back with axemen like a he said. "We'll fight th Council if they try again."

The young man pointed handful of policemen se patrolling through a big cr "save the trees" supporter thronged around the elm g

The council reiterated th trees have to go in the in of subway planning, but spokesmen have stated that lic safety" could not be e if another attempt were m fell the elms.

The last attempt led to and injuries to both conser ists and police.

Stockholm newspapers spe ed it was unlikely that a peat move to fell the tree imminent while public inter the conservation issue w high.

N.H. Backs Vote at 1

CONCORD, N.H., May 14 —New Hampshire has be the 27th state to ratify a pr ed U.S. constitutional a ment lowering the voting a 18. The proposal needs ra tion by 38 states before it comes an actual amendemer

Incidents Mar Ulster Openin Of Fair Aimed at New Imag

BELFAST, May 14 (UPI).—The Ulster '71 Exhibition, billed by the government as a festival which will "show the world that Ulster builds more than barricades," opened today amid scattered violence.

The lord mayor of Belfast, the lord mayor of London, and an assortment of English and Irish dignitaries were on hand to launch the exhibition, designed to display the best of Northern Ireland's industry and culture.

But only yards away, Catholics demonstrated and two boys attacked by Protestants lay in a hospital as evidence that the province is still at war with itself.

'A New Message'

"This is perhaps the greatest event in the history of the province," said Belfast Mayor Sir Peter Studd at the exhibition's main fairground. "There will be singing and pageantry and dancing in the village. Today, we will give the world a new message, a new headline which says that Ulster is basically a green and pleasant place."

At the edge of the grounds, about 200 Catholics paraded in protest. They sang peace and carried banners which "It's jobs, houses, and fair we want, not a jamboree." "Down with the exhibitio waste of money and work."

Early today, a group of y hurled chunks of stone at t patrolling a Catholic area oughfare, Divis Street, sli injuring two soldiers. They hurled two firebombs at a paper shop and a cooper store in Belfast's center, ing slight damage.

Initials Carved In Arm

Two Catholic schoolboys taken to a hospital late y day after a gang of Prote youths pushed them to ground and carved in their the initials "U.V.F."—a ence to the Ulster Volu Force, a militant Protestan ganization.

The exhibition, on a 7 site in Belfast's Botanic Gar depicts advances in agricu industry, and the arts in N ern Ireland since the begi of its history. The festival last 17 weeks at a cost to government of $240,000.

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Gallup Poll

Public Describes Itself: lle-Road or Conservative

Director, American Institute of Public Opinion

By George Gallup

TON, N.J., May 14.—A of Americans (57 per- ify themselves as "mid- road" or "fairly con- The total conservative conservative or fairly ve—totals 39 percent to 26 percent who make eral wing.

ne political climate in d States today is more be than liberal, the- age of President Nixon see more middle-of-the- nservative than it con- lf.

of 36 percent see the as middle-of-the-road, to 29 percent who place in this category. The who rate the President ative is almost identi- rcent) with the propor- classify *themselves* in er.

Many Extremists

news media, the greatest s given to the extremes political philosophies, uality, these two groups fraction of the popula- 11 percent call them- ry conservative" and 7 very liberal."

ring only those voters rise the crucial middle- d group in American hose described by the and Wattenberg politi- e as the "Real Majority" d describe Nixon "very" conservative and only it see the President as le-of-the-road.

survey a total of 1,599 8 years of age and older, erviewed in more than 300 scientifically selected communities across the nation. These were the questions asked:

"How would you describe yourself (President Nixon)—as very conservative, fairly conservative, middle-of-the-road, fairly liberal, or very liberal?"

Following are the results in table form, showing the public's own profile, the President's political image, and how the middle group among the public regards Mr. Nixon's politics:

How Describe Self

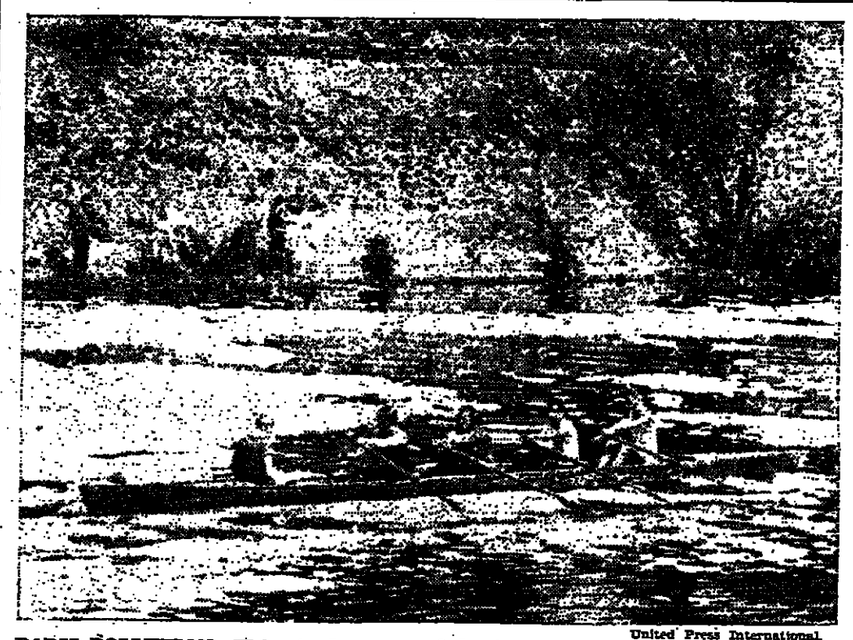
	All Adults
Very conservative	11
Fairly conservative	28
Middle	29
Fairly liberal	19
Very liberal	7
No opinion	6
	100%

How Nixon's Described

	All Adults
Very conservative	11
Fairly conservative	27
Middle	36
Fairly liberal	9
Very liberal	4
No opinion	13
	100%

How 'Middles' Describe Nixon

	Those Who Call Themselves "Middle"
Very conservative	10
Fairly conservative	23
Middle	43
Fairly liberal	9
Very liberal	5
No opinion	10
	100%



United Press International

PARIS POLLUTION—This sturdy group of boatmen rowing their way through large patches of industrial foam, resembling ice packs, yesterday on the Seine.

t All Impossible'

on Dump Agnew in 1972?

chell Keeps Question Alive

By David S. Broder

INGTON, May 14 (WP). ey General John Mit- d yesterday it would be all impossible" for Presi- on to drop Vice-President rom the 1972 Republican he decides it will help ces for re-election.

's an option an incumbent t always has," Mr. Nixon's npaign manager told a newsmen, adding that dent would be "foolish" the decision before next deadline.

chell called Mr. Agnew tant asset" to the ad- n, with a significant in both the party and ry. He praised Mr. being "absolutely loyal" ixon, but his remarks im to keep alive the that Mr. Nixon may a new No. 2 man in

nse to another ques- Mitchell said he could ee the circumstances" d make Secretary of ry John B. Connally, a ocrat, Mr. Nixon's run- "But," he added, exist."

o Request Yet

chell, who has been nored as planning to as attorney general to ommand of Mr. Nixon's campaign later this he had had no request from the President.

reely discussed all the estions reporters could over breakfast, taking tic view of Mr. Nixon's and minimizing the to him in either the or general election. ning out of the lowest s administration," Mr. aid of the President, oesn't have any place up."

other hand, Mr. Mit- he foresees serious for the Democrats in n a candidate and "One way or another," ed, "there's going to va lot of people going that convention awful

rney general said he the Vietnam war to s a political issue, sug- at a residual force of 50,000 Americans at ne would "not be very all" in its consequences sident.

ad that many or more he said, "and nobody worry. I think what ry about are casualties life."

isses McCloskey

hell also declared that N. (Pete) McCloskey of who is threatening to Mr. Nixon on an anti- m in next spring's pri- as no place to go" IP.

characters get some nd get some dough beral Democrats in New become impressed with potential, Mr. Mitchell

e added, "the Republ- is basically conserva- u can't get the Republ- to listen to a Nelson , you are not going to listen to a Pete Mc-

rney general dismiss- uggestion that newly d 18-to-21-year-olds a threat to Mr. Nix- es next year, either in the primaries or the general election.

"You have to look at them as a total group," he said, "not just the screaming-meemies on the college campuses running around making noise."

Mr. Mitchell said he thought the young voters would follow the pattern of their elders, claiming that Sen. William E. Brock 3d, R., Tenn., a conservative, had enlisted more young people in his campaign than his liberal rival, ex-Sen. Albert Gore, the Democratic loser.

The attorney general also defended the administration's record on civil rights enforcement against criticisms lodged earlier this week by the U.S. Civil Rights Commission.

Mr. Mitchell said he had not read the commission's report, but he asserted that the Justice Department under his direction had been "head and shoulders above" any previous administration in its civil rights work.

He said that was true of the voting-rights field, where he was recently criticized by a federal court for failing to exercise his responsibilities in supervising election law changes in Mississippi. Mr. Mitchell said the evaluation of such laws' effects on voting rights should have been left to the courts, as the administration recommended.

"I can't decide that, sitting in Washington, with my crystal ball," he said.

Metalworkers Stage Short Strikes in France

PARIS, May 14 (UPI).—French trade unions today staged a nationwide wave of short strikes and street marches in the metallurgical industry to press their demands for better wages, shorter hours and retirement at age 60.

The movement among the industry's 2.5 million employees was also construed as backing workers in the Renault nationalized automobile company embroiled in a 12-day labor conflict which has halted the firm's daily production of 3,500 vehicles. Renault's president, Pierre Dreyfus, warned today that if the strike continued much longer, the firm might not recover and dismissals might follow.

The work halts in the metallurgical industry today marked a sharp worsening of the atmosphere on the French labor front, which has been relatively quiet since the paralyzing strikes and riots in the spring of 1968.

The Communist-dominated General Labor Confederation, France's largest union, and the second-ranking French Confederation of Democratic Workers, which closely cooperates with extreme leftist political factions, ordered today's walkouts.

19 Hurt as Blacks Riot in Baltimore

BALTIMORE, May 14 (Reuters).—Gangs of black youths ran amok during Baltimore's traditional flower market charity sale Wednesday for the second year running. Police said 19 people were injured in street fighting.

More than 500 police moved in to disperse about 5,000 youths who invaded the open-air charity sale of flowers and candy. At least 140 people were arrested.

Two Were Disqualified Earlier

Judge Named in Angela Davis Case

By Philip Hager

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—A new judge was appointed here yesterday to hear pre-trial proceedings in the Angela Davis case.

Superior Court Judge Richard E. Arnason of Contra Costa County, California, was assigned to the case by Chief Justice Donald R. Wright of the California Supreme Court in his capacity as chairman of the California Judicial Council.

Judge Arnason, 49, is the third judge appointed from outside California's Marin County to hear the proceedings in which Miss Davis and Ruchell Magee, an inmate of California's San Quentin Prison, are accused of murder, kidnapping and conspiracy in the Marin Civic Center shooting last August.

Earlier, the five Marin Superior Court judges had indicated that they would not hear the case because of a close association with Judge Harold J. Haley, one of four persons killed in the incident.

The first judge appointed, Superior Court Judge William P. McMurray of Inyo County, California, disqualified himself for cause on March 17, at Magee's request. The second judge, Alameda, Calif., Superior Court Judge Alan A. Lindsay, was forced to disqualify himself when Magee exercised a peremptory challenge last Monday.

Under California law, defendants may challenge judges for cause, but must provide proof of bias and prejudice. They are also entitled to exercise a single peremptory challenge, for which no proof is required.

As he withdrew from the case, Judge Lindsay denied that he was prejudiced and indicated that the statute left him no way to reject the peremptory challenge. "...The judge is the only person in this courtroom who without due process of law can be deprived of the privilege of establishing the falsity of such charge," Judge Lindsay said.

Judge Arnason was appointed to the California Superior Court by Gov. Edmund G. Brown in October, 1963. Before then, he practiced law in California's Alameda and Contra Costa Counties.

The judge also has served on the California Bar Association's board of governors.

© Los Angeles Times

Two War Foes Indicted for D.C. Protests

By Bart Barnes

WASHINGTON, May 14 (WP).—Grand juries in Washington returned indictments yesterday against two persons in connection with last week's anti-war protests as Attorney General John N. Mitchell predicted additional indictments would follow.

Indicted yesterday were Yippie leader Abbie Hoffman, who was accused of promoting and carrying out a riot, and Bradford Lyttle jr., a coordinator of the People's Coalition for Peace and Justice, who was charged on various assault counts.

At a breakfast meeting with newsmen, Mr. Mitchell declared "a lot of these people (the demonstration organizers) are going to be pretty busy in court the next few months."

"The grand jury sitting here will undoubtedly come up with more information that will lead to indictments of more defendants," the attorney general said.

Mr Mitchell also said the May-day Collective that organized last week's demonstrations, which were marked by large-scale civil disobedience and mass arrests, "was not very collective—in the last days it was breaking apart."

But only a few hours after Mr. Mitchell spoke, a group of anti-war leaders announced that demonstrators will be asked to return to Washington by June 1 for "an indefinite period" of further "large-scale nonviolent direct action and civil disobedience."

The indictments returned yesterday were the first of what is expected to be several charges against organizers of the anti-war protests here.

In U.S. District Court, a federal grand jury indicted Mr. Hoffman on charges of interstate travel "with intent to organize, promote, encourage, participate in and carry on a riot" and on charges of interfering with a policeman during a civil disorder. Each charge is punishable by a maximum prison term of five years and a fine of $10,000.

Mr. Hoffman was arrested on those charges May 5 in New York and has since been free on bond. He is also free pending appeal of his conviction of violating federal anti-riot laws. That conviction stems from disorders during the 1968 Democratic National Convention in Chicago.

U.S. Army Asks Promotion Of Three Blacks to General

By Dana Adams Schmidt

WASHINGTON, May 14 (NYT).—The Army recommended three black colonels for promotion to the rank of brigadier general yesterday. They were among 80 promotions to one-star rank that have been approved by President Nixon and now go to the Senate for confirmation.

The nominations would bring to four the number of Negro flag officers in the Army. The Air Force has one black general and the Navy has one black admiral.

Judge L. Howard Bennett, Pentagon director for equal opportunity, said that the appointments would go far toward relieving the Army of the charge of "tokenism."

The blacks selected for one-star rank are the following:

● Oliver W. Dillard, 44, of Margaret, Ala., a senior province adviser in the U.S. Military Assistance Command in South Vietnam. He has a master of science degree in international affairs from George Washington University. Before he went to South Vietnam, he was a training brigade commander at Fort Dix, N.J. He holds the Silver and Bronze Stars for bravery.

● James F. Hamlet, 49, of Alliance, Ohio, commander of the 1st Cavalry's 11th Aviation Group in South Vietnam. He is an expert in helicopter warfare.

● Roscoe C. Cartwright, 49, of Kansas City, now in the office of the assistant chief of staff for force development at the Pentagon. He served as commanding officer of a field artillery division in Europe in 1962-63 and as commanding officer of the 108th Artillery Group in Vietnam between 1967 and 1970. He holds a master's degree in business administration from the University of Missouri.

Announced by Negro

The promotions were announced by Brig. Gen. Daniel James, the only Negro general in the Air Force, who is attached to the Pentagon's Information Office.

The Navy's Negro flag officer, Adm. Samuel L. Gravely, who last month became the first black admiral in U.S. history, has been assigned to the Pentagon as chief of naval communications. At present, he is in command of the guided missile frigate Jouett in the Pacific.

The present Army Negro flag officer is Maj. Gen. Frederic E. Davison, now in the office of personnel at the Department of the Army headquarters.

By naming three black brigadier generals the Army continued a tradition begun in 1940 when it broke the color line with the appointment of the first Negro flag officer, Benjamin O. Davis. Gen. Davis died last year.

His son, Benjamin O. Davis jr., became the second such officer. He is now in charge of a federal program to control airline hijackings and has the rank of lieutenant general (retired).

Two more blacks who will soon attain the rank of general are C.C. Bryant of the District of Columbia National Guard, and Benjamin L. Hunton of the U.S. Army Reserve. Their nominations have not yet been confirmed.

Old Rape Charge Against Peron Is Ruled Void

BUENOS AIRES, May 14 (AP).—A court ruled yesterday that a charge of statutory rape against Juan D. Peron is null and void, clearing one of the last major legal obstacles to the return of the former president from exile in Madrid.

It was considered doubtful, however, that Mr. Peron would want to return to Argentina now. Most observers feel he is most interested in clearing his name.

Mr. Peron, 75, was charged with rape as a result of his having lived with a 13-year-old girl, Nelly Rivas, during 1954 and 1955. Statutory rape applies in the case of minors under the age of 18.

Mr. Peron was ousted in a military coup in 1955 and has lived abroad ever since. Nelly Rivas has since married and lives in Buenos Aires.

Judge Oscar Hermelo ruled in response to an appeal by Mr. Peron's attorney that the statute of limitations had expired and the charge against Mr. Peron was void.

Militant Jews Join Forces With Italian-American Group

By Morris Kaplan

NEW YORK, May 14 (NYT).—Joseph A. Colombo sr., a reputed underworld figure who founded the Italian-American Civil Rights League, and Rabbi Meir Kahane, militant leader of the Jewish Defense League, joined forces yesterday to fight what they called harassment by the federal government.

They pledged themselves to this cause soon after the 38-year-old rabbi was freed on $25,000 bail in federal court in Brooklyn on indictments charging that he had conspired to transport weapons and explosives across state lines.

The Brooklyn courtroom, crowded with more than 100 spectators, more than half of whom were Jewish Defense League members, was quiet during the arraignment proceedings.

Most eyes turned toward Mr. Colombo and his son Jospeh jr., who appeared with a few of their own league members.

'Man of God'

"Rabbi Kahane is a man of God, and his cause is just," the elder Colombo remarked as he walked out of the courtroom. At a joint news conference with the rabbi shortly afterward, he explained his alliance saying that the rabbi was "fighting for his people in Russia and we're fighting for our people here."

Rabbi Kahane, terming the charges against him and his associates "obviously false"—said he would welcome such support. In turn, he promised his support of the Italian-American Civil Rights League.

"We would picket the offices of the FBI," he said, "if Mr. Colombo asks our help," Rabbi Kahane said.

He called his arrest part of a campaign of harassment against the Jewish Defense League to dampen its militancy "by taking us off the streets. We most certainly will ask him (Mr. Colombo) for his support," the rabbi said.

Not a Philosopher

Asked to discuss the "philosophy" of the alliance between the Jewish Defense League and the Italian-American Civil Rights League, he replied: "I'm not a philosopher. This morning I am a defendant."

"What about the theological implications?" he was asked.

"It's human brotherhood," Rabbi Kahane responded. "People of other faiths and backgrounds have come to help. It's the kind of thing which, had it been blacks helping Jews, it would have drawn raves. The Italians are no worse than the blacks."

Mr. Colombo complained that the government was "harassing" his organization, using "provocateurs" and "framed charges." "Conspiracy is synonymous with frame," he asserted.

E. Germany Names Chief Deputy Premier

BERLIN, May 14 (AP).—Horst Sindermann, 55, has been named as first deputy to East German Premier Willi Stoph, the official news agency ADN said today.

Observers saw the move as implemented by Erich Honecker, who recently succeeded Walter Ulbricht as first secretary of the Communist party. Mr. Sindermann succeeds Alfred Neumann, 61.

Mr. Sindermann is considered one of the top economic experts in the party-controlling Politburo and a Honecker man. Mr. Stoph had been rated as a potential rival to Mr. Honecker for the party first secretary's job.

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THE ART MARKET

When Only the Dealers Are Bidding

By Souren Melikian

PARIS, May 14.—The last stronghold of old-fashioned auctioning is probably France. In Great Britain, the streamlining of the salesrooms has resulted in the virtual elimination of the kind of mixed sale where you will find almost everything, including the kitchen sink. Sotheby's and Christie's hold only specialized sales in which the items belong to well-defined categories. There is always a catalogue, however summary, which provides the customer with a description of objects.

Not so in Paris, where there are still many mixed sales with no catalogues and no advance advertising except perhaps an occasional announcement in the press a day or two before.

Experts

Philippe Bondu conducted such an auction Wednesday at the Hôtel Drouot. The room was filled with Flea Market dealers and junk store owners. The lots were not numbered and came up for sale in a haphazard way. Strangely enough, however, there were experts—Marcel Lecomte for prints and Gérard de Fommervault for old silver. Both of them are well-known in the art market. The contrast between their presence, which lent the sale a measure of dignity, and the apparent sloppiness of the proceedings is typical of such sales.

The auction began with prints. The first lot of any significance was a set of four colored engravings by J.F. Herring, framed in pitch pine. The subject matter, fox hunting, so dear to the English, has come to be a favorite in the French salesrooms but French interest in the subject scarcely matches the English passion. The four prints (about 80 by 50 centimeters each) made 2,550 francs—roughly about half what they would have sold for in England.

Posters

Without any transition, a group of posters suddenly appeared for sale. There were a few of Art Nouveau persuasion and some modern ones of a vastly different inspiration. None made a high price. Dealers were not in the mood for the posters so eagerly sought after by interior decorators. Even the glamorous name of Toulouse-Lautrec couldn't rouse them. An original "Jane Avril" print, in a somewhat dilapidated condition, offered at 600 francs was knocked down at only 870 francs. The print part of the sale came to an end with two delightful graphics of the Napoleon I period showing women dancing and done in subtle shades of light gray. The unenthusiastic price offered by the winning bidder was 46 francs (my personal estimate had been 200 francs).

Then came old silver and jewelry. "An old purse, gilt silver, 25 grams," the auctioneer announced. The charming, late 19th-century lady's purse was passed around on a tray by a clerk. It made 36 francs. Rings, chains, necklaces followed, never referred to except in terms of weight.

Small Brawl

The room was buzzing with private conversations among dealers. In the overheated atmosphere, a little brawl, typical of the Hôtel Drouot, interrupted the humdrum proceedings.

"Would you please stop talking," Mr. Bondu thundered suddenly, directing himself to two men, collar buttons undone and ties comfortably loosened, standing at the back of the room. "Get out!" the auctioneer's assistant shouted in his turn, rather unconvincingly. The two men winked at a chum of theirs, and made some apologetic gesture in the auctioneer's direction.

The sale jogged on . . . 40 francs, 50, 60, 65, 70 . . .

"Yours, sir," the auctioneer sternly informed a dealer sitting in a corner and engaged in an animated discussion. "No, I dropped out at 65." "No," Mr. Bondu yelled back, "it's yours. Your chatting is better than your bidding." "Okay, 70 francs, to please you." Bang went the hammer. The auctioneer and bidder both looked very pleased with themselves.

A few more lots and then, all of a sudden, one could hear the silver expert, Mr. de Fommervault, calling out. "An important brooch, inlaid with diamonds and a few rose diamonds: 20,000 francs is bid." It was knocked down at 46,220 francs. The "brooch," in fact, was a splendid spray pin, in its original box, made about 1880 by Mellerio, the Rue de la Paix jeweler. According to one of the leading dealers in Paris, few pieces of comparable importance have been offered in Paris in recent months. It was sold within 50 seconds.

The next lot was laid down on the block for 100 francs and fetched little more. No one in the room looked surprised at the contrast. This disparity in quality, not to speak of prices, is not at all unusual at such mixed sales.

Another Sale

While all this may be colorful, it would be unthinkable in England. Such sales are extremely useful, however, to anyone who wants to get a fair idea of day-to-day market trends. The attendance at such sales consists exclusively of dealers who will not allow themselves to be carried away by such enthusiasms as might move collectors. Dealers pay what they feel is the right price. Apparently, they now feel they must pay lower prices.

Another mixed sale of a much higher order, held the same day by Etienne Ader, confirms this trend. This was the third in a series of three sales of the belongings of the Duc de Nemours's successors (IHT, March 20-21). Prices for objets d'art were irregular but on the whole definitely on the weak side. A very lovely pair of tripod incense burners in Sèvres white porcelain, heightened with gilt, bore the date 1842. This flawless pair was quite a rarity and 1,735 francs was not a very high price. Immediately afterward, a magnificent 16th-century plate from Urbino (Lot 54) made 6,960 francs. It could easily have fetched twice as much in view of its quality. A fluted cylindrical vase, with flowers (Lot 56) by Emile Gallé barely rose to 1,276 francs, a small sum for a vase from the artist's early period.

It will be interesting to watch the glamorous, specialised sales scheduled here in Paris in the next few weeks. Among them will be the auction of the splendid silver and modern graphics collection owned by the late Mr. David-Weill. It will be sold jointly by the Ader-Picard and Rheims-Laurin teams.

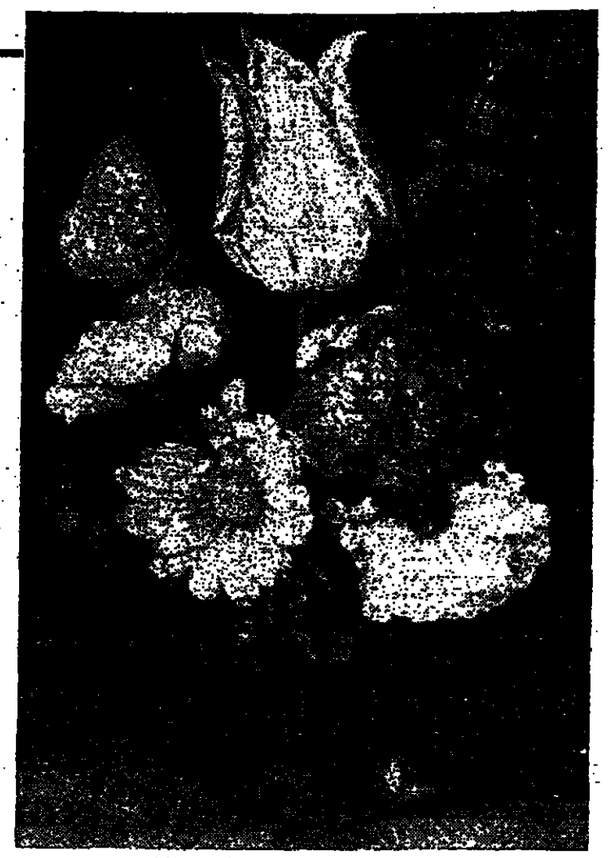
This sale and others like it will tell whether the present weakness of the market is passing or whether this is a new, long-term trend setting in, as was often the case before World War II, in a time of monetary unrest.

* * *

The Mildred C. Esty Robert Burns collection of original manuscripts, letters and memorabilia will be auctioned at Christie's in London on Wednesday. The collection is a major Burns source. It includes a good many of his love letters to "Clarinda" (Mrs. McLehose).

* * *

The first important sale of old masters since Easter was held today at Christie's in London. Several important pictures were included in the sale. "The Virgin and Child Enthroned" by the Flemish Master of the Embroidered Leaf, from Bruges, was bought for £23,100 by the City of Bruges. One of Ambrosius Bosschaert's finest studies of flowers, painted on copper (16.5 by 11.4 centimeters) fetched the stunning price of £17,850. In contrast, a superb picture of "The Madonna and Child" by Adriaen Isenbrandt (43.2 by 31.8 centimeters) on a panel came up for sale accompanied by a certificate of the most famous of all experts, Dr. M. J. Friedländer, who had discussed the painting in one of his books. It had to be bought in. This is one more instance of the irregularity in prices that seems to characterize auctions in London and Paris alike.



This flower study by Ambrosius Bosschaert, painted on copper, sold at Christie's yesterday for £17,850.

Watercolors by John F. Kennedy Will Be Exhibited in Boston

BOSTON, May 14 (AP).—Watercolor paintings by the late U.S. President John F. Kennedy will go on public display for the first time May 24 at the Institute of Contemporary Art.

One painting shows a deserted Paris street, in muted, light colors. Another shows the skyline of a city on the French Riviera as viewed from the sea. Its colors are dull, with the exception of a rich blue to depict the Mediterranean.

The exhibit is for the benefit of the John F. Kennedy Library. It also will include paintings by several other members of the Kennedy family.

The late President painted briefly in the mid-1950s while recovering from a back injury. He concluded he had no talent, and gave up.

Around The Paris Galleries

Picasso, Galerie Louise L 47 Rue de Monceau, Par to June 5.

Nearly 200 drawings done Picasso during the prece year demonstrate that the Proteus is still enormously ac They do not, however, have n content and tend to be re tious in spirit but never in form.

* * *

Alan Shields, Galerie Sonnal 12 Rue Mazarine, Paris t May 25.

A fresh, free-spirited and p tapestry (actually a pa cloth), with random geom forms and splatter marks. A ing variations using ribbon painted cloth and beads to a net and other such mat adds up to an exhibition th light and friendly.

* * *

George Segal, Galerie Da Speyer, 6 Rue Jacques-C Paris 6, to June 25.

Three plaster groups by A ican pop veteran George S have a certain facile and vag portentousness about them drunk lies on the ground a man leans up against a and looks at him indiffer Two girls sit on a bed and one another. A couple of walk along a street lined strip joints. Some fragmen nude figures have a gra charm, partly through the ar reminiscences they awaken.

* * *

Joaquin Ferrer, Galerie le Cardinal, 3 Rue Jacob, Pa to June 30.

Joaquin Ferrer's straight seem to snap into a curve strain to snap back into original direction again. define elegantly balanced of cool color. Crisp and ligent.

* * *

L'Estampe de Goya à La Le Nouvel Essor, 40 Rue Saints-Pères, Paris 7, to J

A good selection of prin 45 artists including Br Cézanne, Corot, Daumier, T Ensor, Goya, Jonkind and Zorn.

MICHAEL GIBS

German, Czech Organists Win Competition

PRAGUE, May 14 (AP).—F Krapp of West Germany Kamila Klugarova of Cz slovakia were awarded s prizes at the 23d internat organ competition, a part o 1971 Prague spring music tival.

No first prize was award the jury, the Czechoslovak agency CTK said. The prize went to Charles Rober bow of the United States Vladimir Ruso of Czechoslo

Stendhal Documen Destroyed in Fire

GRENOBLE, France, Ma (Reuters). — Several pr documents and rare book 19th-century French Stendhal were destroyed in at the home of a Grenoble fessor early today, police r ed.

The documents and books from the private library of Victor de Lito who has doing research on Stendh more than 30 years.

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...t in Cologne

...omanticism In Germany

By Barbara C. Benys

...LOGNE.—To think of paint-...ng in the 19th century is to ... of France. It took an ...rican, the art historian ...it S. Champa, to put togeth-... show of "German Painting ...e 19th Century" from Ger-... museums and send it on a ... month tour of the United ...s. Reportedly, it was the ... such exhibition there. Now ... es come back to Cologne.

...ese German artists influence-... British and American painters. ... they are neglected by the ...ral public in their own coun-... and elsewhere—for this is ... the third such show on the ...ment.

...the 19th century, a new gen-...ion defied the rules and tra-...ns of the German past. ...upp Otto Runge's allegory ...rning" (1803-1810) stands as ...mbol of this generation and ... reminder that the viewer ...ld do well to shed his preju-...s and look at 19th-century ...man painting with fresh eyes. ...e exhibition leaves little ...t: The Romantic age was ... a smooth and easy-going ...h where happy people did ...ing but enjoy nature or, from ... to time, a nice little war. ...chronology of historic events ...he entrance reminds one that ... was an era of social and ...ical upheaval and turmoil. ...re was the problem of na-...al unity and the lost revolu-... of 1848. A tremendous in-...rial and economic explosion ... place.

The Gap

...hile the Romantic generation ...looking for a paradise on ...h, most of them knew it was ... at hand. The gap between ...m and reality filled their lives ... paintings with a deep melan-...ly.

...ome artists fled to Italy, ...ong them Joseph Anton Koch ...68-1839) and Friedrich Over-...k (1789-1869). Others escap-...into Germany's past and the ...dle Ages. With their Gothic ...s, their wild seas and dark ...ods, they created an image ... labeled "German."

...Gaspar David Friedrich (1774-...0) is the greatest of the Ro-...ntic painters and five of his ...t works are to be seen in ...logne. As did many of his ...istic contemporaries, Friedrich ...bes his landscapes in an un-...l twilight and explores the ...erent shades of pink, gray ... blue for his skies. In "Morn-...Light," a tall, fragile woman, ... to the viewer, faces a land-...e just before the sunrise. Her ...s slightly lifted, she seems ...nystical communion with na-...e.

...Majestic oaks are an ever-re-...ning motif in Friedrich's ...tings. So is the moon, the ...t of which brings contours ... sharper contrast with the ... In the peace of the night, ...ple are watching and ex-...encing God in nature. And ...this is done in a superb tech-...ue that leaves no detail un-...ced.

Other Themes

...he artists did not only have ...ye for nature; they also liked ...itecture and tried to make it



"Boat Trip on the Elbe, Near Dresden," by Carl Gustav Carus, painted in 1827.
Rheinisches Bildarchiv.

part of the landscape. Often, the exact silhouette of some town will appear in the background. This, too, was a time for portraits, some of the most delicate and intense ones are by Friedrich Wasmann (1805-1886).

One of the most fascinating aspects of this exhibition is the discovery, or rediscovery, of how much our century and our art owe to the 1800s. Justified or not, looking at Arnold Böcklin's "Birth of Venus" (1868-1869), rising out of a pale blue sea in a purely ornamental pose, one cannot help thinking of Art Nouveau.

In an almost surrealistic painting, "The Granite Dish in the Pleasure Garden" (circa 1832) by Johann Hummel, strangely naive-looking people stand on their heads on a huge granite bowl, erected in a Berlin garden. And long before Monet, Adolph von Menzel caught all the elements of impressionism in the "Balcony Room" (1845). With soft strokes, he created a room full of sunshine while a curtain blows softly in the wind.

There is a good selection of paintings by the great German impressionist Max Liebermann (1847-1935) in the exhibition. The nervous, but strong strokes of Lovis Corinth (1858-1925) and Max Slevogt (1868-1932) build a visible bridge into the expressionism of a new century.

For the romantic, the irresistible counterpart of love was death. The unreal twilight and the white moon were symbols of another world. Earthly desires had no place. True love found its absolute perfection in Death. Ludwig Schnorr von Carolsfeld caught this mood in a moving and masterfully painted work, "Leap" (1833). While a furious knight watches, two lovers float slowly down from a cliff, embracing each other, not in desperation, but in conviction of paradise to come. The girl's extremely white dress, with brilliant blue top, and the happy expressions on both faces leave no doubt—this is the victory of good over evil.

"German Painting in the 19th Century," open daily 10 a.m. to 8 p.m., Monday and Friday to 10 p.m., Kunsthalle Cologne, Germany, to June 13.

* * *

Other art exhibitions in Cologne include:

Bauer, Galerie Gmurzynska-Barger, 74-76 Mauritiussteinweg, 5 Cologne 1, to June 30.

His name is missing in most art history books. Rudolf Bauer (1889-1953) was a close friend of Kandinsky's and a great artist in his own right, though most of his work is similar to that of his friend. But who influenced whom? Between 1910 and 1915, Bauer's abstract paintings are full of wild expressionistic colors and forms that, in the 1930s, turn into cool geometric compositions. He fled to the United States in 1937, signed two contracts with Solomon R. Guggenheim and influenced him to buy Kandinsky's paintings. Bauer was dissatisfied with the financial arrangements he had with Guggenheim and some very personal quarrels developed between the two families. The result was that the embittered artist gave up painting. His main work is still deposited with the Guggenheim Foundation. His widow is fighting to establish Bauer's place in the art world. This exhibition is a rare chance to see his work.

Segal, Onnasch Galerie, 18 Lindenstrasse, 5 Cologne 1, to June 30.

Today George Segal's sturdy white "people" seem like old friends even if they have lost their former freshness. In this show, the single ones are more convincing than the others. While "Artist in His Studio" (1968) looks rather uncreative, "Man Leaning on a Car Door" (1964) and "The Laundromat" (1966-67) combine Segal's excellent feeling for material and his sense of precision.

Jochims, Galerie Wilbrand, 20 Lindenstrasse, 5 Cologne 1, through May.

Reimer Jochims wants to transform the world visually. This goal sets apart his chromatic paintings—"a non-contradictory system of picture-types." At first glance, his horizontal and vertical bands of color evoke emptiness. Then, they suddenly open into a new space and transfer a unique dimensional feeling. Jochim's masterly pictures truly have their own identity and show the way to meditation.

Price, Galerie Neuendorf, 20 Lindenstrasse, 5 Cologne 1, through May.

Kenneth Price's sculpture is singular. On a high pillar stands something like a deformed egg, small in size, with a smooth but aggressively colored surface. There is a small aperture, painted in contrasting colors. But the inside is a mystery. Luxury, decadence, eroticism and aloofness come to mind. These perfect and mean-looking objects seem to come out of a horror world. With his surrealistic morphology, Price adds a new dimension to art.

Tapies, Galerie Dreiseitel, 35 Richmodstrasse, 5 Cologne 1, through May.

The graphics on view here, done between 1954 and 1970, reveal a broad talent. Antonio Tapies is not easy. In his own words, his nervous black lines and strokes are "to remind man who he really is; to give him a subject for meditation; to create a shock that makes him escape the illusion of falsification. That's what I want to achieve with my work."

LONDON THEATER

Shakespeare Out of Context at Old Vic

By John Walker

'It isn't the dirtiest show in town . . . it's just the worst.'

LONDON, May 14.—The National Theatre's production of Shakespeare's "Coriolanus" at the Old Vic is a disappointment, a strange, botched affair. Rumors of difficulties began circulating when Christopher Plummer left after a few rehearsals and was replaced in the title role by Anthony Hopkins. One tale, since denied, was that the two German directors, Joachim Tenschert and Manfred Wekwerth, had come to London expecting to stage the English-language equivalent of the Berliner Ensemble's version by Brecht which played at the Old Vic six years ago.

Although it sticks to Shakespeare, the production still leans heavily on the Berliner Ensemble. The curtain rises on Karel von Appen's massive white Roman archway that reverses to become the black wooden stockade of the Volscians. The emphasis of the play is still on the plebs, with Coriolanus appearing as a sort of embryo fascist, given to strutting stiffly about the stage as he grows contemptuous of the mob. But, since this interpretation runs counter to the actual text, there has been a certain mangling of Shakespeare's lines.

The greatest loss comes in the battle scenes, which were stylized rituals of great force in the Berliner Ensemble's treatment. The British actors transform them into heavy, clumsy, and even ludicrous spectacles as the soldiers clash shields in slow motion. The evening is greatly lengthened, too, by a curtain that swishes across between every scene, accompanied by loud rattles as the scenery is shoved about.

Anthony Hopkins, playing his third major role of the season, mars what should have been an impressive, sullenly brutal performance by being unintelligible a great deal of the time. When he rants, which he does often, his words blur into a meaningless scream. He and the production are best in the scene where he begs the support of the common people. He paces between the groups like an impatient cat, his vacillations and sudden solicitings emphasized by the revolving stage, until he can take no more humiliation and roars out with angry pride.

Performances

Denis Quilley gives a strong performance as Aufidius and John Moffat scores as a whimsical and pedantic Menenius. Among the minor roles, Maggie Riley provides some welcome comic relief as an empty-headed gossip. But the play has lost most of its power, forced into the Brechtian mold of being concerned with "the great man's belief in his own indispensability."

The great confrontation scene between Coriolanus and his mother (Constance Cummings) goes for nothing. The directors have narrowed the scope of the play with a single-minded insistence that Shakespeare was writing about a class struggle. But his political concern was with an entirely different social conflict, a moral dilemma over an individual's responsibility to society. Shakespeare, after all, was an unashamed bourgeois and it is perverse of the National, despite an understandable enthusiasm for the Berliner Ensemble, to pretend otherwise.

Tom Eyen's Off-Broadway success "The Dirtiest Show in Town," at the Duchess Theatre, is banned to the under-18s despite the fact that it is an excessively juvenile show. It provides a voyeur's holiday for those peeping toms who have spent a happy afternoon in London's Hyde Park.

Otherwise, it's less an entertainment than a gymnastic display, with pauses for bursts of four-letter words, by a lively-looking, endlessly energetic troupe of young men and women, who keep smiling even when they get entangled in their trousers for the climax of the evening, an unimaginative simulated mass-copulation by five naked couples. The physical jerks quickly pall and there is nothing else on show. Mr. Eyen displays a notable paucity of wit and an underdeveloped verbal invention on such fashionable topics as New York and . . . well, there were other matters but my mind became quickly numbed and all that remains is a faint echo of banality.

There is a moment's amusement from Peggy Ledger as a fat old fairy and failed movie queen. But most of the talking is done by a thin, young fairy played by Jeffrey Herman, and it is impossible to share his conviction that he is funny. It isn't, of course, "the dirtiest show in town." The only superlative it rates is "the worst." It does the dirt on sex, not by a display of obscenity—there's nothing so positive—but by removing any passion or erotic feeling, by deodorizing it, reducing it to a tastefully unwrapped, hygienic function, sanitized for their protection. It is the sort of show that gives "Oh! Calcutta!" a good name.

Other recent openings:

"The Chalk Garden," by Enid Bagnold, at the Haymarket. A revival after 15 years, with Gladys Cooper in the role she created on Broadway, as a grandmother who can make neither flowers nor her granddaughter bloom. There's a grave, moving performance by Joan Greenwood and a comic turn from Peter Bayliss, but the play remains elaborately dead, even if laid out with style.

"A New Communion for Freaks, Prophets, and Witches," by Holocaust, at The Open Space. Holocaust is an all-woman group, using experimental techniques to express anguish over their situation in a male-dominated world. A therapeutic performance for the group rather than the audience.

"Little Malcolm and His Struggle Against the Eunuchs," by David Halliwell, in repertory at the Young Vic. A revival of one of the best modern British plays, overemphasizing the humor of a potent study of infantile fascism, fascism.

Entertainment in New York

NEW YORK, May 14.—This is how critics rated the new films and plays:

Plays

"Scratch," a play by Archibald MacLeish, suggested by Stephen Vincent Benet's short story "The Devil and Daniel Webster," opened at the St. James Theater, where it failed to please either of the critics who covered it. According to Clive Barnes in The New York Times: "It is a ponderous piece, pedestrianly written and raising pseudo-moral issues which it answers with a kind of chop-logic. And any serious philosophical points it may raise are lost in pretentiousness and an absurd symbolic framework in which man answers devil with, at the most, shady honesty." Associated Press critic William Glover put it plainly: "The attempt to fit philosophic abstraction into that story by Stephen Vincent Benet simply doesn't work."

Movies

"The Night Digger," directed by Alastair Reid, Roald Dahl's adaptation of the novel "Nest in a Falling Tree" by Joy Cowley, is a study of "understated tensions, vague psychopathic sexuality and somber moods," reports Vincent Canby in The Times, and proves "more polish than persuasive drama." Despite the contributions of Patricia Neal, Mr. Dahl, her scenarist-husband, Pamela Brown and a young newcomer, Nicholas Clay, Canby says, "The strain on credibility is a good deal more notable than the impact on the emotions."

"Blue Water, White Death," a documentary film about a shark chase, photographed by James Lipscomb, who co-directed with Peter Gimbel, got a favorable review from Vincent Canby. "Those of you who share my perhaps neurotic, weekend skindiver's fascination with sharks," he said, "will not, I think, be able to resist the quite jolly, sometimes awesome, new documentary movie."

"The Long Walk" and **"Subversion?"** two documentary films which make up a new program at the Whitney Museum—the former a 60-minute "recollection" of Navajo history by Phillip Greene, the latter, about the U.S. government's treatment of Japanese-Americans after Pearl Harbor—both have more "social interest" than "cinematic spectacle," according to Vincent Canby, and in both respects the Navajo movie is "by far the more interesting."

"Report From China," directed by Toshie Tokeida, with screenplay by Junpei Yoshihara, "is neither the first nor the best color documentary scanning the human regimentation of the vast Communist empire," Canby recorded, but a "good, revealing one."

"10 Rillington Place," directed by Richard Fleischer, with screenplay by Clive Exton, based on the murder case which eventually led to the abolition of the death penalty in Britain, "carries very little dramatic conviction," says to Timesman Clive Barnes, "and evokes hardly any emotion except the one relating to the barbarity of capital punishment"—not enough, in his opinion, "to sustain this sort of entertainment enterprise." John Hurt plays Timothy John Evans, a 25-year-old Welshman with the mind of a child, who was executed for the murder of his infant daughter Geraldine, and granted a posthumous pardon as a result of further inquiry. Richard Attenborough plays the mass murderer, John Reginald Christie, later believed to have been responsible for the child's death.

Art in Spain:

Erotic Painting On View in Madrid Gallery

Erotic Art in Spain, Galeria Vandrés, 26 Don Ramon de la Cruz, Madrid, to Sept. 11.

The directors of Galeria Vandrés are putting on what is reported to be the first exhibition of erotic art in Spain. Which leads to the question: "What is erotic art?" After seeing the paintings by the 91 artists the question remains. Some of the work is so outstanding that the last thing that enters the mind is its possible erotic content. Perhaps the artists felt so free, in preparing for this show, to express what they might normally try to conceal, that the result has been not vulgarity but an undeniable human factor in their work.

Jardiel's serpent-haired girl in a one-piece corset with the metallic gleam of a suit of armor holds a bloody dagger above a raw leg of lamb. Is she going to cut the meat or stab herself? The implications are endless and disturbing and the impact of the work tremendous.

Cuixart's slightly veiled surrealist torso is a delight. Here the questions gently haunt rather than hit. Tapies's sepia abstract may be erotic to some and not to others. Peinado's brilliance is as imaginative as ever in his kissed and leaf-strewn trousers in a strange world where buttons dance and things are not what they seem. Velasquez's "Infanta" has been wittily transformed into an "Infantae" by Claudio Bravo, all the more shocking for the beauty of the painting. The Guinovart is a gem; a female torso, garlanded with an elaborate Art Nouveau necklace, gently lifts a fig leaf. The composition, color and movement of Bartolozzi's work is visually so stimulating that interpretation becomes of secondary importance. Most amusing is a delicate drawing of fantastic people in a fantasy world by Ponç, and a naif wooden pastoral cut-out in which you place a nude female doll as you please to have a peeping tom spy on her.

There is sculpture too—an apparently innocent bronze fish by Medina; a pair of breasts being wrung out by Bordes; a separable male and female work by Serrano, rough on the outside, polished to gold inside; a sofa in the form of a foot by Nicola.

This exhibition is of major importance both for the liberty it represents and for the high quality of most of the work.

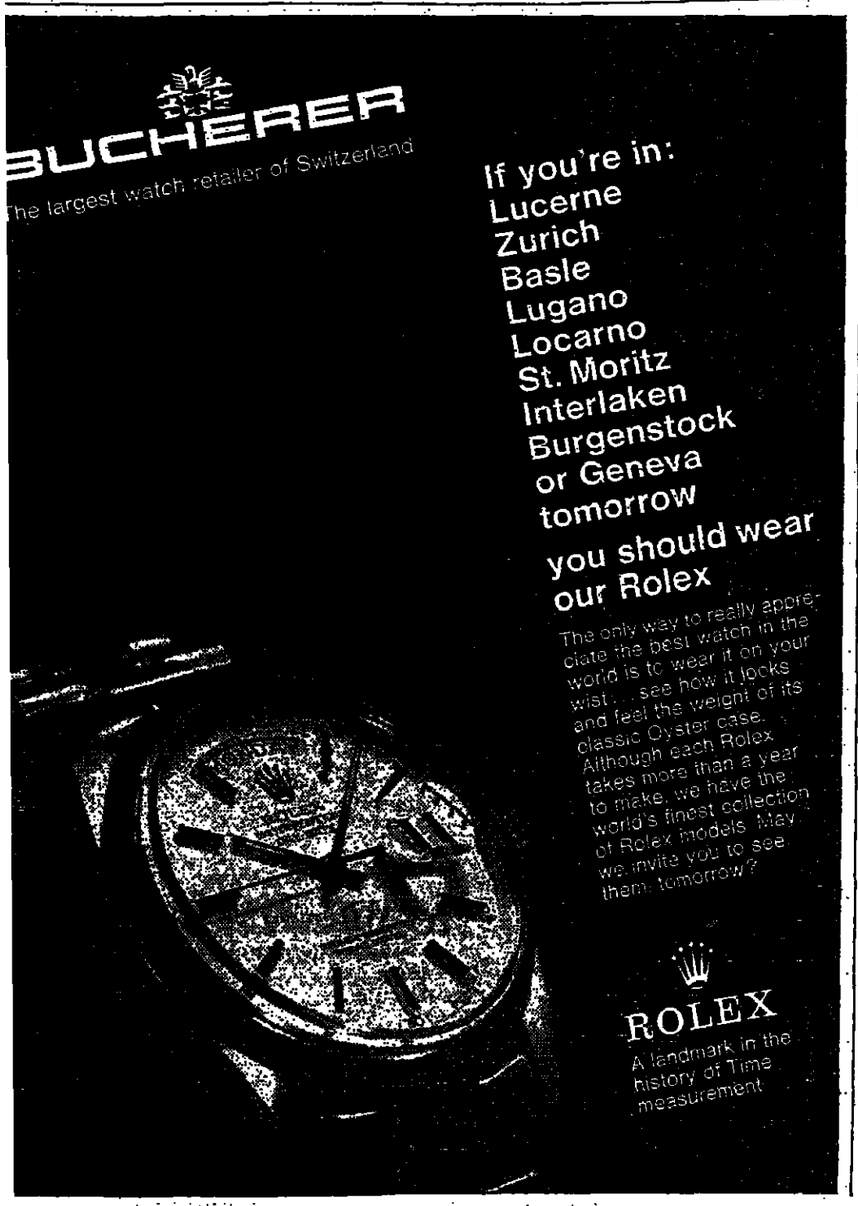
Muro, Galeria Sen, 37 Nuñes de Balboa, Madrid, to May 20.

At first glance Muro's work looks like pieces of maps torn roughly and suspended in mid-air. At second glance, they prove to be very interesting compositions which could be ideally incorporated into architecture, rather than a domestic setting. He uses a spray gun and electro set, many grays. There are a few brightly colored "pictures" of pieces of paper arranged in fantastic abandon, acrylics over acetate.

Claudio Bravo, Galeria Egam, 29 Villanueva, Madrid, through May.

Stones and hippies and Coca Cola bottles, are the subjects of Claudio Bravo's exhibition—but that is a very trite description of what you see. Imagine the draftsmanship and painting technique of Dali used to depict a few stones, but stones wet from the sea telling ageless stories; or the beauty of the male and female nude, back and front view drawn in conté and white chalk on gray paper with a poem by George Harrison neatly tucked away at the bottom. Expertise, certainly, but with an indefinable quality and unforgettable beauty.

—SHEILA ANNE DE BARRY.





INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 8— Saturday-Sunday, May 15-16, 1971 * *

Sunrise in Brussels

There is light at last at the end of the symbolic tunnel under the English Channel through which Britain, for ten years and despite two crushing setbacks, has been groping its way toward Europe. Hard bargaining remains; but a climactic breakthrough has just been achieved at Brussels. With luck the negotiation will be completed by July 1 and Britain will meet Prime Minister Heath's target of membership in the European Economic Community by Jan. 1, 1973.

Until this week the overriding question-mark remained France: Would President Pompidou at the showdown meet valid British requirements with flexibility and generosity? Or would he interpose the key obstacles that together could constitute as effective a blackball on Britain as those cast by General de Gaulle in 1963 and 1967?

Ironically, the only remaining question-mark of real importance now is Britain itself. Edward Heath is within striking distance of a dream he has nourished for Britain for 20 years. He may be able to cover the rest of the ground in his talks with Mr. Pompidou next week. He is within reach of terms for entry that Britain's staunchest backers in the Common Market—the Netherlands, West Germany, Italy—consider reasonable.

The prime minister probably has a built-in majority in the House of Commons for entry on those terms. But he also must confront the latest opinion poll, which shows 65 percent of the British opposed to joining the Community and only 20 percent in favor. In his own Tory ranks he must deal with the formidable fanatic, Enoch Powell, who is certain to wrap himself in the Union Jack and proclaim a sell-out of Britain's birthright.

Mr. Heath also confronts the uncomfortable fact that a majority of Labor members of Parliament have reverted to type in opposition and will fight entry on any terms, especially in the absence of any leadership from Harold Wilson, who has wavered considerably from the strong pro-Europe stance he had finally been persuaded to assume as prime minister.

Clearly Mr. Heath needs an emphatic majority in Parliament and a revival of support in the country to lead Britain across this watershed of its history. And clearly this will demand a higher order of political leadership than has been required of him during 11 months as prime minister. But that is really what this portentous matter has always been about.

No serious observer ever believed that Britain's third bid for Common Market membership could founder on differences over Commonweath sugar or New Zealand butter, important as these may be. What was required was the political will for Britain's entry—above all a political decision in London no less than in Paris. That remains the basic requirement.

The millennium will not have arrived with the crossing of the European Community threshold by Britain, followed by Ireland, Denmark and possibly Norway. Jean Monnet's dream of a United States of Europe—a dream shared by many Americans—will still be for the far future.

The initial costs of Common Market membership to Britain will be severe in respect both to the drain on its balance of payments and the price of food. An enlarged Community is bound to create problems as well as opportunities for the United States and other trading nations on the outside.

But if Brussels this week had been the scene of breakup rather than breakthrough—if Britain's third knock on the door had been rebuffed—the result would have been a catastrophic setback for Western unity.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The Mansfield Amendment: Why Not Vietnam?

The merits, the politics and the diplomacy of the Mansfield amendment to the draft-extension bill, which would compel the United States to halve its troop strength in Europe by Dec. 31, are three separate matters.

On the merits, the amendment is a disaster. The essence of alliance is to consult with one's allies about the common interest. To present them with a *fait accompli*, especially one of the Mansfield magnitude, would quite certainly cost the United States not only the confidence of its allies but also the respect of its adversaries. In particular, the prospects of negotiating troop reductions or political settlements in Europe with the Warsaw Pact would disintegrate. Important sums might be saved on the American defense budget and balance of payments. Far more important increments would be lost to Washington's world position and its word.

The politics of the Mansfield amendment seem to be that even though its sponsor may give way on details of number and date in order to get it through the Senate, the measure stands virtually no chance of clearing the House, and the President doubtless would employ a veto if any significant shred of it reached his desk. We have a certain sympathy for Senator Mansfield, who has tried patiently and politely for years to win successive Presidents over to his view, but this does not justify his use of a legislative bludgeon now. The very fact that he introduced his amendment, even though it may be watered down and finally defeated, will stretch taut the already strained relations between the White House and the Capitol and—without just cause—embarrass the President in his conduct of foreign affairs.

This is where the diplomacy of the amendment lies. There is nothing magic about the figure of 310,000 American men in Europe but it is spun of more than cotton candy. It reflects a NATO consensus on the military requirements of Western security and it also reflects a political guarantee of the American commitment to Europe. Any change from this figure must express more than a senator's irritation or the general weariness over Vietnam or an attack of balance-of-payments blues. Above all, any change must flow from an alliance decision.

We have never been sanguine about chances of getting Moscow to negotiate troops cuts, if only because of the large occupation role of Soviet troops in East Europe. This should not mean, however, that American troops are frozen in place until Moscow feels ready to trust its East European allies. Ideally, reduction or thin-out or redeployment would be mutual, but in practice it may be appropriate and safe simply for NATO to sit down and *as an alliance* explore again whether improvements in NATO firepower or mobility or changes in the nature of the Soviet threat may not permit certain agreed reductions, or whether the growing unity and strength of West Europe may now allow the Europeans themselves to take over a greater share of their own defense. The key words are, we repeat, *as an alliance*. Therein, the postwar years have shown, lies the true security of the West.

In fact, if Senator Mansfield and others feel an overwhelming urge to retrench and reduce American forces overseas, there is another far more appropriate place they might look: Vietnam. To summon home troops from one theater where they have helped keep the peace well for more than two decades, while shying from removing troops from a theater of costly and agonizing war, is lopsided and baffling. There looms in the Senate, beyond the Hatfield-McGovern tmendment, which would set a flat deadline for withdrawal from Vietnam, the Cooper-Church amendment, which would in effect require the President to set a deadline linked to Hanoi's release of American POWs. Why Europe, why not Vietnam?

THE WASHINGTON POST.

International Opinion

The Hard-Pressed Dollar

American investments, more and more important and numerous, are opposed to European economic integration. American influence is disintegrating Europe. The dollar standard, admitted in cowardice as a temporary necessity, is a real absurdity that offers a disintegrated Europe to U.S. domination. Who would dare to deny this now?

The French, indeed, made a weighty error when they refused the confidence which De Gaulle asked them for in the referendum, because De Gaulle saw things clearly, especially in monetary matters. It is liberty that the present monetary crisis imperils. . .

The little Europe of the Six now appears as what it has probably always been: a smokescreen that barely conceals the acts of brigandage of American imperialism, of which the people of the United States, in the majority, are not at all aware. A sad era!

—*From Combat (Paris).*

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

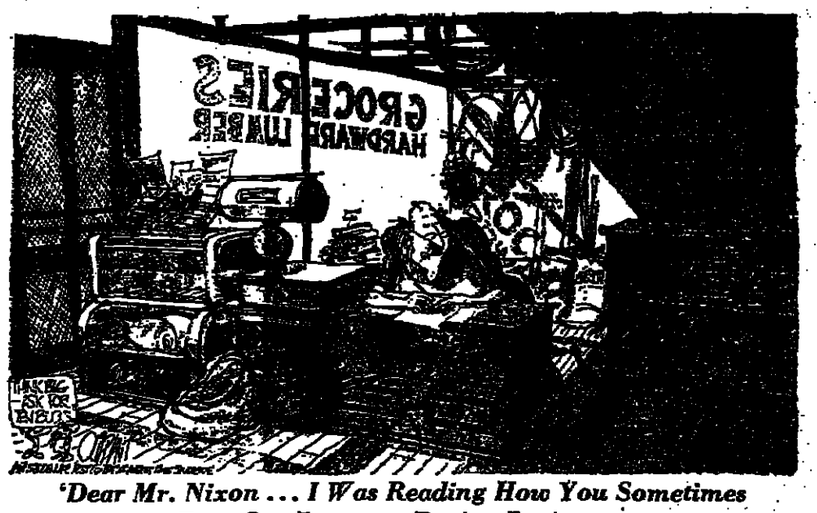
May 15, 1896

PARIS—A disturbance was caused yesterday afternoon by a band of students marching through Paris on their way from Montmartre to the Latin Quarter. The police attempted to stop them in the Rue Caumartin, and a serious fight ensued, in the course of which four students were arrested. Another fight took place in the Rue de Provence between police and students, the students wishing to obtain admittance to the police station where their comrades had been taken.

Fifty Years Ago

May 15, 1921

NEW YORK—With impressive ceremony, Smith College today conferred the degree of Doctor of Science on Mme. Curie, discoverer of radium. Over 2,000 people were present, including Mrs. Calvin Coolidge, wife of the Vice-President, former Governor McCall of Massachusetts, and Mr. Dwight Morrow, noted New York attorney. Money has been raised to buy Mme. Curie a gram of radium and also to build her a new laboratory in Paris. She was very moved.



'Dear Mr. Nixon . . . I Was Reading How You Sometimes Pass Out Loans to Revive Businesses That Are Going Broke, And I Was Wondering If . . .'

Meat-Axe Mike

By James Reston

WASHINGTON—Mike Mansfield, the Majority Leader in the Senate, is a cool and sensible man, so when he tries to cut the American military forces in Europe in two it is obvious that something is seriously wrong.

Mainly, it is the accumulated frustrations of over 20 years. Mike is fed up with the war, with the cost of the military, with the failure of most of the European allies to hold up their end of the common defense burden, with the inability of the U.S. government to resolve any of these problems.

For ten years now he has been wrinkling his expressive face and appealing to successive administrations to make substantial cuts in the U.S. forces in Europe. Last August he sent a long catalogue of questions to Secretary of Defense Laird on this subject and never even got an answer. The recent European run on the dollar was too much for him, so he reached for his meat-axe.

His general charge is fair enough: The American military presence in the world is too large, the allied contribution too small, and neither is very responsive to gentle persuasion.

2,000 U.S. Bases

According to his figures, the United States now has over 2,000 bases in over 30 countries all over the world, surrounded by 1,750,000 military personnel, military dependents, and indigenous workers at an annual cost of about $4.5 billion a year.

In Europe alone, the United States has 300,000 military men, 225,000 dependents, 128 generals, and over 7,000 nuclear warheads, and is even paying land taxes on some of its bases. "We are paying them to stay there to defend them," Mansfield says, and a lot of his colleagues on both sides of the aisle share his resentment.

Well, the Congress of the United States, silly as it sometimes is and as much as it likes and respects Mansfield, is not going to dismember the most effective American alliance of the century by voting to compel the President to halve his European force. But when old policies are not kept up to date, and appeals for sensible review of force levels are ignored, odd things can happen in Washington.

Too Big, Too Small

In their preoccupation with the Vietnam war, the last two administrations have allowed the North Atlantic Alliance to loiter down into a military organization that is just large enough to be enormously expensive, and yet just small enough to be vulnerable to defeat without the use of tactical nuclear weapons.

It was the aim of American policy over the last generation—and of Mansfield—to encourage the formation of a strong and unified Europe which could act as an equal partner with the United States in a shared defense of a common civilization.

Instead, the Europeans have preferred to enjoy their prosperity and national independence rather than pay the price of political union, and have counted on the United States for their security rather than on one another.

This has caused increasing irritation here, particularly when the cost of U.S. arms has contributed to monetary crises abroad and social and economic difficulties at home. But it is clearly far too large a problem, encompassing nothing less than the organization of world peace, to be handled with a sudden rider on a Senate bill that has not even gone through the scrutiny of public or private hearings in this session of the Congress.

Timing Ironic

What is particularly ironic about this is that the Mansfield amendment was tossed at the Senate precisely at the time when the Western Europeans are finally on the verge of bringing Britain into the European Economic Community and making progress at last toward some political unity.

Still, Mansfield is not an ill-tempered isolationist acting out of frustration and caprice. He knows the U.S. Army in Europe is bloated with non-combat troops and non-combat support forces. He feels that the war is coming to an end in Vietnam and that, with China emerging from isolation, new reappraisals of policy in Asia as well as in Europe are on the horizon.

Also, he has been around this city just long enough to know, as John Gardner says, that institutions don't move unless they are shoved, and that on such questions as influencing the Pentagon and the allies, a gentle shove is not enough.

So for the moment he sounds like the terrible-tempered Mr. Bang, and he has the President, the secretaries of state and defense, Henry Kissinger and assorted spokesmen rushing to the defense of the Grand Alliance.

But maybe Mike's gentle meat-axe will do some good after all. He could even revive some talk about building a sensible world order again; no such large subject as that has been discussed around here since Lyndon Johnson discovered Vietnam.

The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from readers. Short letters have a better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials, but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address.

In Darkest Brussels

By James Goldsborough

BRUSSELS.—This capital of Europe has firmly established itself as the place where business is done only at dawn and where decisions affecting millions are made only when the negotiators are too worn out to resist anymore.

Heaven help if some future Europe is faced with something that needs immediate decision, or calls for action during normal working hours.

Some future European government, conceivably, could function like other governments, where decisions are made by the majority or by the executive. The present one functions only by unanimous rule, which on most important questions is achieved only by wearing down the opposition, through fatigue.

Thursday's breakthrough in Britain's negotiations with the European Economic Community typically came at dawn, and there is a story behind that long night. For the British, it was their first attempt at decision at dawn, and the Community was eagerly eyeing Geoffrey Rippon for a clue to his staying power.

Naturally enough, nothing at all was decided before midnight. But midnight passed, the mood changed, and the first hint of agreement was heard.

Vital Lubricant

"A most significant thing has just happened," said a British spokesman just after 1 a.m. "When we were invited back into the council room, Mr. Schumann said he would be served whiskey, and we were. We noticed that the Community had been drinking a fair share of the stuff."

Thus, for the first time it was revealed why things go better in Brussels after midnight.

While the whiskey was consumed, Mr. Schumann read out the first real accomplishment of the morning. The Community had offered a concession on sugar, pledging to take into account the interests of Commonwealth sugar producers.

A good deal of the two days' negotiating had been carried out under what is commonly known as the "Rhodes formula," that is, with the principal negotiators removed from actual contact, but with aides or members of the Common Market Executive Commission shuttling back and forth between the 14th and 15th floors of the abandoned Charlemagne building, where the talks go on. Occasionally, a spokesman will ride an elevator down through 13 empty floors to tell newsmen, on the ground floor, what is happening.

For two days the spokesmen had little to tell: The Community had accepted Britain's request for exemptions on tea ("Tea and sympathy," was how Mr. Rippon was to put it), plus a few other exemptions; there was movement on pears, apples and horticulture in general except strawberries; the Community granted an exemption to British importations of wattle. Nothing, however, on sugar—the key—until the whiskey was served.

Was it Community whiskey, a British aide was asked. "It was good Scottish whiskey," he replied archly.

There is much waiting on the top floors. At one point the British had three bridge games going on the 14th floor, waiting for a Community response to a proposal. Three games gives a fair indication of the size of the British negotiating team, which at points included as many as 30 experts. And there is at least as much pressure on the experts as on the principal negotiators.

For though the Rhodes formula is used, there is also frequent confrontation around the giant negotiating table, and during these confrontations there must be rapid decisions on complex matters.

One exchange early Thursday may give some indication of how fatigue works: Following a particularly complex Community farm offer, Mr. Rippon turned to a chief aide for help. The aide reflected and whispered: "Not very good, but okay." It was accepted.

Much of the negotiating is what the French call *du théâtre*. It may be for the opposing negotiators or it may be for somebody else—newsmen, the people back home, or friends in the Commonwealth.

Mr. Rippon's outburst on Tuesday—when he challenged his counterparts to act like statesmen instead of, by implication, rug merchants—was to show the Jamaican sugar lobbyists downstairs that he would fight for them. It was a tactic and, who knows, may have contributed to the sugar agreement reached Thursday morning.

Negotiators take their business very seriously, which means they will play the farceur if necessary. "French diplomats have always had an inferiority complex vis-à-vis their British counterparts," a French diplomat told me not long ago. He warned that the French would not be out-negotiated this time. Following Mr. Rippon's outburst Tuesday, Mr. Schumann told a French newsman: "They try to push us around as if we were a little girl, but we're not little anymore. The Community is 14 years old and won't be pushed around."

"There ensued a discussion on the relative maturity of 14-year-olds," said the French newsman.

Diplomats on both sides will have done their job if the negotiations succeed, even if they can't seem to do it when they're wide awake. "Our negotiators played it very well," said an official yesterday *(ont bien joué)*.

Mr. Rippon seemed as pleased with himself. Encountered in a hotel lobby Tuesday night, he was amused when told of the indignation Mr. Schumann expressed to the press following the harsh British words.

A true gentleman, however, Mr. Rippon apologized to the Community Thursday morning after he had got the sugar clause he wanted.

Tadpoles and Tapers

Where the Wogs Begi

By Anthony Lewis

LONDON.—For once it was right to use that overworked newspaper adjective, historic. That was the way it felt in Brussels this week as the latest round of negotiations on Britain's application to join the Common Market ended at daybreak.

The negotiators talked about pears and plywood and sugar. But underneath, everyone could sense a profound political movement. It was working: Barring surprises, Britain and her Continental neighbors would join in a community with the potential to make a powerful reality of a weak abstraction, Europe.

That was the mood in Brussels, but not in London. There, the sweep of history was momentarily lost in the squeaks of frightened little men. The political Tadpoles and Tapers, the ancient Britons, the interests that fear change—all cried out as the possibility of success in Brussels suddenly appeared.

Plan Denounced

The Spectator, a right-wing weekly, had a cover showing John Bull hanging from a gallows labeled Europe and bearing Prime Minister Heath's face. Tribune, a left-wing weekly, carried among many anti-market articles a statement by Peter Shore, a former Labor cabinet minister, denouncing the plan to "subject Britain and its people to all the burdens, the restraints and the damage that the Common Market will involve."

Whether Britain should join the European Economic Community is naturally not a question with only one answer. Economists differ about the advantages. There are real issues of history and political philosophy.

But anyone who talks to an opponent such as Peter Shore soon discovers that something other than rational argument is involved. There is an emotional aversion to being part of Europe. In part it must stem from nationalism—a peculiarly British, insular nationalism.

Even as cultivated and intellectual a man as Hugh Gaitskell, the late Labor party leader, could talk about membership in the market destroying the Commonwealth and a thousand years of British history. The Commonwealth was a myth when he said it, and so was the historical notion of a Britain isolated from the Continent.

Then there is old-fashioned xenophobia—"The wogs begin at Calais." A recent poll of British attitudes showed the old stereotypes still going strong: the French and the Italians were rated dirty, dishonest and sexy.

It is easy to joke about attitudes, but no one should underestimate the obstacle of British public opinion. Antagonism and doubt are widespread. Under the parliamentary system, the government can lead Britain into the community despite adverse opinion—and will if necessary. But attitudes cannot really be ignored even after entry.

All this is one reason why Heath's trip to meet President Pompidou in Paris will be significant. The object is to raise the discussion from the level of the price of butter. It is not only to make people see that there are economic advantages—to remind them that the community has moved past stain in growth and wealth—but to give some deeper, more human meaning to the whole enterprise.

The problem is not only Heath's alone. For the Common Market, with all its economic success, has not yet touched the hearts of ordinary people in Europe. There is no feeling of allegiance to the community.

Not Surprising

That is not too surprising. The Common Market is a peculiar experiment, an attempt to begin a federation with economics and gradually turn it into a political creature. It is as if the United States had been created without a president or Congress—the separate states sending their foreign ministers to Washington to make joint policy. Under those circumstances it would not be too surprising if people there felt themselves altogether more New Yorkers or Virginians than Americans.

Jean Monnet, when he had the vision of a European community, went about it economically because there was no alternative. But now all can see that Europe cannot be significant even economically unless she begins to unify politically. She may be prosperous, but she will be ill-equipped to deal with American centralized financial power in a currency crisis.

No one wants Frenchmen to stop thinking of themselves as French, or the English as English. But if the European Community is to have the political base needed to deal with the huge economic forces of the contemporary world, it will have to make Europeans think of more than some dusty, outdated men in Brussels. It will have to have a vision, and constituents who identify with it. That is the formidable challenge awaiting Mr. Heath and Monsieur Pompidou.

Letters

'Strange Non-Alliance'

It is difficult to be sure just what C. L. Sulzberger was up to when he wrote his column "Strange Non-Alliance" (IHT, April 30), but whatever it was, it had precious little connection with responsible journalism. The main point of the column, made in the opening sentence, is that "there is a remarkably close if little-known partnership between Israel and South Africa." But the only evidence, if one can call it that, for this "remarkably close partnership" is (a) that Mr. Sulzberger has been "told unofficially . . . that a South African mission flew to Israel during the Six-Day War to study tactics and use of weapons," and (b) the admittedly "wholly unconfirmable rumors" that "float around" suggesting that Israel made its Mirage fighter blueprints available to the South African government.

That a remarkably close partnership between Israel and South Africa exists is, in my view, a very serious and a very damaging claim, and if Mr. Sulzberger has reasonable grounds for it, let him by all means make them public so that we in Israel who are sickened at the very thought of such a relationship can make our revulsion known to our government. But unofficial remarks and unconfirmed rumors give the concerned Israeli, or indeed anyone else, very little to work with and lead him instead to wonder if indeed Mr. Sulzberger was interested in anything more respectable than a none too subtle form of national character assassination.

WILLIAM FREEDMAN.
Haifa, Israel.

I should think that Mr. Sulzberger's self-admitted unsurety of the facts concerning Israel's relations to South Africa would have restrained him from the accusations he has made. The Israeli Foreign Office has firmly denied that Israel maintains close political and economic cooperation with South Africa. Sulzberger's report that Israel has transmitted plans of the Mirage engine to South Africa are false, for it is common knowledge that France herself sells such planes directly to South Africa. Also, the Israeli Uzzi submachine gun was sold to Belgium, who holds these rights with a specific injunction against third-party sales without permission of Israel—a permission never granted in the case of South Africa. Finally, Israel still is aligned with those nations who are opposed to apartheid, and despite its close ties to South African Jewry, it has re its diplomatic representatio Pretoria in 1963 from the of Legation to that of C d'Affaires in response to resolution.

DANIEL SPICEHANDL
Haifa.

Tight Little Islan

A funny coincidence to re the same issue of the IHT 8-9) the very interesting about the "importance of caned" in British schools reader's letter about "B Prejudices." It seems that land has kept into the cen in spite of radio, telex, tele and jets, a kind of "spl isolation" in a quite negative It is possible that most people asked in the poll Europeans have never se "Continental" European formed their opinion just tionally on "foreigners." caning, it shows British tion being centuries behinc same as the "private citizen have ultimate control over policy." Quite interesting th servation that teachers against outlawing the can cause "discipline might st If the teachers really feel need the cane, this does reflect very favorably on educational capacity.

CARLOS J. NEMECH
Malaga, Spain.

Mauldin's Cartoo

While the whole world echoing with the "Lt. Calley fair and there were so many ters and cartoons appearing your esteemed daily, I was dering why there were not letters or even a single on the strife in East B where hundreds of "My Lai sacres have been committed, by a ruthless army.

Thanks, therefore, to Mr. din, whose cartoon titled "I All Won the My Lai Medal Cluster" (May 3) depicts the story of indiscriminate killi innocent people in East B My hat's off to Mr. Mauldi

PETER A. WILLIA
London.

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Major Credit Reforms Are Outlined by Britain

LONDON, May 14 (AP-DJ).—Bank of England announced today a major reform in its monetary policy tools with the aim to introducing greater competition and innovation in British banking and to improve controls over credit conditions.

According to the plan, Britain's central bank would lift its individually determined restrictions on the amount of credit that each bank may extend. Instead, it would impose basic reserve requirements for uniform adherence by all banks.

While the Bank of England is theoretically independent of the government, the measures are seen here as a reflection of Tory government policy of stimulating private enterprise and competition in order to eliminate waste and inefficiency in British finance and industry.

The major banks here declined to comment on the proposals, pending a full study.

Among the proposed measures are:

1) Application of a reserve ratio across the whole banking system.

2) Abandonment of collective agreements by London and Scottish clearing banks on interest rates (possibly subject to some limits on the terms offered for time deposits).

'Qualitative Guidance'

The bank said the existing quantitative ceilings on bank lending will be abandoned. But it said the authorities will continue to provide the banks with "qualitative guidance" in such areas as personal loans.

The bank said the proposed changes would involve "less reliance on particular methods of influencing bank and finance lending and more reliance on changes in interest rates, supported by calls for special deposits on the basis of a reserve ratio across the whole banking system."

The proposed minimum reserve assets ratio, it said, "is intended to provide the authorities with a known firm base for the operation of monetary policy."

A Fixed Percentage

Under the proposal, all banks would hold not less than a fixed percentage of their sterling deposit liabilities in certain specified reserve assets.

They would also be required to make such special deposits with the Bank of England as the bank may call for "from time to time." A reserve ratio of 12.5 percent, the bank suggested, would be close to average banking practice in the system in recent years" and would not cause any "insecurity or undue disturbance arising from banks' needing to rearrange their portfolios."

Competition Impeded

In recent years, the bank said, the authorities have paid particular attention to certain categories of sterling lending by banks and finance houses, which have accepted quantitative limits on such lending.

These ceilings, it said, "have impeded competition and innovations so that the efficient have been prevented from growing and the less efficient have been helped to maintain the level of their business."

The bank said the proposals are to serve as a "basis for discussion." But they are likely to take effect this summer, London financial circles believe.

Gilt-Edged Cutback

The bank said it will immediately restrict its operations in the gilt-edged government securities market.

"Less intervention by the authorities in the gilt-edged market," the bank said, will leave "more freedom for prices to be affected by market conditions and for others to operate if they so wish."

Henceforth, he said, while the bank will take responsibility for "an orderly market" in government securities, it will not attempt to fix interest rates by supporting or controlling prices through extensive trading.

French Trade Showed Surplus In Last Month

PARIS, May 14 (AP-DJ).—France's foreign trade in April showed a surplus of 250 million francs ($45 million), against a surplus of 51 million francs in March and a deficit of 348 million francs a year earlier, provisional figures published by the Finance Ministry today show.

April imports amounted to 9.576 billion francs, down from 10.147 billion in March, but up from 9.333 billion in April, 1970.

Exports totaled 9.826 billion francs, down from 10.198 billion in March, but up from 8.985 billion in April, 1970.

France recorded a provisional foreign trade surplus of 1.152 billion francs in the first four months of 1971, compared with a deficit of 248 million francs a year earlier.

Reserves in EEC Show Sharp Rise

BRUSSELS, May 14 (AP-DJ).—Foreign exchange reserves of the six EEC countries rose about $4 billion to about $33 billion in the 1971 first quarter, the EEC commission said in a report on recent economic trends.

Apart from a $585 million allocation of special drawing rights, the increase was almost entirely due to the capital inflows resulting from higher interest rates for EEC currency investments than for Eurodollar investments, the report said.

U.K. May Cut Its Tariff on Foreign Cars

But Official Comment Seen Aimed at Unions

LONDON, May 14 (AP-DJ).—The British government is considering eliminating the duty on foreign cars to stimulate greater competition in Britain's auto market, John Davies, Secretary of State for Trade and Industry, said today.

Speaking in Aberdeen at a Scottish Conservative party conference, Mr. Davies said he is "carefully considering" removal of the auto tariff. But he added, "I am not by any means saying it is likely that I will take that consideration to the point of making a decision."

He said the consideration was prompted by the "excessive" wage settlements in the British auto industry.

Eye on Wage Settlements

By removing the tariff and subjecting the industry to greater competition in Britain, the government would be trying to force the companies to assure their cost competitiveness by moderating their wage settlements.

Mr. Davies made his comments in connection with a resolution to the meeting proposing a reduction in the tariff as means of forcing the auto companies to toughen their resistance to workers' wage demands. The resolution was submitted by a Scottish municipal councillor.

Mr. Davies noted that removal of the tariff, currently 12 to 13 percent on fully assembled autos, poses "very real problems."

Imports Rising

Even with the existing tariff, foreign auto makers are putting considerable pressure on British producers in the British market, observers said.

In March, registrations of new imported cars totaled 21,166 units or 19.31 percent of total new registrations of 109,619 units.

In March 1970, registrations of new imported autos totaled 12,208 or 11.08 percent of total new registrations that month of 110,118.

British motor industry observers generally discounted Mr. Davies's remarks as a threat aimed at getting motor industry unions to keep claims down.

One company official said, "It's cutting off your nose to spite your face. The effect on the balance of payments and the economy would make such an action economically and politically too expensive."

Price of Gold Climbs As Demand Steps Up

From Wire Dispatches

PARIS, May 14.—Speculative attention continued to focus on gold and away from currency on European markets today as the West German government—and speculators—sat tight, each waiting for the other to make a move.

Demand for gold carried the price as high as $41.70 an ounce asked, the highest point in nearly two years.

London dealers said demand had risen steadily through the day.

Bonn's decision to turn the mark loose to find its own exchange rate on money markets has still not prompted a heavy outflow of dollars from West Germany.

Currency markets were calm and somewhat hesitant, especially in Germany. Dealers said speculators were apparently hoping the dollar would sink still lower. At the close of trading on the Frankfurt exchange, the dollar had firmed to 3.5465 marks, slightly up from the opening 3.5370. A similar marginal gain was registered at Zurich and London.

But cash was in search of the precious metal. A London bullion dealer said it had been an "active and volatile day."

The closing price of gold at London rose to $41.15-$41.35 an ounce, after reaching a peak of $41.30-$41.70 before the morning fixing. The afternoon fixing set the price at $41.20, up $0.40 for the day.

Rise in Zurich

Gold reached $41.40 an ounce on the Zurich market and held that level all day.

In Paris, the price of gold rose to $41.05 an ounce at the afternoon fixing, a jump from yesterday's $40.75.

Gold experts in Zurich dismissed reports that the price of the metal is rising because South Africa and the Soviet Union have suspended free market sales.

The reports said the two countries had taken this action to bring about higher prices, but observers said the supply was "the same as it has always been."

Swap Called A Handout

WASHINGTON, May 14 (WP).—Rep. Henry Reuss, D., Wis., yesterday lashed out at a Treasury borrowing operation last month, calling it "a welfare program for 29 of the biggest U.S. banks."

The special $1.5 billion borrowing, made from overseas branches of U.S. banks, was designed to provide an outlet for Eurodollars flooding European markets.

The Treasury paid an interest rate nearly 2 percentage points higher than domestic rates—"a generous bonanza for these large banks," Rep. Reuss charged. He said the Treasury "should turn its attention to solving our international monetary mess, rather than cook up new schemes to bail out a few big banks at the taxpayers' expense."

U.S. Opens Lockheed Study

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The House Banking and Currency Committee has quietly begun a sweeping investigation of Lockheed Aircraft's financial condition, it was learned yesterday.

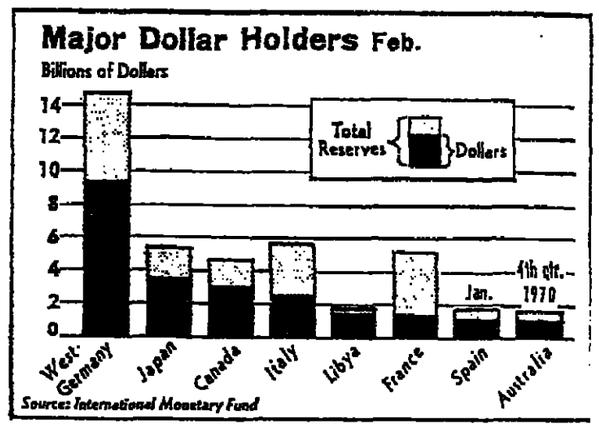
Chairman Wright Patman, D., Texas, has requested voluminous records on the firm from the Defense, Treasury and Transportation Departments, and from the Civil Aeronautics Board, the Federal Aviation Administration and the General Accounting Office.

In a letter to Treasury Secretary John B. Connally jr., Rep. Patman said he was particularly interested in determining the "break-even point" for Lockheed's troubled TriStar program—the point at which it could become profitable.

Senate and House sources said a confidential Pentagon study places the break-even point very high. According to one source, the study concluded that 300 to 350 of the wide-bodied L-1011s would have to be sold before they became profitable. The company currently has 178 orders.

In requesting information on Lockheed's finances in 17 specific areas, Rep. Patman wrote Mr. Connally that it is "unrealistic if not impossible" for the committee to act favorably on the Lockheed loan guarantee bill submitted yesterday "without having the vital information it needs to make the right decision."

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Holdings for Central Banks Soar at Fed; U.S. Gold Falls

NEW YORK, May 14 (AP-DJ).—The Federal Reserve's holdings of government securities in custody accounts for foreign central banks and other financial institutions rose more than $1.1 billion in the week ended Wednesday, data issued yesterday by the Fed showed.

The Fed also reported that the U.S. monetary gold stock fell $400 million in the statement week to $10.33 billion—the lowest level since May 1936, when it totaled $10.3 billion.

This represented a transfer of gold to replenish the U.S. exchange stabilization fund, which had been depleted by the previously announced sales of $282 million in gold on behalf of France and $85 million to Belgium.

Holdings Set Record

The increase in Fed custody holdings for foreign institutions was the largest such rise in about two years, bankers said, and brought the total holdings to a record $18.5 billion.

These principally reflect investment by central banks of dollars they have accumulated, partly as result of the speculative attack against the dollar in the international currency market.

As usual, it was not disclosed for which foreign accounts the securities were being purchased. It was estimated, however, that about half represented newly invested funds: the balance reflected the transfer of the securities from other New York depositories to the Federal Reserve.

Domestic Loans Rise

On the domestic front, the Fed said commercial and industrial loans on the books of the 12 leading New York banks rose $430 million in the latest week. This compared with a drop of $231 million in the like 1970 week and was the largest weekly increase since a $589 million rise last September.

Analysts frequently consider commercial and industrial loan demand as a barometer of the economy. The New York banks account for about one-third of the nation's outstanding bank loans.

The latest increase came from a broad sector of U.S. borrowers, but also included an estimated increase of about $150 million in loans to overseas commercial and industrial concerns. It was not immediately known whether the overseas business borrowings were related to the international currency situation. Part of the gain might have simply been a bookkeeping maneuver reflecting transfer of loans from books of foreign branches to those of the New York headquarters.

Meanwhile, the Fed figures showed that monetary expansion was continuing at a rapid rate, though perhaps not so fast as has been characteristic in recent weeks.

The money supply averaged $220.8 billion in the four weeks ended May 5. This indicates an 11.7 percent seasonally adjusted compound annual rate of increase for the last three months and a 7.5 percent rise in the last six months.

The monetary base, the "high-powered money" whose movements heavily influence future developments in the money supply, average $86.1 billion in the four weeks ended May 12, up at a 10.3 percent compound annual rate in the last quarter and 9.3 percent in the last half-year.

April Output In U.S. Up 3%

WASHINGTON, May 14 (IHT).—U.S. industrial output rose 0.3 percent last month, the Federal Reserve Board reported today.

The April gain, which put the Fed index at 166 (1957-59 equals 100), follows a 0.2 percent advance in March. However, the index is still 5 percent below the July, 1969, peak of 169.2.

Production of consumer goods and industrial materials increased in April, but output of autos and business and defense equipment declined. Auto assembly ran at an $8.2-million-unit annual rate, down 8 percent from March. But production schedules "indicate some increase for May," the Fed said.

Production of furniture, television sets, some appliances and consumer staples all advanced last month.

Among materials, output of textile, chemical and rubber products strengthened in April and iron and steel rose further, but other metal materials declined, the Fed said.

Declines in production of business equipment continued to be widespread, with the April level 15 percent below the 1969 peak, the Fed noted.

Prices Slip In Listless N.Y. Session

Gold Stocks Decline As Dow Shrinks 0.28

NEW YORK, May 14 (AP-DJ).—Prices on the New York Stock Exchange drifted through another listless session today.

As in the previous two sessions prices opened slightly down, then rallied to slight gains before closing with small losses.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed at 936.06, down 0.28. Declining issues outnumbered advancers 833 to 543.

Volume was a moderate 18.45 million shares, down from 17.91 million yesterday.

Continued Concern

Analysts said there were no indications of pronounced profit-taking. They ascribed the market's drifting pattern to continued concern over the international monetary situation.

Gold issues reversed their recent gains. Among them, Homestake Mining fell 5 3 to 28 3 4. International Mining lost 1 4 to 13 1 2 and Campbell Red Lake fell 1 8 to 53 1 4.

Glamours were weak. IBM fell 4 3 4 to 335 1 2. Disney lost 3 1 8 to 124 1 2. Memorex fell 7 8 to 55 5 8 and Telex fell 3 4 to 18 3 4.

RCA Rises

Another glamour issue, RCA, rose 1 4 to 36 3 4 after it said it was raising prices of its 1972 color television line 5 percent.

Bausch & Lomb, which skidded 5 yesterday, lost another 2 1 2 to 135 1 2. Union Corp. slipped 1 2 to 15 3 8.

Dentsply International, which shot up 9 yesterday, added another 6 1 2 to 54 1 2.

Commercial Solvents

Commercial Solvents, which will reportedly market a new drug in Italy for heart attacks, gained 1 5 8 to 39 7 8. It was up 2 3 8 yesterday.

Among autos, General Motors fell 1 to 85 3 8. Ford lost 1 1 2 to 64 3 4. Chrysler fell 1 4 to 29 5 8 and American Motors fell 1 4 to 6 5 8.

Aerospace issues were mixed. Grumman was active and fell 1 2 to 18 3 8. Ling-Temco-Vought fell 7 8 to 20 3 4 after reporting it has completed its sale of Okonite Co. Boeing closed at 24 1 2, down 3 8, and Lockheed lost 1 2 to 12 3 4.

Blue Chips

Blue-chip issues were mostly lower. Du Pont lost 5 8 to 145 3 8, and Westinghouse fell 1 2 to 89 5 8.

International Paper rose 1 2 to 39.

Texas Gulf Sulphur, the most actively traded issue, eased 1 4 to 19 5 8. A parcel of 229,400 shares was traded at 19 5 8.

Prices on the American Stock Exchange also declined.

Declines outnumbered advances 534 to 344, as volume rose to 4.87 million shares from 4.77 million yesterday.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

U.S.-Make Car Sales Up 23.5%

Sales of U.S.-make cars rose 23.5 percent to 217,619 autos in the May 1-10 period from 176,203 a year earlier. Some industry forecasters had expected deliveries closer to 200,000. The largest increase, 40.8 percent, was recorded at General Motors, where the daily selling rate set a record for the period. Sales rose 7 percent at Chrysler and 1 percent at American Motors, while Ford sales slid 2 percent.

April Payments Surplus in Japan

Japan's balance-of-payments surplus stood at an estimated $440 million in April—up from $159 million a year earlier, but down from $529 million in March—the Finance Ministry reports. The surplus was attributed to a favorable trade balance and to active net investment by foreigners in Japanese securities. Exports rose 24 percent from a year earlier to $1.87 billion, while imports increased 9 percent to $1.31 billion. The long-term capital account showed an estimated net inflow of $90 million, down from $125 million a year earlier.

U.S. Anti-Pollution Spending

U.S. business plans to spend $3.64 billion this year for air and water pollution controls, or only 20 percent of the amount needed to bring its facilities to current ecological standards, McGraw-Hill reports. Douglas Greenwald, chief economist of the business publishing company, disclosed that the companies surveyed estimated it would take a total $18.2 billion to do the job.

IOS Auditor Resigning

Arthur Andersen & Co., which has audited the accounts of IOS Ltd. and many of its subsidiaries for the past several years, has asked that it not be renominated as auditor this year. An IOS executive said Arthur Andersen would complete its audit for 1970, but he did not say when.

Canada's Surplus Off

OTTAWA, May 14 (AP-DJ).—Canada's trade surplus narrowed to $152.3 million in April from $171 million in March, the Bureau of Statistics said, today.

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DIVIDEND NOTICE

TRASA AG.,

Société Anonyme Holding Luxembourg

Luxembourg-Ville, April 30, 1971

Dr. Bert B Meek jr., President and Managing Director of Trasa AG, 13 Boulevard de la Foire, Luxembourg-Ville, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

announced that the Board of Directors of Trasa AG have declared an interim dividend of 8¢ on the common shares payable as from May 27, 1971.

Trasa AG has appointed as paying agent:

Mertrust Commercial Bank S.A.
68 Avenue de la Liberté,
Luxembourg.
Tel.: 48 80 71.
Telex: 789.
Cables: Mertrust.

Wirtschaftsbank Zürich
Löwenstrasse 29,
CH-8023 Zürich.
Tel.: 051/25 58 50.
Telex: 54945.
Cables: Wiranbank.

First National Bank of Washington
Trust Department
1701 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.,
Washington D.C. 20006.
Tel.: 737-1700.
Telex: 89 2658.
Cables: Firstnat WSH.

Dividend payable as from May 27, 1971, of 8 cents U.S. net per share upon surrender of Coupons No. 3.

TRASA AG

Société Anonyme Holding Luxembourg.

Stock of the Month Club

135% Increase

1. The Stock of the Month Club concentrates on supplying its members with one recommendation each month.
2. Our past recommendations have been:

Month	Recommendations	Recommended at	Closing price as of May 11	Increase
June	Cenco Instruments ...	17	47 1 8	175%
July	Syntex	23 3 8	61 7 8	165%
Aug.	Bausch and Lomb	36 3 4	139 3 8	277%
Sept.	National Patents	42 1 2	178 3 4	324%
Oct.	Pittston	37 1 4	46 7 8	26%
Nov.	Union Pacific Corp. ...	44	55 3 4	27%
Dec.	Data Processing	10 1 4	16 3 8	63%
Jan.	Savoy Industries	7 1 2	8	7%
Feb.	Fishman Realty	22 3 4	26 3 4	18%
March	Central Soya	25 1 4	25 5 8	1%
Average increase per hundred shares:				135%
February Extra Special	Graphic Sciences	22 1 2	41**	82%

* Adjusted for 5 to 2 stock split.
** Adjusted for a 25% stock dividend.

3. In the event that there is no worthwhile recommendation available in any given month, the Stock of the Month Club will so advise its members and subscriptions will be extended.
4. In the event that we should receive some important information prior to our issue date, a special bulletin will be sent out without any additional charge.
5. The Stock of the Month Club will not only tell its members when to buy but also, what is even more important, when to sell.
6. Take advantage of a special offer for a twelve-month membership at a $100 fee during a limited time only.
7. Please be advised that the Stock of the Month Club being not a dealer or a broker does not accept any orders. All transactions must be done through a regular stock-broker or bank.

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ADDRESS

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Avenue de Tervueren 298D
1150 Brussels, Belgium.

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—Kredietbank, Brussels No. 3772-10729 ☐*
—Société Générale de Banque, Brussels No. 331731 ☐*

Date Signature

New York Stock Exchange Trading

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Chge
18¼	14¼	AbacusF	.50g	12	16¾	16¾	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
8⅝	6⅛	AbbtLb	1.10	187	70½	71⅝	70½	71½	+1½
60	45¼	ACF Ind	2.40	18	57⅜	57⅜	57¼	57¼	— ⅛
17½	13½	AcmeClev	.80	10	14	14	14	14	— ⅛
53¼	42½	Acme Mkt	2b	11	49½	49¼	49½	49¾	+ ½
14	12⅝	AdmsEx	.66g	33	13⅜	13⅜	13⅝	13¼	+ ⅛
19⅝	12¾	Ad Millis	.20	15	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	— ⅜
43½	23⅞	Address	.30g	769	42⅝	43¼	43⅜	44¼	+3
19¼	8	Admiral		171	19⅜	19⅜	19½	19½	
62½	45⅜	AetnaLife	1.40	148	57⅛	57½	57	57	— ⅛
51½	39⅛	AetnaLf pf	2	2	49	49	49	49	— ½
12¼	8½	Aguirre Co		42	8¾	8¾	8½	8¾	
52⅝	40	Aileen Inc		121	48¼	48½	47	47	—1⅛
27¾	44⅞	Air Prod	.20b	281	54¼	54¾	54¼	54⅛	— ⅛
153½	123	AirPrd pf	ctd	15	143⅜	143¾	143	143	—1⅜
26½	22¾	airRed	.40g	140	25	25⅜	25	25¼	+ ⅛
5⅜	3⅝	AJ Industries		31	4¼	4⅜	4⅛	4⅛	
46⅝	34¼	Alcoa	1a	31	42	42	41⅞	41⅝	— ⅛
17⅞	16	Ala Gas	1.10	11	14¼	16⅜	16¼	16¼	
29⅛	20½	Alaska Inters		33	22¼	22¾	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
46	38½	AlbertoC	.22	49	39⅜	39⅞	39½	39½	— ⅛
15¼	12⅛	Albertsns	.36	30	12	12	11½	11½	— ⅜
24⅝	21⅜	Alcan Alum	1	217	23½	23¾	23½	23½	
24g2	17½	AlcoStand	.30	24	20⅜	21	20⅜	20⅜	
31	22⅜	Alexndrs	.30r	10	29½	29⅜	29½	29¼	+ ⅛
72⅛	12½	AllAmLf	.24g	51	16⅛	16⅛	15⅞	15⅝	— ⅛
18½	11¼	Alleg Cp	.20c	171	15	15	14⅛	14½	— ⅛
39⅛	26⅞	AllegLud	.40	30	28⅜	28⅝	28	28	— ⅛
45¾	37½	AllegLud	pf 3	12	40¾	41	40¾	41	+ ⅛
25⅛	20½	gallegPw	1.36	119	20¾	21	20¾	21	+ ⅛
33⅜	23⅜	Allied Ch	1.20	518	33½	34⅛	33½	33¾	+ ⅛
36⅝	26¼	Alld Matn	.40	2	35	35	34⅜	34⅜	— ⅛
28⅞	23	AlldMill	.75b	1	25	25	25	25	— ¼
21⅜	16	Allied Pd	.68	100	18½	19½	18½	19¼	+ ⅛
37½	26⅞	AlliedStr	1.40	34	36¼	37⅛	36½	36½	— ⅛
10	6⅛	Allied Super		80	7½	7⅝	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
19⅜	13½	Allis Ch	.10g	136	17¼	17⅜	16⅝	17	+ ⅛
27½	20⅛	AllrigtAut	.60	4	26	26	26	26	+ ⅛
19¾	15	Alpha P Cem		4	18½	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
70	56¼	Alcoa	1.80	85	68¼	69¼	68¼	69	+ ¾
30¾	25⅝	AmalSug	1.60	2	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	
16⅛	11½	AMBAC	.50	54	14⅝	14⅝	14½	14½	— ⅛
25⅛	21¾	Amer Es	1.20	40	22½	24	22½	23¾	+1½
44⅝	39¼	Am Es	pf2.60	14	40¼	41½	40¼	41½	+ ⅛
68¾	42⅛	AmHess	.07g	378	65¼	65¾	62¼	62½	—3⅛
150½	95½	AmeH	pf3.50	136	143	144½	140	140	—3
66½	53½	AAirFlitr	.80	15	64	64	64	64	+ ¼
37⅜	21⅝	Am Airlin	.80	409	33⅞	33⅞	33⅛	33⅛	— ⅝
24½	16	ABaker	.16g	24	24	24	23⅜	23⅜	+ ⅛
49⅝	43½	A Brnds	2.20	133	46½	46½	46⅛	46⅜	— ⅛
48	25	AmBdcst	1.20	516	43¼	44⅜	43½	44¼	+ ⅛
45⅞	38⅛	Am Can	2.20	242	38⅞	38⅞	38⅝	38⅝	+ ⅛
25⅞	25⅛	Can pf	1.75	1	25⅞	26⅛	25⅞	26⅛	+ ⅛
10⅝	7⅜	Am Cement		14	7⅞	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛	+ ⅛
30⅝	25¼	A Chain	1.40	19	28½	29⅛	28⅛	29⅛	+ 1
26½	21⅛	ACrySug	1.40	9	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24½	— ⅛
62½	60	ACryS	pf4.50	220	61½	61½	61½	61¼	+1
37⅜	32	ACyanid	1.25	209	36⅝	36⅝	36⅜	36⅝	— ⅛
23¾	17½	Am Distill	1	7	20	20¼	20	20	— ½
45⅞	28¾	ADistTel	.20g	164	45	45	44⅜	44⅝	+ ⅛
10⅝	7⅜	Am DualVest		105	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
32¾	27⅞	AmElPw	1.70	500	27⅞	28	27⅞	27¾	— ⅛
14⅜	10½	Am Exp Ind		119	11⅞	12	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
62	37	Am Exp	pf	2320	39	39	38½	38½	— ½
28	24⅞	AGnBFd	.75g	9	25⅞	26	25⅞	26	
24	16	A Genins	.50	97	22⅞	23	22⅝	23	— ⅛
34¼	27⅜	A Gnin	pf1.80	50	33⅝	33⅝	33	33	— ⅛
14½	8⅞	Am Hoist	.40	35	13	13⅜	13	13⅜	+ ⅜
73⅜	70	A Home	1.70	76	78⅛	78¾	77½	77⅝	— ⅜
118½	104¼	A Home	pf 2	2	116¾	116¾	116¾	116¾	
38⅞	31⅜	Am Hosp	.25	194	34⅛	34⅜	34	34½	
19⅞	13	Aminvst	.25g	55	18⅜	19	18½	19	
38	23¾	A Medical	.12	103	35⅜	35⅞	35½	35⅝	— ⅛
37⅜	32	gs mtCix	1.40	63	36⅞	36⅞	36⅝	36½	— ⅛
102½	89½	A MtCix	pf 4	2	102	103	102	103	+2
9	5⅞	Am Motors		125	6¼	6¾	6¼	6⅝	— ⅛
43¼	36⅛	ANatGas	2.2 0	149	36⅞	37¼	36⅞	37	— ⅛
44⅞	41¾	A ResDv	.94g	92	42	42½	41½	42	+ ⅛
20⅝	16⅜	Am Shair	.72	10	17⅜	17⅝	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
35	25¾	Am Ship	.60b	16	31½	31½	30¾	30¾	— ⅛
28¾	25	A Smelt	1.90	363	25¾	26	25½	25⅝	— ⅛
52⅜	41¾	AmSoAir	.70	95	51	51¼	49½	49½	—1⅝
		AmSAir	fn.70	5	47¾	50	47¾	50	
32¼	23½	Am Std	1	942	23¼	24½	23¼	24½	— ½

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Chge	
97	78¾	A Std	pf4.75	306	84½	84½	84	84⅛	—1¼	
27⅝	23¼	Am Sterl	.48	28	24½	24½	24¼	24¼		
12¼	9⅜	AT&T	wt	1173	10	10	9¾	9¾	— ⅜	
53⅝	47¼	Am T&T	2.60	2015	47¼	47½	47	47⅛	— ⅜	
17	13	AWatWk	.60	37	16½	16⅝	16½	16⅝		
18	14½	AWW	Spf1.25	z10	17	17	17	17	— ⅝	
18	16	AW	pref 1.25	z10	16½	16½	16½	16½		
24¼	20⅜	AW	4.1pf 1.43	250	24¼	24⅜	24¼	24⅜	+ ⅛	
10⅝	5	Am Zinc		14	5⅝	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	— ⅛	
23	17⅝	Ameron	.60	12	18¾	19	18½	18½	— ⅛	
18½	14⅜	Ametek	.60a	49	16¼	16⅜	16¼	16⅜	+ ⅛	
37⅜	27⅞	AMF	Inc .90	141	37⅜	38¼	37⅜	37⅝	+ ⅜	
54⅞	38¾	Amfac	.90	9	53⅜	53⅜	53	53	— ⅛	
73¼	54	AMP	Inc .64	70	66⅞	68¼	66¾	68¼	— ⅛	
10⅝	8¼	AmpPgh	.18g	16	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛	
25⅜	16½	Ampex	Corp	257	20¼	20½	19½	19⅝	— ⅛	
45	34⅛	Amstar	1.70	114	40⅜	40⅝	40⅜	40⅝	— ⅛	
10¼	9⅛	Amstar	pf.68	5	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	+ ⅛	
38⅜	29½	Amsted	1.60	x11	37	37⅜	37	37⅛	+ ⅛	
9⅞	7	Amtel	.32	79	7¾	7¾	7½	7⅝	+ ⅛	
23¾	18⅞	Anaconda	1	231	23½	23⅝	23¼	23⅜	— ⅛	
40	33	Anch Hock	1	20	37½	38	37½	37¾	+ ⅜	
23	17¼	Ancorp	.48b	11	18	18	17¾	17¾	— ⅛	
45⅞	36½	And Clay	1.20	1	45¼	45¼	41¾	41¾	— ¼	
18½	13½	Apache Cp	.25	24	15⅜	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝	— ⅛	
36⅜	25⅝	ApcoO	1.20f	70	25⅞	25⅝	25¼	25¼	— ⅜	
14⅜	10⅛	Apco Cp	.16	107	12½	12⅝	12¼	12⅜	— ⅛	
25⅞	20	APL	Corp	15	25	25½	25	25¼	+ ⅛	
22	17⅛	APL	pf C1.06			19	21⅞	21⅜	21⅜	
139	117	ARA	Svc 1.06	40	132¾	133½	128½	128¾	—4¼	
26⅛	18	Arcata	.07g	17	20⅝	20⅝	20¼	20⅝		
29⅜	24	ArcataN	pf 2	2	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	+ ⅜	
48⅝	33	Arch	Dan 1	8	42	42	41¾	41¾		
25	20⅛	Ariz	PSV 1.08	77	21	21	20⅝V	14⅞%		
13	8¾	Arlens	D Str	112	9⅛	9⅜	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛	
18½	12	Arlen	RltyDv	269	16¾	16⅞	16½	16½		
23⅛	19	Armco	St 1	408	20¾	21¼	20½	20½	— ⅛	
30	27½	Armc	pf 2.10	6	29⅛	29¼	29½	29½	— ⅛	
45⅛	34	Armr	pfA 2.75	z180	42¾	43	42¾	43	+ ⅛	
39⅝	31½	Armst	Ck .80	149	38½	38½	37¾	38	— ⅛	
40	34	Arm	Ru 1.60	4	35¼	35⅝	35g1	35½	+ ⅛	
24¼	17⅛	Aro	Corp .90	3	22⅜	22⅜	22¼	22⅛	— ⅜	
36½	25	Arvin	Ind 1	16	33⅜	34⅛	33⅜	33⅜		
30½	24	Ashld	Oil 1.20	202	24⅝	24⅝	24	24	— ⅛	
59	48⅛	AshlO	pf2.40	1	48½	48½	48½	48⅝	— ⅛	
10⅝	6⅞	Assd	Dry .15	15	10⅛	10½	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛	
54¼	40	Assd	Dg 1.20	32	54	54	53	53	— ⅛	
35	30¼	Assd	Sp 1.20b		2	34½	34½	34½	34g4	2
14⅞	9½	Assd	Transp		7	12½	12⅜	12½	12⅜	— ⅛
21¾	13¾	Athlone	.10g	32	17⅜	18¼	17¾	18¼	+ ⅛	
25½	22⅛	AtlCyEl	.36	42	23	23	22½	22½	— ⅜	
100	93	AtlCE	pf5.87	1	96½	96½	96½	96½	— ½	
78¼	61¼	Atl	RichFd 2	296	75¼	75¼	74½	74½	— ⅜	
61	43¼	AtlRch	pfA2.75	2400	52⅜	53⅜	52⅜	53½	+	
130½	105¼	Atl	Rich pf 3	4	127	127	125	125	— 2	
58¾	49⅜	AtlRch	pf2.80	94	55⅝	55⅝	55	55⅛	— ⅛	
37½	22¼	Atlas	Chem 1	64	36¾	36¾	36⅝	36¾		
3½	2⅜	Atlas	Corp	96	3	3⅛	3	3		
14¼	8⅛	ATO	Inc .05a	115	13⅜	13⅜	11¾	11¾	— ⅜	
18¼	8	Aurora	Prod	18	10	10	10	10		
68⅜	43¾	Autom	Data	31	58¼	58¼	57½	57⅝	— ¼	
19⅝	9⅜	Autozin	Ind	172	10⅝	10⅝	9⅞	10	— ⅛	
18	12⅜	Avco	Corp	48	15¼	15½	15¼	15¼	— ⅛	
5½	3⅛	Avco	Cp wt	30	5	5	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛	
45	37¾	Avco	pf3.25	11	41¾	41¾	41½	41¾	— ⅛	
35⅝	30½	Avery	Pd .20	30	32⅜	33	32⅜	32⅝	— ⅜	
15⅝	8¼	Avnet	Inc	154	13¼	13¼	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛	
77	45	Avnet	pf2.50	3	65	65	65	65	— ¼	
102¾	82½	Avon	Pd 1.20	143	100	100¼	99	99	— ¾	
21⅝	14¼	AztecOil	1.20f	93	20½	20¼	20	20	— ⅛	

B

42	22	BabckW	.50	267	38	38¼	37½	38	
39½	25⅝	BakrOilT	.70	24	38⅜	38⅜	38	38¼	
34⅜	29	Balt GE	1.82	94	30⅜	30⅜	29¾	29¾	— ⅛
72½	63¼	Balt pf	B4.50	2130	66	66	66	66	— ⅞
15	7½	Bangor	Punt	39	13⅜	13½	13¼	13½	+ ⅛
18⅝	14⅜	Bang	pf1.25	4	18	18¼	18	18¼	+ ⅛
39	25¼	Bk ofCal	1.34	8	30½	30¼	29¾	29¾	— ¼
52	43⅜	Bank of NY	2	1	46⅛	46⅜	46¼	46¾	+ ⅛
72⅝	59	Bank Tr	1.84	119	59½	59¾	59	59⅛	— ⅛
55	42¼	BarberOil	1f	20	53	53	49½	49½	—1
59¾	44	Bard CR	.25a	349	58¾	59⅜	58	58	—1⅛
14⅜	11½	Basic	Inc .80	12	12	12	11¾	11¾	

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Chge
19⅜	12⅜	Bates Mfg		31	15⅜	15½	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
24½	16⅞	Bates Mf	pf 1	5	19¼	19¼	19	19	
34⅞	22¼	BathInd	.20	172	30	31	30	31	+1½
83½	51	Bath	pf ctd	53	72	75	72	74½	+3
147	46⅝	BauschLb	.80	477	139	141½	135	135½	—2½
33⅜	26½	Baxt Lab	.17	225	32⅜	32⅝	32⅛	32⅜	— ⅛
32⅜	40½	Bearings	1	1	50⅜	50⅜	50⅜	50⅜	— ⅜
47⅞	34⅜	BeatFds	1.16	123	41	41	40⅜	40⅜	+ ⅛
107	72	Beat Fds	pf 4	1	105¾	105¾	105¾	105⅝	— ⅛
65	24⅜	Beckman	.50	52	45	46	44¼	46	+ ⅜
47	35¼	Bect Dick	.20	153	38¼	39¼	38¼	39	+ ½
21½	12	BeechAir	.60	60	21⅛	21½	21⅛	21⅜	+ ⅛
24¾	17	BelcoPet	.50b	131	20¼	20¼	19⅜	19½	— ½
27⅞	16½	BeldnaH	.60b	95	27⅛	28⅜	27⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
50	32¼	Bell How	.60	35	46½	46½	46¼	46⅛	
14⅛	9⅛	Bell Intrcon		460	14	15⅛	13⅞	14½	+ ⅛
22⅝	16	Bendix	Co .40	39	21½	21⅝	19⅜	19⅜	— 1⅝
27½	25½	Bendix	1.60	65	35¾	35¾	35¾	35½	— ½
58¾	48½	Bendix	pf 3	25	57¾	58½	57¾	58	+ ⅛
64⅞	51¼	BeneficCp	1.60	126	57½	57½	17¾	57¾	— ⅛
155		Benef	pf5.50	1	170¾	170¾	170¾	170¾	—6¼
62	53½	Benef	pf4.50	z50	60	60	60	60	
99½	80½	Benef	pf4.20	29	91½	91½	91½	90	—7
35¾	31½	Benf	Spf 2.50	z20	32¼	32¾	32¼	32¾	+ ⅛
10	6⅛	Benguet		105	9⅞	9⅞	8⅝	9⅛	— ⅛
		Benguet	fn	1	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	
13⅜	7⅜	Berkey	Pho	88	12¾	12¾	12⅜	12⅜	— ⅛
24½	21⅛	Beth	Stl 1.20	305	23½	23⅝	23¼	23⅜	— ⅛
52⅜	43½	Big	Three .60	99	50⅛	50⅝	50⅛	50⅛	— ⅛
77⅛	16	Black	Dk .88	299	70	70¼	68	68⅜	—1⅝
22⅜	16	BlairJohn	.48	138	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	— ½
24⅛	20	Bliss	Laug 1	35	23¾	23½	23	23¼	
75	59½	Block	HR .48	200	62¼	62¼	61¾	62	— ⅛
75	53¾	Blue	Bell 1.20	71	70	70¼	69½	70½	+ ⅛
21½	15	Bobbie	Brks	54	16¾	16¾	16¼	16⅜	+ ⅛
25¼	14⅜	Boeing	Co .40	536	24⅝	24⅝	24⅛	24½	— ⅛
49⅜	41	BoltCas	.25b	463	43⅝	43⅝	43⅜	43⅜	— ⅛
16½	8	Bond	Ind	7	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	+ ⅛
36¼	19½	BookMth	1.28	12	25	25⅜	25	25⅜	+ ⅛
30⅜	24⅞	Borden	1.20	215	27½	27½	27¼	27⅜	+ ⅛
32½	26⅛	BorgWar	1.25	122	30⅜	31	30¼	30⅜	+ ⅛
13¾	10	Borman	.10g	35	10⅜	10⅜	10⅛	10½	
40⅜	35½	BosEdis	2.36	13	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	
115⅜	103	Bos d	pf8.88	2420	108⅛	108⅛	108	108	— ½
17¾	9⅝	Bourns	Inc	11	15⅜	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
14⅜	8¼	BrkwyGl	.70	23	36	37	36	36	
27⅜	24⅛	BrkwyUG	1.72	22	25⅜	25½	25¼	25½	+ ⅛
11¾	4⅞	Brown	Co	16	9¾	9¾	9¼	9⅜	— ⅛
13⅜	10⅛	BrwnShrp	.20	8	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
45	33¾	BrwnShoe	1.10	3	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼	
33⅜	19⅝	Brunswk	.20	163	32	32½	32⅜	32	+ ⅛
32⅛	24¼	Bucy Er	1.20	86	30¼	30¼	30¼	30⅛	— ⅛
15	11¼	Budd Co		25	13	13⅛	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
65	52	Budd Co	pf 5	238	61	61	61	61	
7⅜	6⅜	BudgF	pf .60	3	7	7	7	7	
10¼	7⅛	Budget	Ind	4	9⅛	9¼	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
42½	34½	BuffFrg	1.10	17	40⅞	41	40⅝	41	+ ⅛
37⅜	31	BulovaW	.40	11	36⅛	36⅜	36⅛	36⅜	
17½	9⅜	Bunker	Ramo	412	15½	15⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
51½	32¼	BunkR	pf1.50	45	45	45	44½	44½	—1⅝
49⅜	42¼	Burl	Ind 1.40	101	44	44	44	44	
48⅜	33½	BurlNor	.75a	116	47	47	47	47	— ⅛
8⅛	6⅜	BurlNor	pf.55	46	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	+ ⅛
25¾	18¼	Burndy	.70	40	24½	24½	23⅞	23⅞	— ⅛
13⅜	10⅛	Burrghs	.60	198	12⅞	13⅜	12⅞	13⅛	+1⅜

C

50⅛	40¾	Cabot Cp	.70	17	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾	— ¼
13⅜	8	Cadence	Ind	33	8¾	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	
10⅜	8	Cal Finanl		44	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
19½	10	Callahn	Mns	441	12⅜	14¼	12⅜	14¼	+1⅝
35	26¾	CampRLk	.45	89	33¾	34¼	33¼	33¼	— ¼
34¾	30	Camp Sp	1.10	406	31⅜	31⅝	30⅜	31	— ⅛
9	7⅛	Cdn Brew	.40	22	7¾	8	7¾	7¾	
78¼	63½	Cdn Pac	3.30	6	72	72	71½	71½	— ⅛
19½	14⅜	Canalt	1.10	12	19	19	18½	18⅝	
47	29	Cap C	Bdcfg	165	45	45½	45	45⅛	— ⅛

D

13½	9	Dan River		32	9¾	9⅞	9¾	9⅞	— ⅛
37⅜	25¾	Dana Cp	1.25	52	34½	34⅝	34	34	— ¼
42⅜	35⅛	Dart Ind	.30b	92	42⅜	43	42½	43	+ ⅜
47⅜	41	Dart Ind	pf 2	7	47⅜	48	47⅜	48	+ ⅜
19¼	11⅛	Data Process		91	16⅞	17	16⅜	16⅜	— ⅜
21¾	18	DaycoCp	1.14	17	18½	18½	18½	18½	
27⅞	18⅜	Daylin	.24	71	24¾	24¾	24	24	— ⅜
37½	26½	DayInHud	.50	x40	36	36	35⅝	35⅞	— ¼
27⅜	24½	DaytnPL	1.68	44	25¼	25⅜	25¼	25½	
56	50½	DPL	pfA 3.75	z220	52½	53	52	52	+ ⅜
99	97½	DPL	pfE 7.70	z110	99	99	99	99	
47¾	39⅞	Dsers Co	2	838	45½	45¾	45	45½	— ⅛
22½	17⅜	DelmarP	1.12	73	17⅝	17⅞	17½	17⅝	
29¼	25¼	Del Mnte	1.10	81	27½	27⅝	26⅝	27¼	—
50	33¼	Delta Air	.50	z83	44	44	43¾	43⅝	— ⅛
7⅝	4⅝	Deltec Int		65	6⅜	6⅞	6½	6⅝	+ ⅛
32¾	22	Denn Mfg	.60	64	31	31½	30¾	31	— ⅛
12½	8⅜	DennyRst	.04	92	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	— ⅛
30½	24⅝	Dentsply	nt 1	2088	52	54½	51	54½	+6½
53¼	45½	Deraco	pf B	1	38¾	38¾	38¾	38¾	— ¼
33¼	24	DeSoto	Inc .40	55	30	30¼	30	30¼	— ⅛
23⅜	21⅛	DetEdis	1.40	85	21¼	21½	21⅛	21⅜	— ⅛
120	112	Det Ed	pf9.32	z100	114	114	114	114	
90	77½	Det Ed	pf5.50	1	79⅜	79⅜	79⅜	79⅜	
22	18⅛	Dexter	.24	24	20¾	21	20¾	21	+ ⅛
38	28⅛	DiaTrsInt	1.20	28	17¼	17½	17¼	17¼	— ¼
47	39½	DiamInt	1.80	1	44⅞	44⅞	44⅞	44⅞	
25¼	20¼	VDiam	Sham 1	x253	23	23¼	22½	23⅛	+
19¾	16½	DiaS	pf D1.20	x11	17¾	17¾	17½	17¾	+ ⅜
12¾	9⅛	Dicraphone		49	10	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛	— ⅛
82	65¼	Diebold	.40b	50	70¾	71	70	70½	— ½
17⅜	12¾	DiGiorg	.40	78	14	14¼	13⅝	14	+ ⅛
57⅜	42⅝	Digital	Equip	42	51½	51⅞	51¼	51⅝	— ⅛
17½	11¾	Dillingham	.40	78	13¾	14⅛	13⅝	14	+ ⅛
37½	28½	Dilling	pf A 2	4	33	33	33	33	

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New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

1971 — Stocks and	Sls.				Net
High. Low. Div. In $	100s.	First.	High	Low	Last. Chge
132 McIntyr 1.68	z180	138	138	138	138 —f
18¼ McKee .80	14	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛+ ⅛
48 McLean .80a	2	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾— ¼
17½ McLouth Stl	351	17¾	18⅛	17⅝	18 + ⅛
16 McNeil .70	3	16½	16⅝	16¾	16⅝
15¼ Mead Corp 1	76	21⅛	21⅝	21⅜	21⅝— ⅛
39 Mead pfA2.80	4	46	46	46	46 — ⅛
59 Mead pfB2.80	2	46½	46½	46½	46½
34½ MedcusC 1.20	240	44	44¾	43⅞	44 +1¼
4⅝ MEI Cp	12	8	8	8	8 — ⅛
40½ Melv Sho .80	74	57	57	56¾	56¾— ⅛
51⅝ Memorex Cp	249	56	56½	55¾	55⅝— ⅛
78 MercanS 1.48	6	117½	117½	115⅝	117 + ⅛
94⅝ Merck 2.20	95	110	110	108⅜	108¾— ⅜
9¾ Meredith .20	8	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛
38½ Mesa Pet .9	105	23½	23½	23½	23½—1⅛
73¼ Mes sr pf2.20	19	98½	98½	98½	98½—2½
18 MesabTr .41g	58	10	10⅛	10	10⅛
26 Mesta Mch 2	11	28	28⅛	27⅜	27⅜— ⅛
15½ MGM	23	22¾	23¼	22¾	23 + ⅛
17⅞ Metromd .50	277	24	24½	23⅝	24 + ⅛
30⅝ Met E pr 3.80	260	54	54	54	54
64¾ MGIC Inv .20	12	87½	87⅝	87	87 — ⅜
56½ MGIC Inv wt	3	58¼	58¼	58¼	58¼
15 Mich Gs Ut 1	12	15⅜	15¾	15¼	15¼— ⅛
14½ Mich Tube 1	4	15⅛	15⅛	15	15 — ⅛
12¾ Microdot .9g	92	24⅝	25	24½	24½— ⅜
16½ MidContT .92	17	20⅜	20½	20⅛	20½
23⅞ MidSUtil 1.02	316	24	24½	23⅝	24¼
25½ Midld R 1.40	18	30⅜	31	30¼	31 + ⅛
91½ Midwst Oil 3	3	104½	104½	104½	104½— ⅜
43⅜ MilesLab 1.20	182	58½	59⅛	58½	58¾—1⅞
21 Mill Brad .60	19	34	34½	34	34⅛+ ⅜
51⅛ MinnMAM 1.85	118	113⅝	113⅝	113½	113½— ⅛
19¼ MinnPL1 1.3 g	67	20	20⅛	19⅝	19⅝— ⅜
12 MissRivr .74t	88	13½	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜— ⅛
25⅝ MP Corn 1.60	15	28⅛	28⅞	28½	28⅝+ ⅛
18⅛ MoPubS .80b	22	19½	19¾	19⅜	19⅝+ ⅛
57⅝ MobilOil 2.40	165	56½	57⅛	56	57⅛+1
38⅛ Mohas 1.10	7	35¾	35¾	35¼	35¾
23⅝ Mohawk Data	171	42	42¼	41	41⅝—1⅛
32½ Molybd .6at	28	35¼	35¾	34¾	34⅞
37 Molyb pf2.50	7	39	40	39	40 +2
17½ Monarch .40	15	18¾	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝+ ⅛
10½ Monogm Ind	43	12½	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝— ⅛
26⅜ MononR .15g	13	41	41	40¼	40⅝— ⅛
41½ MoorePo .60	11	58¼	58⅝	58	58 + ⅛
32⅝ Morsent 1.80	191	45¼	45⅝	45⅛	45⅛+ ⅛
46 Moses pf 2.75	11	35¾	35¾	35½	35½
35 MotrCtU 1.50	4	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾
20¼ Mont Pw 1.68	20	35¾	36	35¾	35¾— ⅛
104¼ MONYM .23g	175	12⅜	12⅝	12¼	12⅜— ⅛
13¾ Moor McCor	18	13¾	13¾	13¼	13⅜— ⅛
43¾ MorganJ 2.72	162	67½	68	67⅛	67¾+ ⅛
23 Morse Sh .75	26	25	25½	24½	25 + ⅛
33⅝ MorNor .80	298	34¼	34¾	33⅝	34⅜
47½ Motorola 1.20	57	80⅝	80¾	80⅛	80½+ ⅛
36½ MtFuel 2 1.80	22	44	44⅛	43⅝	44 + ⅛
22⅜ MtStaTT 1.36	13	23	23⅜	23	23⅜
13 MSL Ind .40	60	15⅛	15⅜	15⅛	15⅜+ ⅜
8⅝ Mumford .2t	16	15	15⅜	14⅝	15⅛
67½ Munsfrd pf.40	3	9⅝	9½	9⅝	9½+ ⅛
19¾ Munsingwr 1	2	27⅜	27⅜	27¼	27¼— ⅛
23¼ MurphyCo 1.20	21	34⅝	35	34½	34⅝
13⅝ MurphO 1.20	2	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜+ ⅛
26½ Murph Oil .60	171	37¼	37¼	36	36 — ⅛
85¼ MurpO pf5.20	6	103½	103½	103	103 — ⅛
15¼ MurryOh .60	15	24	24	23⅝	24

N

48⅛ Nabisco2.20	46	54⅜	54⅝	53⅜	54 —1
42⅝ Nalco Ch .80	420	33⅝	33⅝	32	32 —1⅛
15⅝ Narco Sci .60	37	18	18	17	18 +1
16⅜ NatAirln .10p	51	26⅛	26⅝	26½	26½— ⅛
20⅜ Nat Avia .96g	14	24⅜	25	24⅜	24⅜
25⅛ Nat Can .45	40	30½	30¼	29⅞	29⅞— ⅛
37½ NatCashR .72	499	43⅜	44	43¼	43⅜+ ⅛
36½ Nat Chem .38	185	44	44	43¾	43¾— ⅛
18¼ NatCityL .90	46	25¼	25⅝	24½	25⅛
15½ Nat Distil .90	147	16⅛	17⅛	16¾	17 + ⅛
57 N Dist pf 4.25	220	63½	63½	63¼	63½
15 N Dist pf 2.25	1	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾+ ⅛
22½ Nat Fuel 1.68	29	25½	25⅝	25⅜	25⅝
15⅜ Nat Gen .20	265	26⅛	26⅜	27⅜	26⅜+ ⅛
20½ Nat Gyp 1.05	103	22¼	22½	22	22⅛— ⅜
5⅝ Nat Indust	194	8⅝	9	8½	8½
11⅞ Natind pf1.25	30	15	15⅛	14⅝	15 + ⅛
31¼ Nat Presto 1	12	35⅜	35½	35⅜	35⅜— ⅛
21⅛ NatSvcin .66	37	27⅜	27¾	26¾	26¾— ⅞
31⅜ Nat Stand .75	71	29½	29⅝	29⅛	29⅛
39⅝ Nat Steel 2.50	164	45⅝	45⅝	45⅜	45⅜+1½
17½ Nat Tea 1.80	10	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
9⅝ NatLinEl .22d	81	20⅞	21½	20⅝	21½+ ⅜
53¼ Natomas .25	451	86	87⅝	83⅝	84½— ½
16 Neptune .40	4	28½	28⅝	28	28 — ⅛
36 NevPow 1.24	28	36¾	36¾	36¾	37⅛+ ⅜
16¾ Newberry 1	16	21⅛	21⅝	21¼	21⅜— ⅛
22¾ NEngEl 1.56	63	23⅜	23⅜	23⅛	23½— ⅛
32⅛ NE Tt 2.36	17	34½	34¾	34	34½+ ⅜
29½ Newmat 1.04	257	36⅛	36½	36⅛	36⅛
18⅝ Newmt Pf 2.25	2	31½	31½	31½	31½— ⅛
15⅞ NYNatGs .60	82	20⅝	20⅝	20⅛	20⅛— ⅛
30¾ NYS EG 2.88	73	31½	31½	31⅛	31⅛— ⅛
106 NYSEI pf8.80	270	107½	107½	107½	107½
16½ Niag MP 1.10	148	16⅜	17	16¾	16⅝+ ⅛
78 Nia M pf 6.0	2140	80	80	80	80 + ½
69 Nia M pf 5.25	230	70½	70½	70	70 ⅝ ½
62 Nia M pf 4.85	270	62½	62½	62½	62½—1
51 Nia M pf 3.90	z210	53	53	52	52 + ½
47¾ Nia M pf 3.80	z130	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾
46 Nia M pf 3.40	2120	45½	45¾	45	45 —1
15¼ NiagShr .94g	3	15⅜	15⅜	15½	15⅜
12⅛ NL Ind 1	157	27½	28¼	27¼	28⅛
46⅜ Norfolk W .5	76	76	76½	75⅜	75⅝— ½
11⅛ NorlinCp .35g	16	22⅞	22⅝	22½	22½— ⅛
123½ Norris Ind 1	36	34½	34½	34½	34½+ ⅜
18½ NA Coal .40	7	20⅜	20⅜	20	20 — ⅛
22¼ NoAmAt 1.04g	82	25¾	26⅛	25⅝	26⅛— ⅛
23 No Am Phil 1	33	30	30⅜	29½	29⅞— ⅛
19¾ NoamRk 1.20	172	26⅜	27⅛	26½	27⅛+ ⅛
60½ NoARk pf4.75	2	73	73	73	73 — ⅛
20 NoARk pf1.35	83	25	26	25½	25⅝+ ⅛
13⅜ NoAtest Ut .54	9	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
14⅞ NorCenGs .40	58	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝+ ⅜
16 Nor Cent Ry 4	220	16	16	16	16
30½ NoIlfGas 1.76	54	30½	30⅝	30½	30⅝ —½

1971 — Stocks and	Sls.				Net
High. Low. Div. In $	100s.	First.	High	Low	Last. Chge
32⅜ 25¼ No In PS 1.32	48	28½	28½	27¾	27¾— ⅜
56⅞ 49⅜ NoNGas 2.60	103	51⅜	51⅝	50½	50⅝— ⅜
87 79 No NG pf5.50	z40	80½	80½	80½	80½
39¼ 25¼ NoStaPw 1.70	104	28⅝	26	25⅜	26 + ⅛
55½ 50¾ NS Pw pf3.60	220	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾+ ⅛
11⅝ 8½ Nothgte .25g	28	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8⅝+ ⅛
28⅝ 20½ Northrop 1	13	25⅛	25⅝	22⅝	22⅝+ ⅜
29½ 23¾ Northp pf1.45	2	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾+ ⅛
26½ 20¾ Nwst Airl .45	289	37⅜	38	37½	37½— ⅜
39½ 33¾ NwtBanc 1.40	3	35½	35½	35½	35½+ ⅛
29⅜ 17⅛ Nowst Ind	561	28⅜	28¾	28¼	28¾
92½ 60½ Nwtind pfA5	10	89½	90⅜	89⅜	89⅝— ⅛
92 61½ Nwtind pfC5	5	89½	89½	89	89 — ½
71⅛ 48⅜ Nwstin pf4.20	16	69¼	70⅛	69⅛	69⅜— ⅜
89½ 65 NwstSfW 2.20	46	86	86	84½	84½— 2
34 27¼ Norton 1.50	21	32⅝	33	32¼	32½— ⅛
55¼ 47¼ Nort Simon	46	53	53	52⅜	52⅜— ½
54⅜ 45⅛ Nort S pf1.60	13	52¾	52¾	52	52 — ⅛
20½ 8¾ NVF Co	15	19⅜	19⅛	18⅛	18⅛

O

13½ 6¾ Oak Elect .16	6	12⅜	13⅛	12⅜	12⅜+ ⅜
22½ 16¾ Oakite Pd .80	4	19⅜	19½	19⅜	19⅜+ ⅛
22⅜ 16⅛ Occid Pet 1	1207	20⅛	20⅛	19⅜	19⅜— ⅜
78½ 54 OccidPet pf 4	12	65	65	64⅝	65 —1
79¾ 52½ OccidP pf3.60	26	62⅝	63⅛	62⅝	63⅛+ ⅜
19⅛ 11½ Ogden Corp	140	17⅜	17⅜	17	17⅜+ ⅛
34½ 25¼ Ogden pf1.87	5	33	33	32½	32½— ⅜
27⅝ 23 OhioEdis 1.54	60	25	25	24⅝	24⅝— ⅛
71 62 Oh Ed pf 4.40	z100	66½	66½	66⅜	66⅜— ⅛
61 54 Oh Ed pf 3.90	z20	55½	55½	55½	55½+ ½
28½ 24 Okla GE 1.24	219	25½	25⅝	25⅜	25⅝
24 20½ OklaNG 1.24	22	21⅛	21½	21⅛	21¼— ⅛
26 17½ Olin Corp .88	117	24½	24⅝	24⅜	24⅝— ⅛
16½ 12¼ OmarkIn .40	44	15¾	16	15⅝	16 +⅛
25¾ 17⅜ OVNEIDAL1 .70	15	20¼	20½	20	20¼
20⅜ 16½ OpelNo 1	14	18⅜	18⅞	18½	18½
22⅛ 20 Oregon P 1.20	22	21	20¼	20⅛	20 — ⅛
44⅜ 39⅝ Otis Elev 2	38	39⅝	40	39½	39⅝— ⅛
39⅜ 27¼ Outbd Mar 1	54	38½	38⅝	38⅛	38⅛— ⅛
22 14⅜ Outlet Co .65	7	19½	19¾	19½	19¾
53 36⅛ OvarTrans 1	14	50⅜	52½	50¾	50¾— ⅛
46 39⅛ Owen Cng .75	440	41⅛	41⅝	40	40 —1⅛
66½ 54⅜ Owen Ill 1.35	34	63⅜	63⅜	63½	63⅜+ ⅛
21 15 Oxf Ind A .60	5	17⅞	17⅞	17¼	17⅜+ ⅛

P-Q

34⅜ 29½ PacGEI 1.64	236	32¾	32¾	32¼	31⅞— ⅜
28¾ 19½ pacgasExp .80	2	27	27	26½	27
25⅝ 25¼ PacLtg 1.60	59	26½	27¼	26⅛	26½+ ⅛
32¾ 26½ PacPetr1 .30e	278	30⅝	30½	30	30⅛— ⅛
24½ 0⅛ PacPwL 1.28	38	23¾	23⅝	23⅜	23½+ ⅛
22⅛ 20¼ Pac Swst Air	29	30⅜	30⅞	30¼	30¾+1⅛
22⅝ 18¾ Pac T&T 1.20	22	19½	19½	19¼	19½— ⅛
99 86½ Pac T&T pf 6	250	91	91	91	91 +1
13½ 10⅜ PacTin .60	1	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜— ⅛
15⅝ 8¼ PalmBch .25	143	14⅜	14⅝	14⅛	14½— ⅛
15⅝ 11 PanAmS .20g	38	11⅞	12⅛	11⅞	12 + ⅛
20¼ 11⅞ PanAm WAir	667	18½	19	18½	18⅝+ ⅛
40⅜ 32¾ Penn EP 1.80	389	39	39	38¼	38½— ⅜
47½ 33¾ Pepercrt .60	57	47	47½	47	47½+ ⅛
23⅝ 16⅛ Pargas .84	362	21⅝	21⅝	21⅛	21⅜— ⅛
27⅞ 24 Parkbg pf2.64	1	25½	25½	25½	25½— ⅛
46⅞ 33⅝ ParkHan 1.60	14	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾— ⅛
22 15⅞ Park Pen .40	53	21	21⅛	21	21
7⅜ 5¼ Penn Cent	186	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	5⅝
14 10½ Penn Dixie	20	12⅜	12⅜	12¼	12⅜— ⅛
25⅛ 17½ Penn Fruit 1	14	24½	24⅞	24½	24⅞
77⅜ 54⅜ Penney JC 1	126	70⅜	71⅜	70½	71¼+ ⅜
47⅜ 27⅜ PennCo pf 2	2	45⅜	45⅜	45⅜	45⅜— ⅛
26¼ 22⅝ PennEJ 1.68	2	24	24	24	24
110½ 102 Pa PLt pf8.40	2360	105	105	104¾	105
69¾ 59½ Pa PLt pf4.50	2230	60	61	60	61
33⅜ 26½ Penwalt 1.20	195	32⅝	33⅛	32⅛	33 + ⅜
56¾ 43¼ Penwlt pf2.50	6	53¾	54⅜	53¼	54 +1
30½ 23¾ Penwlt pf1.25	13	27	27	26¾	26¾— ⅛
39 28 PenznSun .80	176	35¼	35½	34⅝	35 — ⅛
35 28 Penz 1 pf1.30	28	33½	33¾	33¼	33½
28½ 19¾ PeopDrg 1.10	1	25⅜	25⅜	25¼	25⅜+ ⅛
39⅜ 35 PeopGas 2.08	56	35⅝	36	35⅝	35⅞— ⅛
61½ 52⅛ PepsiCo 1	95	58¾	59	58⅜	58⅝+ ⅜
46⅜ 29 PerElmr .20g	20	45⅛	45⅝	45¼	45¼+ ⅛
42 37½ Pet Inc 1.20	12	40½	40½	39⅝	39⅝— ⅜
24⅞ 21⅝ Petinc pf 1	13	23½	23½	23½	23½+ ⅛
23⅜ 21 Pet Inc pf.80	8	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜+ ⅛
34⅜ 23½ PetePanH 1.20	22	27⅜	27⅝	26⅞	27⅛— ⅛
31⅜ 19⅜ Petrfrm .49g	8	20½	20½	20¼	20¼
49¼ 34⅜ Pfizer .60a	682	40½	40¾	39¾	39⅝— ⅛
48 37⅜ Phelps D 2.10	66	42⅜	42⅜	42¼	42⅜— ⅛
25⅛ 22¾ Phila El 1.64	193	23¾	23¾	23	23 — ⅛
115 106½ Phil El pf8.75	z50	110	110	110	110
102 99 Phil El pf7.85 z670		100½	101	100	101 +1½
92¼ 84 PhilaEl pf 7	2230	96½	96¾	96	96 — ⅛
68 58 Phil El pf4.40	220	59½	59½	59½	59½
67½ 46¾ PhilMorr 1.20	143	64⅛	64⅝	63½	63½— ⅜
69 59 PhilMor pf 4	240	61½	61½	61½	61½—1½
17 13⅜ Philip Ind .16	121	14	14	13½	13⅝— ⅛
24 19⅜ Phil Ind pf 1	6	19¼	19¼	19	19 — ⅜
34½ 27⅛ Phill Pet 1.20	254	30⅜	30⅜	30⅛	30⅛+ ⅛
19½ 15 Phil VH .40	x54	17½	18	17½	17⅝+ ⅛
23⅜ 20½ PiedNGs 1.20	57	21	21	21	21 + ⅛
58½ 51⅛ Pillsbury 1.44	82	52½	52½	51⅜	51⅝— ⅛
17½ 15⅝ PionNGas .80	27	16⅛	16⅝	16⅛	16⅜+ ⅛
35⅜ 25⅛ Pitney B 1.20	224	31½	31½	31½	31½— ⅜
44⅝ 39⅝ Otis Elev 2	38	39⅝	40	39½	39⅝— ⅛
39⅜ 27¼ Outbd Mar 1	54	38½	38⅝	38⅛	38⅛— ⅛
22 14⅜ Outlet Co .65	7	19½	19¾	19½	19¾
53 36⅛ OvarTrans 1	14	50⅜	52½	50¾	50¾— ⅛
46 39⅛ Owen Cng .75	440	41⅛	41⅝	40	40 —1⅛
66½ 54⅜ Owen Ill 1.35	34	63⅜	63⅜	63½	63⅜+ ⅛
21 15 Oxf Ind A .60	5	17⅞	17⅞	17¼	17⅜+ ⅛
44⅝ 29½ PacGEI 1.64	236	32¾	32¾	32¼	31⅞— ⅜
28¾ 19½ pacgasExp .80	2	27	27	26½	27
25⅝ 25¼ PacLtg 1.60	59	26½	27¼	26⅛	26½+ ⅛
32¾ 26½ PacPetr1 .30e	278	30⅜	30½	30	30⅛— ⅛
24½ 0⅛ PacPwL 1.28	38	23¾	23⅝	23⅜	23½+ ⅛
22⅛ 20¼ Pac Swst Air	29	30⅜	30⅞	30¼	30¾+1⅛
22⅝ 18¾ Pac T&T 1.20	22	19½	19½	19¼	19½— ⅛
99 86½ Pac T&T pf 6	250	91	91	91	91 +1
13½ 10⅜ PacTin .60	1	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜— ⅛
15⅝ 8¼ PalmBch .25	143	14⅜	14⅝	14⅛	14½— ⅛
15⅝ 11 PanAmS .20g	38	11⅞	12⅛	11⅞	12 + ⅛
20¼ 11⅞ PanAm WAir	667	18½	19	18½	18⅝+ ⅛
40⅜ 32¾ Penn EP 1.80	389	39	39	38¼	38½— ⅜
47½ 33¾ Pepercrt .60	57	47	47½	47	47½+ ⅛
23⅝ 16⅛ Pargas .84	362	21⅝	21⅝	21⅛	21⅜— ⅛
27⅞ 24 Parkbg pf2.64	1	25½	25½	25½	25½— ⅛
46⅞ 33⅝ ParkHan 1.60	14	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾— ⅛
22 15⅞ Park Pen .40	53	21	21⅛	21	21
7⅜ 5¼ Penn Cent	186	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	5⅝
14 10½ Penn Dixie	20	12⅜	12⅜	12¼	12⅜— ⅛
25⅛ 17½ Penn Fruit 1	14	24½	24⅞	24½	24⅞
77⅜ 54⅜ Penney JC 1	126	70⅜	71⅜	70½	71¼+ ⅜
47⅜ 27⅜ PennCo pf 2	2	45⅜	45⅜	45⅜	45⅜— ⅛
26¼ 22⅝ PennEJ 1.68	2	24	24	24	24
110½ 102 Pa PLt pf8.40	2360	105	105	104¾	105
69¾ 59½ Pa PLt pf4.50	2230	60	61	60	61
33⅜ 26½ Penwalt 1.20	195	32⅝	33⅛	32⅛	33 + ⅜
56¾ 43¼ Penwlt pf2.50	6	53¾	54⅜	53¼	54 +1
30½ 23¾ Penwlt pf1.25	13	27	27	26¾	26¾— ⅛
39 28 PenznSun .80	176	35¼	35½	34⅝	35 — ⅛
35 28 Penz 1 pf1.30	28	33½	33¾	33¼	33½
28½ 19¾ PeopDrg 1.10	1	25⅜	25⅜	25¼	25⅜+ ⅛
39⅜ 35 PeopGas 2.08	56	35⅝	36	35⅝	35⅞— ⅛
61½ 52⅛ PepsiCo 1	95	58¾	59	58⅜	58⅝+ ⅜
46⅜ 29 PerElmr .20g	20	45⅛	45⅝	45¼	45¼+ ⅛
42 37½ Pet Inc 1.20	12	40½	40½	39⅝	39⅝— ⅜
24⅞ 21⅝ Petinc pf 1	13	23½	23½	23½	23½+ ⅛
23⅜ 21 Pet Inc pf.80	8	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜+ ⅛
34⅜ 23½ PetePanH 1.20	22	27⅜	27⅝	26⅞	27⅛— ⅛
31⅜ 19⅜ Petrfrm .49g	8	20½	20½	20¼	20¼
49¼ 34⅜ Pfizer .60a	682	40½	40¾	39¾	39⅝— ⅛
48 37⅜ Phelps D 2.10	66	42⅜	42⅜	42¼	42⅜— ⅛
25⅛ 22¾ Phila El 1.64	193	23¾	23¾	23	23 — ⅛
115 106½ Phil El pf8.75	z50	110	110	110	110
102 99 Phil El pf7.85 z670		100½	101	100	101 +1½
92¼ 84 PhilaEl pf 7	2230	96½	96¾	96	96 — ⅛
68 58 Phil El pf4.40	220	59½	59½	59½	59½
67½ 46¾ PhilMorr 1.20	143	64⅛	64⅝	63½	63½— ⅜
69 59 PhilMor pf 4	240	61½	61½	61½	61½—1½
17 13⅜ Philip Ind .16	121	14	14	13½	13⅝— ⅛
24 19⅜ Phil Ind pf 1	6	19¼	19¼	19	19 — ⅜
34½ 27⅛ Phill Pet 1.20	254	30⅜	30⅜	30⅛	30⅛+ ⅛
19½ 15 Phil VH .40	x54	17½	18	17½	17⅝+ ⅛
23⅜ 20½ PiedNGs 1.20	57	21	21	21	21 + ⅛
58½ 51⅛ Pillsbury 1.44	82	52½	52½	51⅜	51⅝— ⅛
17½ 15⅝ PionNGas .80	27	16⅛	16⅝	16⅛	16⅜+ ⅛
35⅜ 25⅛ Pitney B 1.20	224	31½	31½	31½	31½— ⅜
53½ 44⅛ PittPFW pf	390	52	52	52	52
46⅜ 38 PittYngAsh pf 2100		43	43	43	43
52½ 40 Pittston .60b	222	47¼	47¼	45⅝	45⅝—1½
26 15¾ Plan Resrch	196	19⅜	19⅜	19¼	19¼
2⅝ 2⅜ PlesseyLt .12	147	2⅝	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜+ ⅛
Plessy fn.12	101	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
109¾ 76 Polaroid .32	301	106½	107¼	104½	104⅝—1¾
23¼ 19⅝ PortGEI 1.36	10	21¼	21¼	21¼	21⅜+ ⅛
38⅜ 27¼ PotlatchF 1	73	30	30⅜	29½	30 +⅛
14¼ 7 Potter Inc 1	1	80	14½	15	14⅝14⅝+ ⅛
62 56 Pot El pf 4.50	x77	57	57	57	57
43 36½ Pot El pf 2.44	4	36⅝	36⅝	36½	36½— ⅜
38 33¾ PPG Ind 1.48	56	36½	36½	36½	36½— ⅛
33 23¾ Prmrind .60	374	34	34	34	34 + ⅛
22½ 17 Premr 1 pf.90	1	21½	21½	21½	21½
61 54 ProctGm 1.40	543	61	61½	60⅝	60¾— ⅛
25⅝ 15¾ ProdRsch .10	163	21⅛	23	21	23 +2
12⅝ 11⅝ PubSCol 1.12	186	23½	4	.23½	23½+
31⅛ 24¾ P Sv EG 1.64	257	28	28	27⅝	28 + ⅛
124¾ 113⅝ PSEG pf9.62	2270	119	119½	118	118
76 68⅜ PSEG pf5.05	z110	69	69	69	69
65½ 59 PSEG pf4.38	250	59	59	59	59
22⅜ 19¼ PSEG pf1.40	10	20⅜	20		

American Stock Exchange Trading

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
14⅛	9⅝	AberdnMf	.40	3	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
6	4⅛	Abrdn P	.12f	34	5	5⅛	4⅞	5	
4⅞	2⅞	Acme Hamil		5	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
2¾	2¾	Acme Prec		1	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛
34⅛	15⅜	Action Ind		13	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	+ ⅝
9¾	3½	Adams Russl		2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
18⅝	8⅜	Admiral Intl		26	17⅛	17⅛	16⅝	16⅛	— ⅜
12⅞	8¾	A&E Plast P		36	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
7⅜	4⅛	Aerodex Inc		7	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
9214	8½	Aero Flo	.20	7	11	11	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
27⅝	18⅜	Aerojet .50a		6	20	20	19⅛	20	— ⅛
14	9	Aeronca .20e		26	9⅞	9⅞	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
8	5	Aerosol .10f		20	6⅛	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
8⅝	5½	Aerovox Cp		19	6¾	7	6⅞	7	+ ⅛
15	12⅛	Affil Cap Cp		15	13⅛	13⅝	13	13	— ⅜
10	7⅞	Affil Cap wt		17	8⅜	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
13¾	10¼	Affil Hosp	.20	4	12	12¼	12	12	— ⅛
9⅝	6	AIC Photo		17	8	8¼	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
6¾	3⅛	Aiken Ind		5	4½	4½	4½	4½	— ⅛
3¾	1⅛	AIM Cos		130	2	2	1⅞	1⅞	
19	13¾	Airborne Frt		35	14⅞	15⅛	14⅜	15	
2	1¼	Airlift Intl		104	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	1⅜	
12½	8⅝	Airpax Elec		6	9⅜	9⅜	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
21⅜	11	Airwick B	.25	5	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	— ⅜
27⅛	21	Alaska Air	.30g	1	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	
22¾	26½	AlnWood 1.60		13	30⅛	30½	29⅝	30	
8½	5¼	Alaska Airl		22	6½	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
14	6¾	Alba Wal	.24	9	9⅞	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	
9½	4⅜	Aldon Ind		3	7½	7½	7¼	7¼	+ ⅛
22⅞	17¼	AlisMfg 1.00g		30	21	21	20¾	21	+ ⅛
9⅝	6¾	All Amer Ind		21	9	9¼	9	9¼	+ ⅛
18⅝	10¼	Alleghy Airl		43	16⅜	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅜
12	6⅛	AlleghAirl wt		4	10	10⅛	10	10⅛	
24⅝	15½	Allen El .87f		51	23¼	24	23¼	24	+1
45⅞	24¼	Alliance T R		83	45	45	43⅝	44⅛	— ⅜
5⅜	3⅜	Allied Art		38	4⅜	4⅜	4⅛	4⅛	
11⅜	8	Allied Contrl		1	9½	9½	9½	9½	— ⅛
10⅝	7⅛	Allison Stl	.40	11	9¾	9⅞	9¾	9⅞	
7¼	4	Alpha Ind		1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
6¼	3⅞	Altamil Cp		5	4¾	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	
17¼	12⅞	Alter Fds .50		8	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	+ ⅛
66	51½	Alcoa pf 3.75		2600	53	54	52¾	53¾	+ ⅛
15¾	9⅝	AlumSpec	.44	24	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
24	10⅞	Amco Ind		100	17¼	18⅝	17¼	18⅝	+1½
12⅜	6⅜	Ameco Inc		11	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
20	13⅜	Am Agronom		10	15⅜	15½	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
10½	6⅞	A AutVnd	.20	12	9⅛	9⅛	8⅛	9	— ⅜
12⅞	9⅜	Am BiRrt	.30	15	10	10	9⅜	9⅜	— ⅛
8½	5⅞	A BkStrs	.21f	4	6½	6½	6½	6½	— ⅛
34	30½	AmBldgM	.24	29	32¼	32½	32¼	32¼	+ ⅛
27	21⅜	A CenM	1.04g	57	24½	25	24½	24½	— ⅛
23¼	17½	Am Fin	1.10	32	21¾	22	21¼	21¼	— ⅜
31½	23½	A Fitch	1.24g	31	28⅜	28⅝	27⅝	28	— ⅜
11	3¼	Am Fitch wt		15	7½	7½	7¼	7⅜	— ⅛
6⅜	3¼	A Israeli	.12g	10	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
16⅝	9	A MaizeA	.33	8	14⅛	14⅛	14	14	— ⅛
16	9⅛	A MaizeB	.33	7	14½	14½	14½	14½	— ⅛
42½	35¾	Am Mf 1.20g		2	37¾	37¾	37½	37½	— ⅛
30¾	18⅜	AmMotInns	.20	20	28½	28⅝	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
29⅜	20⅜	AmPetrol	.56g	23	23¼	23¼	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
4¼	2¾	Am Precisn		1				4	
12⅜	7⅞	A RityTr	.55g	8	10⅜	10½	10¼	10¼	— ⅛
14⅝	8¾	AmSet Equip		107	12	12½	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅜
9⅝	4¾	AmTech I	1f	22	7¾	7¾	7½	7¾	+ ⅛
23⅜	16⅞	AmesDep Str		29	22¾	23	22¾	23	+ ½
41	23½	Amres Corp		73	24⅜	25½	24⅜	24⅝	— ⅛
3½	2⅜	Andy Gard		3	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	
38	23⅜	Angelica	.18	45	32⅜	32⅜	31½	31½	—1
2½	1⅜	Anglo Lautro		25	2	2	1⅞	1⅞	
14⅜	8⅜	Ansul Co		51	14⅞	15	14⅞	14⅝	
9½	5¼	Anthony Ind		16	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
3¼	2⅛	AO Instrd		106	3⅜	3¾	3⅛	3¼	
8⅜	2¾	Apollo Indust		28	7½	7¾	7¼	7¼	+ ⅛
13⅝	4⅛	Applied Data		57	7½	7¾	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
7½	4⅜	Applied Dev		31	4½	4⅝	4⅜	4⅜	+ ⅛
32⅜	23½	Aquitain Ltd		266	28½	28¾	28¼	28½	— ⅛
28⅛	17⅜	Arctic Ent		60	25⅜	25½	24⅜	24⅝	—1
3¼	2	Argus Inc		10	2⅜	2⅜	2¼	2¼	— ⅛
19	13½	ArtzCoIoLd	C	6	14⅜	16⅜	14⅜	16⅜	
25½	16¼	Ark Best	.30	8	24⅞	24⅞	24⅜	24⅜	
34⅞	27¼	Ark Gas	1.30	13	32¼	32¼	32	32¼	
14⅛	9½	Arrow Elect		15	11⅜	12	11½	11½	— ½
28⅞	18¼	Arundel		9	24	24¼	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
8⅞	5¼	Arwood Cp		3	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	+ ⅛
24⅜	13⅞	Asamera Oil		300	22¼	22¼	21⅜	21⅜	— ⅛
12⅜	8⅝	Ashl Oil Can		73	9⅜	10⅛	9⅝	10⅛	+ ⅛
11	7	ASPRO .25b		56	8¾	9⅛	8⅝	9⅛	+1
22	18¼	AssdBaby	.60	18	22⅜	23	22⅜	23	— ⅜
27⅞	25	Assd M 1.20g		23	26⅝	26⅞	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅜
38⅛	31¼	AstdProd	.40	1	31½	31½	31½	31½	— ⅛
4½	3	Astrex Inc		10	3⅝	3⅝	3½	3½	— ⅛
13	12¼	Atalanta Cp		59	12⅛	13½	12	13¼	+1
3⅜	2⅛	Atco Chem		13	2⅛	2½	2⅜	2⅜	— ⅛
23⅞	15	Atico M	.45g	88	20	20	18¼	18⅝	— ⅛
11¾	4¼	Atico Mfg	wt	88	8¾	9	8¼	8¼	— ⅜
42⅛	28	AtICA	.40e	23	40¼	40¾	40¼	40¼	— ⅛
18½	13½	AtlCoMln	.42g	12	16⅞	17	16⅜	16⅝	— ⅜
21⅜	14⅜	Atlas Cp wt		55	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	
24½	19	Auset Inc		105	19⅞	20¼	19⅜	20¼	+ ⅜
18¾	14⅛	Austral Oil		46	16¾	16¾	16	16	— ½
15½	9⅝	Auto Bldg		50	11¾	12¼	11⅜	11⅞	— ⅛
14⅛	8⅛	Automat Rad		23	10⅛	10⅛	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
9¼	7⅛	AutomSvc	.20	27	8¼	8¼	7¾	7¾	
34⅝	22	AutoSwtch	.30g	27	31⅛	31⅝	31⅛	31⅝	+ ⅛
10	3¼	AVC Corp		3	8⅛	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
10¾	6⅛	AVEMC	.10	30	9	10	9¾	9⅞	— ⅛
44¾	33½	Avondl	1.20b	1	38⅛	38⅛	38¼	38⅛	— ⅛

B

31¾	22	BagdCoe	.40b			31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	—
29½	21	Baker Ind	.24	179	28½	28½	27⅞	27⅞	— ⅛	
21⅞	20¼	Baker M	.28g	11	20¾	20¾	20½	20¼	— ½	
51½	28	Bald DH	1.20	3	47¼	47¼	47	47	— ⅛	
7	5¾	Bald Sc	.16g	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛		
8⅝	4¼	Ball Co		8	8⅝	8⅝	8¼	8⅝		
6½	2¼	Bang Pun	wt	16	3¼	3¼	3¼	3⅜	+ ⅛	
13¾	8¼	Banister Cntl		37	11¾	11⅞	11½	11¾		
27	23	BankrUt	.14g	16	25½	25¾	25	25¼	+ ⅛	
6⅞	3½	Banner Indus		6	5	5	5	5	+ ⅛	
9¾	4½	Barb Lynn		19	7⅝	8	7¾	8	+ ⅛	
17⅜	10⅝	Barnes Eng		37	17	17¾	16½	17	— ⅛	
14⅝	5⅜	Barnwel Ind		22	13¼	13⅝	12¾	13		
19	11	Barry R	1.65f	3	16½	16½	16	16	— ⅛	
13⅜	8¼	Barry Wr	.20	30	9⅝	10	9⅝	10	— ⅛	
8	4⅜	Bartell Med		15	6¼	6½	6¼	6⅜	+ ⅛	
16⅞	6	Barth Sp	.33	90	16⅞	16⅞	16¼	16¾	+ ⅛	
12⅛	9	BartonBr	.45f	2	.8⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝		
10¼	6	Bartons Cdy		10	8	8⅛	8	8		
4½	2¼	Baruch Fostr		11	3	3⅛	3	3	— ⅛	
10⅞	8⅝	BarwickET		8	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛	
4⅞	2⅜	BBI Inc		34	4	4	3⅝	4	+ ⅛	
15½	10¼	Behavlori RL		135	10	10	9	10	— ⅛	
19g3	12¼	Behring Corp		68	13⅜	13½	13	13	— ⅛	
6	4¼	Bell Electrn		45	4½	4½	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛	
12	7	Belscot	.40f	3	9⅛	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	— ⅛	
14½	6⅜	Benrus Corp		18	12¾	12¾	12¼	12¼	— ⅜	
16⅛	11⅜	BersBrun	.24	155	13⅜	14	12½	12½	— 1⅛	
26⅝	20½	Berg B	pf1.75	3	23⅜	23⅝	22¾	22¾		
28½	20	Berven Carpt		16	25⅜	26½	25⅜	26½	+1	

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13⅝	6⅞	Beth Cp	.75f	95	14½	14⅝	13½	13⅝	— ⅛
17⅝	9	Beverly Ent		15	13⅝	14	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
23½	17⅛	BigBearA	1	72	21⅜	23⅝	21⅞	23⅝	+2¼
33½	22¾	Binneys	.80	1	29¼	29¼	29¼	29¼	
8¼	4⅜	Bluebird Inc		30	6⅜	6⅞	6⅜	6⅜	
4½	1⅜	Bluebird wt		31	3¼	3¾	3⅜	3⅜	
21⅞	15½	Bohack Corp		3	18	18½	18	18½	+ ⅛
8	3⅜	Bolt Beranek		5	7	7	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
28½	22¼	Boothe Comp		14	23	23	22¾	23	+⅛
9⅜	4⅜	Botany Ind		19	6	6	5¾	5⅞	— ⅛
6¼	3½	Bowmar Ins		3	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
21⅜	14½	Bowne Co	.16	17	17¼	17¼	17	17¼	
20⅜	15	Bow Vall	.10	45	20⅝V	½⅛		14⅞	21⅛
43⅜	32½	Brad Ragan		6	36¾	36¾	36¼	36⅝	— ⅜
38	21¼	BradtCom Sy		31	34⅜	34¾	34¼	34½	— ⅛
15¼	9¼	Brandon In	.10	7	13⅜	13⅜	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	6¼	BrantAir	wt	23	16⅝	17½	16⅜	16⅜	— ⅜
14⅜	7¾	BrntAirA	.21f	147	12¼	12¼	11¾	11¾	— ½
19¼	14⅜	BrascanLt	1b	63	18¼	18⅜	18¼	18¼	+ ⅛
23¾	14⅜	Braun En	.32	2	20⅛	20⅜	20⅛	20⅜	
3½	7¼	Breeze	.59f	10	12¼	12½	12¼	12¼	
8⅝	5⅛	BroDart	In	78	5¾	5¼	5	5	— ⅛
5⅜	3¼	Brock Seitg		1	4½	4½	4½	4½	
12⅜	7¾	BrksPar	.20	6	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	+ ⅜
4⅜	1⅜	Brown Co	wt	11	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛
38	31¼	Circle K	.32	86	32½	33¼	33⅛	33¼	+ ⅛
17⅜	8¼	CIfSv AR	wt	135	8⅛	8½	8	8¼	
23½	12½	Citizens F	.32	5	20¼	20⅜	20¼	20½	— ⅛
12½	6¾	CityGsFla	.30	8	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	ClarCpl	.02e	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
17⅜	17⅜	Clarke G	.10g	7	17½	17⅜	17½	17½	
19¾	13⅜	Clarkson	Ind	35	16¼	17⅜	16½	17⅛	+ ⅛
6¼	4	Clarostat		1	6	6	6	6	
7⅝	3¾	Clary Corp		9	7	7	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
18¾	14¾	Clinton Mer		17	16⅜	17⅜	16⅜	17¾	+1⅛
11⅝	5¾	Clopay .3	1	3	10½	10½	10½	10½	— ⅛
14½	10	CMI Corp		35	11¾	12	11¾	12	+ ⅛
24	14⅛	CMI Inv Cp		72	24½	26½	24½	26⅜	+ ⅛
9	3⅝	Coburn Corp		1	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	+ ⅛
30⅜	11⅜	Coff Mat	.30g	35	27	29	27	29	+2½
13½	13¼	CoffeeMat	wi	21	13¾	14⅞	13¾	14⅞	+1⅜
7½	5¼	Cohen Hatld		2	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	
9¼	6	Cohu Elec	.10	11	8¼	8¾	8¼	8¾	— ⅛
19¼	11½	Cole Natl	.44	29	16½	16⅝	16	16½	+ ⅛
30⅞	21¼	Colecoln	.08b	18	27⅜	28	27⅜	27⅝	
35	26¾	Coleman	.40	45	34	34	33¼	33⅝	— ⅜
18⅝	11⅜	Colon Snd	.30	32	11¼	11⅜	11¼	11⅜	— ⅛
40	25¾	Colorl Co	.18g	1	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾	— ¼
2	25½	Colw M	1.16g	40	25½	26	25½	25⅝	+ ⅛
8½	7¾	Colwl Mfg	wt	42	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	+ ⅛
21⅜	12½	Combustn Eq		22	19⅜	19⅞	19⅜	19⅝	+ ⅛
27⅜	22⅛	Cominc 1.40		4	22⅝	22⅝	21⅞	21⅞	— ¼
10⅜	6¼	Comi Alt	.10g	7	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8½	— ⅛
18½	14⅜	Comi Met	.40	15	15¼	15¼	15¼	15½	+ ⅛
11⅞	6¾	Commodor		27	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
14g1	11	ComHith	Fac	33	12	12½	11⅞	12¼	+ ⅛
29⅝	23¾	Com PS	1.50b	4	23¾	23¾	23½	23½	— ⅛
7	3¾	CompCmd	.36	2	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	+ ⅛
11	6⅝	Compredi Des		11	12	12½	12	12	— ⅛
4⅜	2¾	CompuDyne		69	3½	3¼	3	3	— ⅛
7½	3⅞	Comput Eq		65	6¾	6¾	6½	6½	+ ⅛
5¾	3⅜	Comput Instr		4	4½	4¼	4¼	4⅜	— ⅛
13¾	7¼	Comput Invst		8	12⅝	12¾	12⅜	12⅜	
4¼	3	Comp M	.20e	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
12⅜	7¾	Computrol		12	14⅛	14⅛	14	14⅛	— ⅛
45¾	25½	Comp Softw		75	36⅜	37	35½	37	+ ⅜
13⅞	9¾	Comtenco		16	13⅜	13⅞	13⅜	13⅞	
13¼	6½	Concord Fab		3	10½	10½	10¼	10¼	
15½	11⅜	Condec Corp		12	12¾	12⅝	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
6⅜	5⅛	Connlly Con		7	5⅛	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
11¼	6½	Conrarex	.30b	4	8¾	8⅝	8½	8½	
7	4	Conroy Inc		2	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	+ ⅛
1 15–16	1⅛	Con Cdn	Far	28	1 7-16		1½	1⅜	1⅜+1-16
14¼	7¾	ConDenS	.05g	1096	13⅜	15⅜	13⅜	14⅜+1-16	
13⅜	8¼	Con Oil	1.12f	85	10⅛	10⅜	10	10	— ⅛
15⅞	8¼	Con Refing		11	13	13¼	13	13½+	⅛
16⅛	11½	ConstlDes	.40	6	12¼	12⅜	12¼	12⅜+	⅛

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4½	1¾	Cont Mater		38	3	3½	3	3	
9½	7½	Cont Tel	wt	20	7¾	7¾	7½	7½	
13⅜	9½	Cook Elec	.36	12	12½	12¾	12½	12⅝	— ⅛
14	8½	Cook Ind		21	11⅜	12⅛	11⅜	11⅞	— ⅛
17¾	15	Cook Pnt	Var	1	15⅛	15⅛	15½	15½	
12¾	7	Cooper Jarrt		4	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
9⅝	5	Cosmodyne		21	7⅛	7½	7⅜	7½	
26½	19¼	Cousins	.40g	23	22¾	24	22¾	23⅝	+ ⅛
25¾	21¼	CoxCbls	.Com	116	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼	
9	5⅛	Craig Corp		29	6½	6½	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
17¾	10⅜	Creative Mat		10	14	14	13½	13⅝	— ⅛
32¼	25⅛	CreoleP	2.40g	29	30	30½	29¾	30½	+ ⅛
16½	5¼	Crest Foam		30	13¾	14	13½	13½	
9¾	3¼	Crestmont		21	7⅜	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
54¾	40¾	Crompt	1.40	15	52	52¼	51⅜	51⅜	— ⅛
8¼	6	Crowley M	.20	6	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
25⅞	31	CwnCP	1.22f	54	39	39¼	37⅞	38⅛	— ⅛
14	9⅝	Crystal Oil		118	12¾	13⅜	13¼	13½	+ ⅜
20½	13¾	Cubic Co	.05g	38	17⅜	18	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
7⅜	4½	Curtis Math		8	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	
41¾	25¼	CutterA	.44	36	37¼	37¼	35½	35¾	—1¼
37	23¾	CutterB	.44	1	33⅛	33⅜	33⅜	33⅛	— ⅛

D

14⅜	8½	Daitch	.25g	25	13⅞	13⅞	13½	13⅜	— ⅛
49	32¼	Damon	Corp	36	45⅛	46½	45¼	45⅝	+ ⅛
16¼	8⅞	DamonC	.40	11	11½	11⅜	11½	11⅜	+ ⅛
21¼	16½	Danielin	.06g	11	24½	24¾	24	24½	— ⅛
4¼	2	Daryl Ind		16	3⅜	3⅝	3½	3½	— ⅛
7¼	4¼	Data Control		12	5½	5½	5¼	5⅜	— ⅛
29⅜	18¼	Data Documt		16	24½	25	24¼	25	+ ⅜
9⅞	5⅞	Data Prod		163	7⅞	7⅞	7⅝	7¾	
13⅜	9⅛	Day Mines		37	12	12¼	11⅞	12	
10⅜	7¼	Daytin wt		85	8¾	9	8¾	8¾	— ⅛
2	1¼	DC Tran	A	5	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	+ ⅛
20	8¾	DCA	Developr	41	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	+1⅛
43⅞	24⅜	Dearborn St		15	40½	40½	40	40	— ¼
9⅛	5¾	DeJur A	.15r	4	6¾	7	6¾	7	+ ⅛
15¼	11	Del Labs		38	15¾	15½	15½	15⅝	— ⅜
23⅜	18	Delta Cp	Am	6	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	+ ⅛
43½	33⅜	Deltona	Corp	66	35¼	35½	34¾	34⅝	— ⅜
24⅜	10½	Delfn Fd	.21g	6	15¾	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅜
49¾	26	Den Tej	Ctf	178	48¼	52	48¼	51	+3⅛
25½	21	Den TeEx	wi	200	24¼	26¾	24¼	25½	+1⅛
31⅜	26	Depositors	Te	1	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	
15⅜	9	Dero Ind	.65f	25	9½	9½	9⅜	9⅜	— ⅛
16½	11½	DeRose	Ind	2	11¾	11¾	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
34	19½	Deseret	Ph	398	33¼	33⅝	32	32⅜	— ⅜
39	20⅜	DevCpA	2.20f	82	38¼	38½	36¾	37⅜	—1⅜
48½	26½	Devon	Apsar	11	37⅜	38	37½	37½	— ⅛
35⅜	22¾	DHJ	Indust	72	31	31¼	29⅞	30	— ⅛
13½	9	DiebldC	Lsg	90	11½	11¾	10½	9¼	— ⅜
27	17⅜	Dillard	.20g	9	26	26½	26	26⅛	— ⅛
4⅜	3¼	Diodes	Inc	11	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
14⅜	10⅜	Diversey	.50	13	14¼	14¼	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅜
14⅜	10½	Dixilyn	Corp	28	11¼	11½	11⅛	11⅜	— ⅜
93	78½	Dome	Petrol	101	92	94⅜	91⅜	94⅜	+2¼
15⅜	12¾	Domtar	.60	24	13⅜	13⅜	13⅛	13⅜	+ ⅛
8⅜	3⅞	DPA	Inc	15	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	
5½	3⅜	Draw Natl		80	4¾	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
29	20⅜	DevCpA	2.20f	82	28¼	28½	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
22⅞	16¼	Dresser	Ind	15	19¾	19¾	18⅝	19⅛	— ⅛
48½	29	Dreyfus	Corp	11	37⅜	38	37½	37½	— ⅛
6⅞	3¾	Duraloy	Co	3	4¾	4¾	4		

هكذا من الأصل

American Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

— Stocks and — 1971 — Sls.						Net
v. Div. in $	100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Chg'e
St Jhn Trk .90	13	39¼	39½	39	39½	— ⅝
Salem Corp	50	13	13½	12¾	13	+ ¼
Samba R .10r	29	31⅞	32⅞	31⅝	32½	+ ⅛
S Die G pf 1	2	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
S Die G pf.88	1	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
S Die G pf.88	1	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
Sanitas .12	35	9⅝	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
Sargent Ind	17	6½	6¾	6¼	6⅝	— ⅛
Saturn Airwy	3	9½	9½	9⅜	9⅜	— ⅛
Sav AtStop .24	48	13⅛	13⅜	13⅛	13⅜	
Savin B Mch	98	27⅜	27⅞	27½	27½	+ ⅜
Savoy Ind	12	7⅞	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞	
SayreP .16f	13	5¼	5¼	5	5	— ⅜
Scan Instru	9	30½	30½	29¾	29¾	— ¾
Schenuit .10p	7	8⅛	8⅛	8	8	
Science Mgt	12	8⅝	8⅞	8½	8¾	— ⅛
Scient Atlan	27	11⅞	11⅞	11¼	11¼	— ⅜
Scope Indust	1	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	— ¼
ScottysH .10e	12	33⅜	33¼	32⅝	33	
Scurry Rain	25	22⅜	22⅜	21⅜	21⅜	— ½
SbdAlMill .20	3	10⅜	10⅝	10⅜	10⅝	— ⅛
Sea Containr	67	13⅜	14½	13⅜	14	+ ⅝
SbdPhrwd .10	8	10	10	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
Seabrok .06g	48	12⅛	12¾	11⅝	12	
Sealectro Cp	6	5⅛	5⅛	5	5	
Sears Ind .44	27	19½	20⅛	19½	20⅜	+ ⅜
Season All	6	9⅜	9⅜	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
SecMig I .45g	72	18½	18⅝	18½	18½	
SelesCorp .40	85	35¼	35⅝	34½	34⅞	— 1⅜
Semtech .21f	4	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	
Seqouyah Ind	62	5⅝	6	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
Service Cp In	8	23¼	23⅝	23¼	23½	
Servisco	3	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	+ ⅛
Servo Corp	11	6¼	6½	6¼	6½	— ⅛
Shrvatronic	13	16	16	15½	15⅝	— ⅜
Sefton Co .45	5	14	14	14	14	
SGS Inch 1.19f	3	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	— ⅛
Sheer Sh .16	1	6¼	5¾	5¾	5¾	
Shelmon Ind	4	5½	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
Shattick Denn	7	5¾	5½	5¾	5¼	+ ⅛
ShelfRes .05e	42	12¼	12¾	11¾	11½	— ⅜
Shenandoah	7	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	
Sierra P Ind	13	11⅜	12⅛	11⅜	12⅛	+ ⅜
Sierracin Cp	14	12¾	12¾	11⅞	12⅛	
Sifco Indust	3	7⅛	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	
Sigma Inst	1	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	+ ⅛
Signet Cp .30	1	10	10	10	10	+ ⅛
sisimkins .20	12	8⅝	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
Simpskin .50f	19	10½	11	10½	10¾	+ ⅛
Sitkin SmRte	1	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	
Sky City Strs	19	12⅛	12¼	12	12¼	+ ⅛
Slick Corp	78	11⅞	12	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
Slick pfA 1.75	6	25¼	26	25¼	25¼	— ⅛
SMD Ind	2	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	
Softtron	218	16⅜	17⅜	16⅜	16⅞	+ ⅜
Sonder Brdct	19	31¾	31⅞	31	31	— ⅛
Soundan .10g	41	20⅛	20⅝	19⅝	20⅛	— ¼
Sorest Ca .66a	1	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	
SC Ora pf1.50	2200	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	
SCE pf8.70	1	106	106	106	106	— ½
SC 5.80pf	1.45	4	19½	19½	19⅝	— ⅛
SC 5.20pf	1.0	51	22¼	22¼	22¼	— ⅛
SC 4.78pf	1.19	3	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
SC 4.32pf	1.08	9	14⅜	14⅜	14½	
Sou Real Ut	12	5½	5½	5¾	5¾	+ ⅛
Swst Fer Ind	28	22	22	21½	21½	— ⅛
Swn Inv .70	8	14⅞	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
Speclty Rest	32	21⅛	22	21½	21½	+ ⅜
Spector Ind	11	7⅜	7½	7⅜	7½	+ ⅛
Spectro .16	3	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	
Sped Of .36f	12	7⅜	7⅜	7¼	7⅜	
Spencer Cos	13	15¼	15¼	15	15¼	
SSP Ind .12g	3	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
Std Allsn .80	1	15⅜	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
Std Container	1	5	5	5	5	+ ⅛
Std Dred .80a	30	7¾	8	7½	8	— ⅛
Std Mot A .75	10	23¼	23¼	23¼	23⅜	— ⅛
Std Pad Corp	32	7	7	6¾	6⅞	— ⅛
Std Prod 1.20	1	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾	— ¼
Std Strs .40f	1	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	
Std Thomsn	10	16⅜	16⅝	16⅜	16½	— ⅛
Stanley Axia	26	9⅝	9⅝	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
Stardust .48	2	8¾	8⅞	8¾	8⅞	
Star Srskt .60	4	14	14	14	14	— ⅛
Stellcom Inc	8	15⅜	15⅜	15⅛	15⅜	+ ⅛
Steelmet Inc	12	9	9	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
Stellar Ind	4	4½	4¾	4½	4¾	+ ⅛
Stepan Cp .52	6	31¾	31¾	31¼	31¼	— ¼
Sterl Electr	42	3½	3½	3⅜	3½	
Sterl Pre .20f	27	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
SternMatt .04p	382	11¼	11¾	11¼	11¾	+ ⅛
Stemco A	38	23⅜	24½	23⅜	24½	+ ⅛
Stop Shop .90	613	27¼	28⅛	27	27⅝	— ⅛
STP Corp .60	13	54	54¼	53⅝	54	
Strattion Grp	11	7½	7½	7¼	7¼	
Struthr-Wells	12	7¼	7⅜	7¼	7½	
Suave Sh .32f	18	25⅜	26	25¼	25⅝	— ⅛
Sommfl Org	12	4⅛	4⅛	4	4	— ⅛
Sun Elec .40	22	26¼	27	26¼	26⅝	— ⅛
Sunair Electr	13	6½	6¾	6½	6⅝	+ ⅛
Supercr .08e	5	3⅜	3⅜	3½	3½	
Super In .05g	37	12⅜	13⅜	12⅜	13⅜	+ ⅛
Sup Surg Mt	15	14¾	14¾	14¼	14¾	+ ⅛
Superscope	73	25¾	25⅞	24	24⅝	— ⅜
Susquehana	25	6¾	6¾	6¾	6⅞	+ ⅛
Swasey pf.25p	7	9¼	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
Sybro Mf .33g	31	17⅞	18	17¾	18	+ ⅛
Synaloy .45e	47	10	10	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
Syntex .40	348	65⅞	66¼	65	65⅝	— ½
Sysco Cp .10g	1	24¼	24¼	24⅛	24¼	+ ⅛
System Eng	249	12¾	12⅞	12¼	12¼	— ⅛

T

Tasty B .88b	5	17½	17¾	17¼	17¼	+ ⅛
Tech Aerofq	67	15⅜	16¾	15⅜	16¾	+ 1¼
Tech Sym Cp	26	2¾	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
Technic Oper	14	11⅜	11⅜	10⅝	10⅝	— ¼
Technic Tape	26	3⅛	3⅛	3	3⅛	+ ⅛
Technicolor	24	15½	15½	15½	15⅝	— ⅛
Technitrol	25	4⅛	4⅜	4	4	— ¼
Teleflex Inc	8	14⅛	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜	+ ⅛
Telepromtr	88	80½	83	80½	80⅝	— 1⅜
Tenna Corp	57	7⅝	8	7¾	8	
Tenneco wt	58	9⅝	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
Tenner Ent	1	4½	4½	4½	4½	
Tensor Cp	10	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	
Teradyne Inc	50	17⅛	18¼	17⅜	18	+ ½
Term Huds	305	19⅛	20⅜	19⅛	20⅛	+ 1⅛
Tesoro Pet	129	32	32¼	31	31¼	— ⅞
Texstar	51	7⅛	7½	7⅛	7⅜	
Textron wt	2	22¾	22¾	22½	22½	— ¼
TFI Co Inc	25	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	
thorMatt .20g	3	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
Thrimm .05e	5	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	
Tokheim .60	2	29	29	29	29	
Tonka Cp .48	8	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
TorinCorp .40	1	20	20	20	20	
Total Pet NA	29	7 13-16	8	7 13-16	7 15-16	+ 1-16
Total P pf .70	2	17	17¼	17	17¼	+ ¼
Town Cntry	17	8¾	8⅞	8¾	8⅞	+ ⅛

U

Udico Corp	1	5½	5½	5½	5½	
UIP Corp	7	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	— ⅛
Unexcelled	24	9¼	9	8¾	9	+ ⅛
Un Finl .07f	5	13¼	13¼	13⅛	13½	+ ⅛
U SCon .30g	6	13¼	13¼	12⅝	12¾	— ⅛
Una MT .55p	110	26⅝	27⅝	26⅜	27¾	+ 1⅛
Unam Tr wt	402	8⅝	9	8⅝	9	+ ⅜
Un Asbest .87	48	5 3-16	5 3-16	1	5⅛	+ 1-16
Unit Bd Cart	9	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
4 UnBrands wt	478	5¾	5⅞	5½	5¾	— ⅛
UnCoLin .30g	21	28	28	27⅞	27⅞	— 1⅛
Un Dollr .10p	18	9	9	9	9	
Unit Foods	82	6¼	6½	6	6½	
Un Natl Cp	24	4⅜	5	4⅜	4⅜	
UnNat Co wt	6	2	2	2	2	— ⅛
Un Nat pf.70	10	8¼	8⅜	8¼	8¼	
UP Dye .25g	10	39	39	39	39	— ⅛
Un Refin .15	38	19⅝	19⅝	19½	19½	— ¼
US Ceramic	1	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	
US Filter	9	37⅞	38	37½	37⅞	— ⅛
USHome Dev	108	53¾	55¼	53½	54⅜	+ ⅜
US LspR .27g	19	19⅜	19⅝	19⅜	19½	+ ⅛
US Leasg wt	25	1¾	1¾	1½	1¾	— ⅛
US Nat Rsrc	5	13⅞	13⅞	13¾	13⅞	— ⅛
US Radium	140	9¼	10	8⅞	9⅞	+ ⅛
US Rltin 1.50	9	19⅜	19⅞	19½	19⅝	— ⅛
US Reducin	15	6¾	6⅞	6½	6½	— ¼
US Smelt wt	28	7¾	7¾	7½	7⅝	
Unitrode Cp	47	13⅛	13¼	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
Univ Cont .15f	21	5½	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	
Univ Mer Sc	4	15¼	15¾	15¾	11⅞	
Univ Bldg wt	54	38⅜	37½	35½	37	+ 1½
URS Systems	21	7⅜	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
Utah IdSu .80	6	13¾	13¾	13½	13½	— ¼

V

Valles Stk H	17	28¾	29¼	28¾	28¾	
Valley Mot	53	8⅜	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛	
Valmac Ind	14	9	9	9	9	
Velsper .06g	2	5¾	5⅞	5¾	5⅞	+ ⅛
Van Dorn .20	11	24½	24½	23¾	23¾	— 1½
Vanguard Int	41	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+ ⅛
Varo Inc	16	46⅜	46⅞	44¼	44¼	
Veeco In Ira	23	24½	24½	24	24	— ½
Venlcelrd .20	67	19½	19⅝	18¼	18½	— 1⅛
Ventltron	36	8¼	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	— ⅜
Vesely Co	5	13¼	13½	13¼	13¼	
Vecco Offsh	20	32	32⅜	32	32⅛	+ ⅜
Viewlex	51	8¾	8⅞	8½	8½	— ⅛
Vikoa Inc	727	9¼	9⅝	7½	8⅛	— 1⅜
Vindscr Ent	6	8⅝	8½	8⅜	8½	+ ⅛
VLN Corp	51	6⅜	6⅝	6½	6½	+ ⅛
VLN Cp pf 3	2	46	46	45	46	
Vol Merch	58	8	8	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
Vrsatec .15g	7	11	15½	14¾	14⅞	— ⅛
Vutc Corp .10	10	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
Vutc Inc .30	5	5¾	5¾	5¼	5¾	+ ⅛

W-Y-Z

WabMag .20	152	8	8¼	7¾	7⅞	— ⅛
Wacknhut .75	3	25	25	25	25	
Ladell Equip	1	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	
Waico N .75e	2150	14	14	13¾	13⅞	— ⅛
Waltham In	75	6¼	6⅜	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
Ward CR Dg	12	14	14¼	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
Ward Fds wt	3	5	5	4¾	4¾	— ⅛
Wash RlE .56	2	13½	13½	13½	13½	— ⅛
Watsco Inc	76	6⅞	6⅞	6¼	6¼	
Well Mch .50	3	24¼	24½	24¼	24¼	+ ⅛
We'man Co	14	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
Weld Tu Am	9	7½	7½	7	7	— ⅛
Wellco Ent	2	11	11	11	11	— ⅛
WellRGr .30g	29	20½	22½	20	20	— 1⅛
Wentworth	17	4¼	5	4¼	4¾	+ ⅛
West Ch Pd 1	29	37½	39	37½	39	+ 1¼
W Tex pf4.40	210	63	63	63	63	+1
Westates Pit	55	6⅛	6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
Westby Fsh	84	11½	11½	10⅝	11	— ¼
Westrn D Pet	22	6¼	6⅜	6	6⅛	— ⅛
Wstn Fin .15e	10	21¼	21½	20¾	21	— ⅛
Western Orbis	33	4⅞	5⅛	4¾	4⅞	+ ⅛
West U Instl	54	49½	54	49	54	— ⅛
Westvaco Ind	8	13⅞	13⅞	13	13⅛	— ⅛
Whitesany .40	2	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	+ ⅛
Whittaker .30	1	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
Whitehall El	31	6¼	6¼	6	6	— ⅜
Whiting Cp 1	6	19¼	19½	19⅛	19⅛	
Whittakr wt	1775	5¼	5¾	4¾	5⅛	— ⅛
Wichita Ind	6	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	
Wilcox Gibb	14	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	
Wmhouse	10	17½	18	17½	17¾	+ ⅛
Wilshire .14f	92	7¼	7¼	7	7¼	
Wilson CYF .20	30	7⅜	7⅜	7	7	— ⅛
WilsonCo 1.35	19	27⅜	27⅞	27½	27⅝	+ ⅛
Wilson Co wt	175	10¾	11⅛	10¾	11	— ⅛
Wilson Br .60	47	14⅞	15	14⅞	14⅝	— ⅛
Wilsn Stn .40	54	9½	9⅝	9¼	9⅜	— ⅛
Wilsn Ph .12	11	8⅜	8⅝	8⅜	8⅜	— ⅛
WilsonSpf .68	1	14½	13¾	14¼	14¼	+ ⅛
Wilson Sp wt	20	5⅜	5⅝	5½	5½	
Wolv Indust	34	10¼	10¼	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
Wood Ind .52f	12	24⅝	24¾	24¼	24⅜	— ⅛
Wool Ltd .06g	1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
Work Wr .65	3	16½	16½	16¼	16¼	— ⅛
Wrather Co	8	6¾	6⅞	6½	6¾	
Wright Hdrg	64	1 13-16	1⅞	1 11-16	1 11-16	— 1-16
WTC Air .05g	145	15¼	15¾	15	15½	— ⅛
Wyand Ind	7	4⅛	4⅛	4	4	
Wyle Labs	26	5¾	5¾	5¼	5½	
Wynn Oil	33	27	28⅜	26⅛	28⅜	+ 1⅜
Wyomissing	10	6	6¼	6	6¼	+ ⅛
Yates Ind	27	15⅜	15⅜	15⅛	15⅛	
York Ra .80a	33	38½	39½	38	38	— ⅜
Zero Mafg .05	11	6¼	6¼	6	6¼	+ ⅛
Zion Horn .24	13	17⅛	17⅜	17⅛	17⅜	— ⅛
Zion Foods	4	4⅛	4⅛	4¼	4¼	— ⅛

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend c—Liquidating dividend. d—Declared or paid in 1971 plus stock dividend. e—Paid last year. f—Paid in stock during 1971, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date. g—Declared or paid so far this year. h—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. r—Declared or paid in 1970 plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock during 1970, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date. wd—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividend and sales in full. xds—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. xw—Without warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

vj—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies. fn—Foreign issue subject to interest equalization tax.

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The company we are advising markets a competitive range of alphanumeric and graphic computer displays of very advanced design. The company is the European subsidiary of a major US electronics and instrument manufacturer of high repute. Required immediately are:

European Sales Manager

Over f.45,000

to market the product range throughout Western Europe to OEM's, end-users and some distributors. He will also control sales engineers based in his five principal national markets. This is a new product area with a great deal of scope. Candidates should have sold computer hardware and be experienced sales managers. The post will be based near Amsterdam but requires extensive European travel and a short familiarisation period in USA. Fluent English is required and, preferably, French or German also.

(Ref: COM30/4218/HT)

Digital Systems Engineer

c. f.40,000

He will be responsible for modifying the hardware as required and designing hardware interfaces. He will also have available the facilities of a small engineering workshop. Previous digital design experience is essential, preferably with a computer main-frame manufacturer; some experience of analogue techniques would also be valuable. The post will be located near Amsterdam. Candidates should be fluent in English and have a good command of the Dutch language or a readiness and aptitude to learn quickly. There will be some travelling including an initial period in USA.

(Ref: COM30/4219/HT)

The identity of candidates will not be revealed to our client without prior permission given during a confidential discussion. Applicants should forward brief details, quoting reference number to the address below, or write for an application form, and advise us if you have recently made any other applications.

Compa, PA Management Consultants Limited, Hyde Park House, Knightsbridge, London, S.W.1, England.

COMPA Computer & Management Sciences Appointments

PA International Management Consultants Limited

Due to the promotion of the present incumbent, BELLOWS-VALVAIR, a leading manufacturing and sales company in the Fluid Power field, is looking for a

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Bellows-Valvair Europe
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1211 Geneva 26,
Switzerland.

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TECHNICAL ENGINEERS (CIVIL CONSTRUCTION) — design work for non standard Stran-Steel buildings.

and

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Applicants should have some knowledge of French or German languages. Experience in prefabricated metal buildings is not essential. People interested in these job offers are kindly asked to address their application to:

COMMERCIAL HYDRAULICS S.A.
Dieklrch/Luxembourg.
Tel.: 802 61.
Attention: Mr. M. Maquet, Personnel Manager.

EUROPEAN - SALES MANAGER

Two leading hotel organizations in Japan with international units in Tokyo, Osaka, Kyoto and Hiroshima need an energetic Sales Manager to develop their business in Europe. Based in London, he will travel widely in Europe and take full responsibility for marketing, sales, public relations and promotion work there.

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Salary and other benefits are in line with the importance of the appointment. Interviews will be held in Europe in June.

Please send full curriculum vitae including salary progression to date in strict confidence to: PROMARK LTD, 2 Basil Street, London, S.W.3, marking the envelope "Hotels."

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Contact: George SWETLAND, Eurotel Hotel, Montreux, Switzerland *May 19-25.*

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Managing Director

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CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT

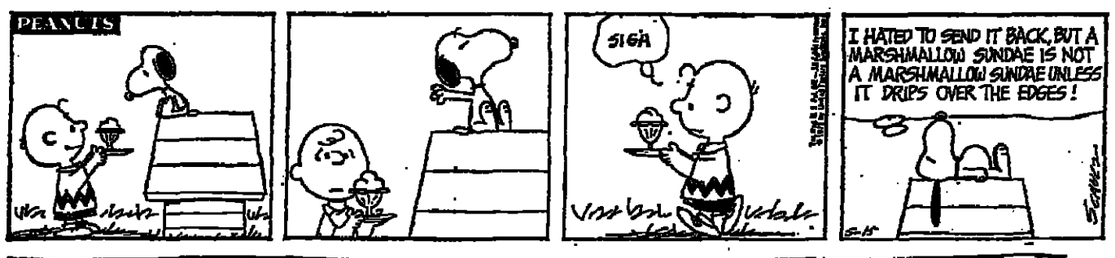
. . . in the United States and Around the World.

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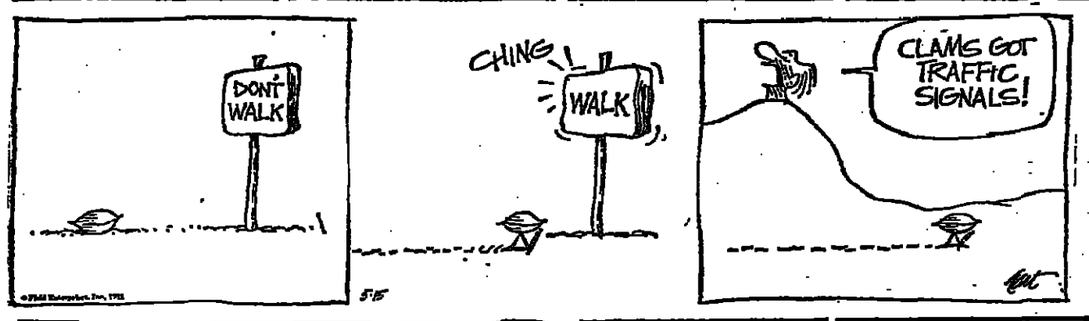
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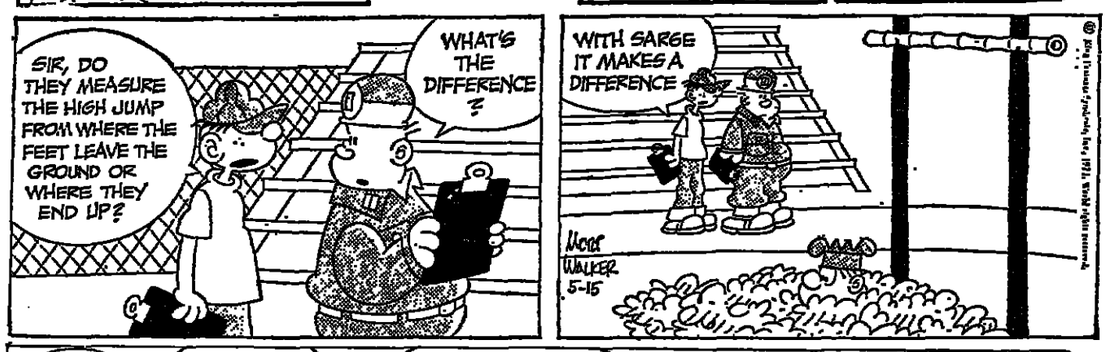
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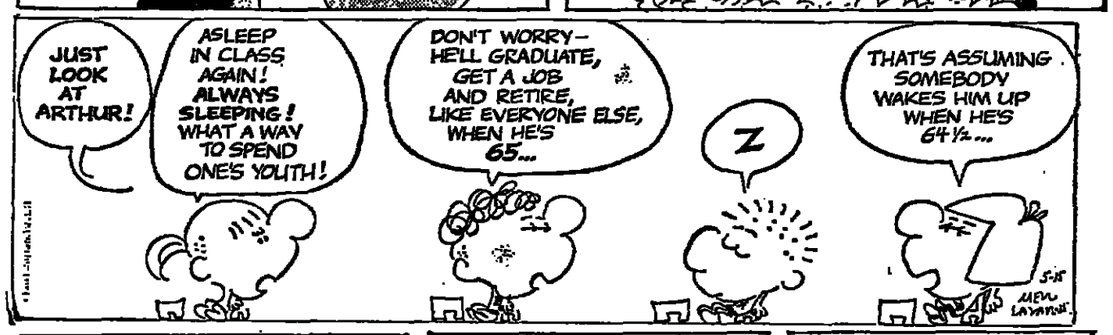
L'IL ABNER



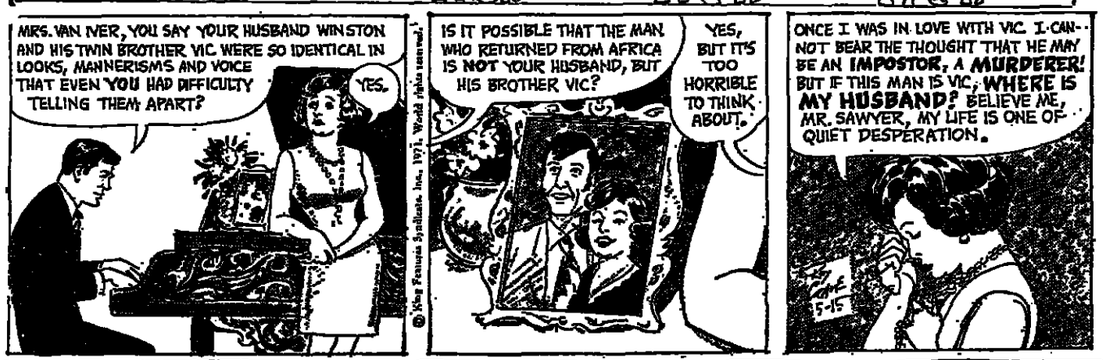
BEETLE BAILEY



MISS PEACH



BUZ SAWYER



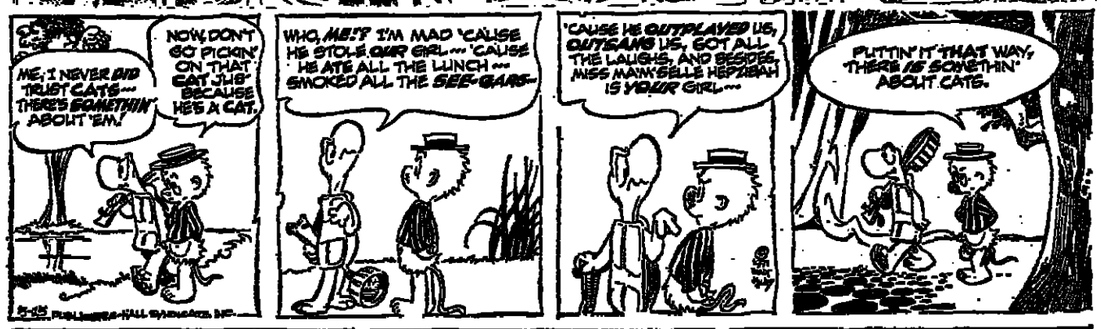
WIZARD of ID



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POGO



RIP KIRBY



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BLONDIE



ENNIS THE MENACE



"WELL, YOU GOT ME ALL SLICKED UP SO I THOUGHT I'D GET OL' RUFF LOOKIN' NICE, TOO!"

JUMBLE® — that scrambled word game

BY HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

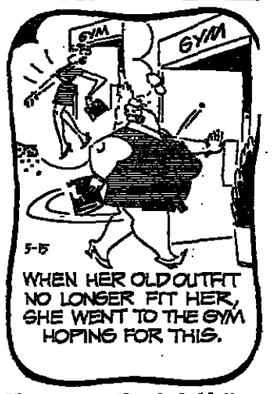
Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

EWTTE

GUCHO

MILTEG

FLATES



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: TO COME

(Answers Monday)

Yesterday's Jumbles: SURLY VERVE HAGGLE JURIST

Answer: *Every time a pretty chick passed, the surveyor tried to do this*—SURVEY HER

BOOKS

INDIA'S CHINA WAR

By Neville Maxwell. Pantheon. 476 pp. $10.

Reviewed by Bernard Nossiter

IN 1958, the Chinese began building a road across the eastern portion of the Aksai Chin, a bleak and uninhabitable plateau 17,000 feet above sea level. This forbidding region had long been a no-man's land between India and China. It was of absolutely no use to the former and not much to the latter, save for one fact: The new road would follow an ancient caravan trail, linking the Chinese provinces of Tibet and Sinkiang.

The Aksai Chin is so remote that Delhi knew nothing of the road building until its diplomats read of the extraordinary feat in Chinese newspapers. Nevertheless, this accomplishment in territory that Indian maps had begun to show as belonging to Delhi so outraged Prime Minister Nehru that it led to the brief and decisive 1962 border war. When it was over, Nehru's prestige had been irremediably shaken and, for the foreseeable future, India could no longer play a role strutting on the world stage.

Neville Maxwell, for eight years The Times of London correspondent in Delhi, has written the definitive, step-by-step account of this catastrophe. It is a story of Nehru, astonishingly vain, insular and moralistic, egged on by Krishna Menon and the ineffable Gen. Kaul, ignoring the sound advice of his professional military men, recklessly leading his country to disaster.

Maxwell's book is lucidly written and superbly documented, largely from official Indian sources but also from secret Indian papers to which he has somehow gained access. As careful and unsentimental examinations of modern India tend to do, Maxwell's history contradicts popular stereotypes—in this case the naïve notion of nonviolent, victimized India and aggressive, predatory China.

He establishes to this reviewer's satisfaction that the war was staged over regions where boundaries had never been established. In the west, the Aksai Chin road passed through territory that lay beyond even the most extreme boundary line *proposed* by India's British rulers. In the east, where the slaughter was heaviest, Sir Henry McMahon had marked out a border on the map on the eve of World War I. But it had never been demarcated on the ground, had been accepted only by a national Tibetan government that existed by virtue of old China's dissolution, and was, in fact, a violation of British treaties with both China and Russia.

Peking, however, is realistic. Since its establishment, the Communist regime had not wasted substance quarreling over meaningless areas. So, in the '50s, it had successfully negotiated borders with Pakistan, Burma and Nepal. The Chinese repeatedly offered India the same sober talks, indicating that Peking would accept the dubious McMahon Line in return for the natural link between Tibet and Sinkiang.

Nehru would have none of it, agreeing only to "talks," not "negotiations," and insisting that what Indian maps showed was Indian. By 1960, he had d on the "forward policy," s armed Indian patrols int puted areas and setting u defendable outposts. His m advisers protested in vain. mored in self-righteo Nehru casually assumed th Chinese would never resis force.

In the summer of 196 Indian leaders decided to the Chinese off the Tha ridge, *north* of the Mc Line. This brought the fir dian defeat, but Nehru st fused to withdraw his h outposts. In two November the Chinese struck in sweeping the Indians fro Aksai Chin and the Nor Frontier Agency, below th Mahon Line. A frantic forgot his nonalignment s and pleaded for Am bombers and fighters. The nothing in Peking's way China was not bent on simply a cautionary expe The Chinese unilaterally drew to their 1959 positions chastened Indians have not tempted fate and the C never pressed their advant

Lord Caccia, former perm under secretary at the F Foreign Office, later observ

"The Chinese withdraw their original line after a in the field [was] the firs in recorded history that a power had not exploited it success by demanding som more."

Some future day, whe Mizos, Nagas and other of South Chinese origin habiting India's northeast the upper hand in their known struggles with Del autonomy, another Indian ernment may appeal to ington for help against "a sors" from Peking. It ca be hoped that Maxwell's th and distinguished book wil be pondered by the Nixons, and Kissingers of that tim

Mr. Nossiter, former ington Post correspond India and author of "Soft A Newspaperman's Chroni India," wrote this revie Book World, literary suppl of The Washington Post.

117 Named to U.S. Arts and Science Acade

BROOKLINE, Mass., M (AP).—The American Acad Arts and Sciences, one nation's oldest learned so has elected 117 new fellow chosen 31 persons from for honorary membership.

Among the selection ann Wednesday night were Y Yehudi Menuhin and act Laurence Olivier of Great I

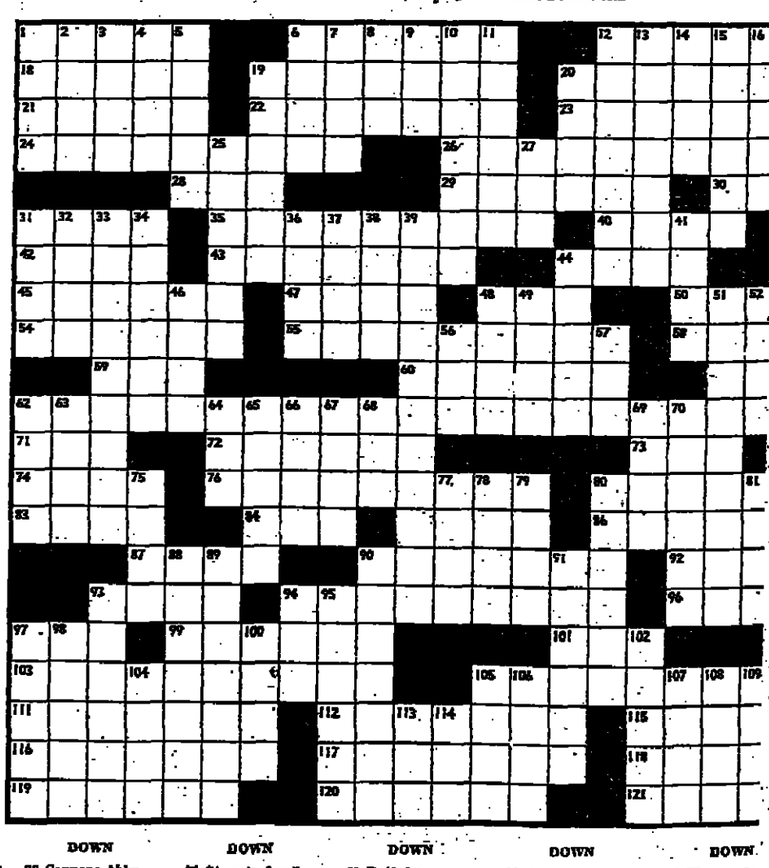
Others named included Guttmacher of the World lation Center, Justice Th Marshall of the U.S. Su Court, and Roger Hayns, cellor of the University fornia at Berkeley.

The academy was foun 1780 by John Adams and Massachusetts leaders.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited by WILL WE

PECKING ORDER—By Jack Rosenthal



ACROSS

1 Masked man's No. 2
6 Straightened
12 Where No. 2 is No. 1
18 Noisy
19 Slassen
20 Tied to
21 Terra ——
22 Jacqueline's No. 2
23 Photographer and family
24 No. 2's word for hairy
26 Tyler's No. 1
28 Pea of India
29 Acquaint
30 Photo-developing abbr.
31 Cowpoke's mount
33 "My ——" (embarrassed)
40 Casual throw
42 Touch
43 Summer symphony
44 Jane
45 Bundle again
47 Italian painter
48 Slanting: Abbr.
50 Vapor: Prefix
54 Trimmed
55 Venis frustration
58 Between holler and thoh
59 TV. lore
60 —— window
61 Infinite: Abbr.

DOWN

1 G.O.P. No. 2 in 1962
2 Spanish town
3 Standard
4 Vapid
5 Praying figure
6 Key Biscayne products
7 Dies ——
8 No. 2 in Madrid
9 French pronoun
10 Letter addressees
11 Covet
12 The last elections

ACROSS

62 No. 2 in 1968
71 Cuckoo
72 Eclipse sight
73 Old Dutch measure
74 Fibber
76 Readies a fishing line
80 Chemical sugar
83 Bono: Prefix
84 Service initials
85 Ontario river
86 Adjusts
87 Between ifs and buts
90 Does cobbling
92 Initials of a No. 1 and others
93 Endure, in Scotland
94 Pirates
96 Salinger character
97 Willie Winkie
99 Finally
101 Adjust
102 No. 2's term for corps member
105 Favored word of No. 2
111 Most valorous
112 Homely one
113 Pass the buck
116 Fogs
117 Declared
118 Mediterranean nation
119 Small fish
120 St. Lawrence, for one
121 Stealthily

DOWN

13 Political collegian
14 Spanish nothing
15 Repents
16 Dovetail part
17 Ford
19 Shout
20 Grape residue
25 Like a bird with a crest
27 Circumference formula
31 Dwell on
32 Higher, in Bonn
33 Split-level places
34 Posture

Solution to Last Week's Puzzle

S	I	F	I	E	S		S	A	T	E	S		D	U	P	E	D		S	C	R	I	P
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G	E	R	M	S		E	I	S	E	R		E	E	I	N	S		F	R	E	T	S	

DOWN

38 Coupon: Abbr.
37 Sword
38 N.Y. college
39 No. 2
41 County hub
44 Root or Yale
46 No. 1 in Shakespeare dramas
48 "—— be in England..."
49 English spa
51 Strom's family
52 Long hair
53 Just
56 —— generis
57 Radiation unit
62 Moon sight
63 Elsie ——
64 Southwest campus
65 Wagner
66 Scraps
67 Horse
68 Rutledge
69 Revere
70 Chemical compound
75 "Step to the ——"
77 Chinese poet
78 Relative of etc.
79 Switchblade
80 Ortega y. ——
81 Appear
82 Roleg. in Rome
83 Most groovy
89 Abhors
90 Slum hazard
91 Took five
92 Slander
91 Pedro or Fernando
93 Town on Hudson
97 Fabian Society pioneers
98 Zimbalist
100 War craft
103 Political te
104 Pernicious
105 City in Ja
106 Dewey's N
107 Sincere
108 Problemati
109 Armstrong
110 Neutral
113 Greek lette
114 Handful

هكذا من الأصل

Lead Stanley Cup Final, 3-2

ack Hawks Blank Canadiens

By Dave Anderson

...O, May 14 (NYT).—...t night's Stanley Cup ...ed, Pete Mahovlich of ...real Canadiens slammed ...om the Chicago Stadium ...ay there with the blade ... symbol of frustration, ...ted off.

For the fifth consecutive game, the psychology and familiarity of home ice prevailed as the Chicago Black Hawks won, 2-0, on goals by Dennis Hull and Cliff Koroll for a 3-2 lead in the best-of-seven-game championship series. Tony Esposito made 31 saves in the first shutout of the playoff final.

The sixth game will be played in Montreal on Sunday afternoon. Unless the Hawks interrupt the home-ice rotation of victories, the decisive seventh game will be played in Chicago next Tuesday night.

"But were going to win it in Montreal Sunday," said Stan Mikita, the Hawks' spitfire center. One more victory and the Hawks will have won the Stanley Cup for the fourth time in their National Hockey League history. Their other titles occurred in 1961, 1938 and 1934.

Although the Canadiens outshot the Hawks, 31-22, their timing betrayed them. By tradition, they are a precise team that is seldom offside, but they often were last night in the rink that is ten feet shorter than their Forum.

After a cautious start, there were nine penalties whistled by referee Bill Friday in the first period. Henri Richard's hooking infraction proved costly when Dennis Hull jammed a shot past Ken Dryden, the Canadiens' big goaltender, after Koroll's pass into the goalmouth on a power play.

Koroll's goal developed midway in the second period. Dennis Hull's shot skidded off a stray skate onto Koroll's stick and he drilled a ten-footer past Dryden.

After that, the only suspense involved Esposito's shutout and Bobby Hull's duel with Rejean Houle, the 21-year-old rookie right wing assigned to shadow the Hawks' superstar.

Only 3 Shots

Bobby Hull got off only three shots and only one when Houle was on the ice. Houle appeared to be a target. He was jolted by Hull, Doug Jarrett and Keith Magnuson twice, but arose defiantly each time. "It seemed like the whole team was going after me," Houle said, smiling. "But I'll be back Sunday, skating faster than ever."

And he'll be at the Forum, where the Canadiens never seem to break their sticks after the game.

ylor Phones Royals, pes to Rejoin Team

...S CITY, May 14 (UPI). ...aylor, the Kansas City ...utfielder who removed ...from Wednesday night's ... Baltimore and then ... baseball equipment in ... room, notified the ...terday that he is in ... Fla., where his mother ...

...-year-old Taylor jumped ... Wednesday night after ... been suspended by man... Lemon for leaving the ...aylor bundled his baseball ...ove and sweatshirt in ... his locker in the club... I set fire to them.

... telephoned the club's ... manager, Cedric Tallis, ... and said he hoped to ... personal affairs ... out in time to re... team the first of next ...

... said he and Lemon ... come Taylor's return "if ... proper frame of mind ... baseball."

In the sixth inning Wednesday night, Taylor made a fine running catch of Boog Powell's fly. When he came to the dugout, he told Lemon: "You'll have to get a new left fielder. I'm quitting."

Lemon went with him into the tunnel leading to the clubhouse, where Taylor said: "I'm not helping the team and I'm not helping myself. I'm quitting."

After the game, when the clubhouse door was opened, smoke from the fire poured out.

Boog Powell, the Baltimore first baseman who is Taylor's stepbrother, went to the Royals' locker room and asked Taylor to go home with him and spend the night.

Taylor refused and accompanied the Royals to the airport, but refused to board the plane for Kansas City.

In Monday night's game in Baltimore, Taylor made a diving catch of a liner in left field, but umpire Jerry Eudecker ruled he had trapped the ball. Taylor exploded and charged the umpire. Several players had to hold him off and second baseman Cookie Rojas was struck by Taylor during the struggle. Taylor later dropped a fly ball.

Taylor, who played for Pittsburgh in 1968 and 1969 and St. Louis last year, is considered an excellent hitter, but was hitting .189. He was hitless in six times at bat during the Baltimore series, striking out four times.

...in Hitting ...e for A's, ...er Wins 6th

...YORK, May 14 (AP).—...lein, who was jolted last ... when the Washington ... traded him to Oakland, ... his first two runs for ...ast night as they whip... Kansas City Royals, 6-3, ...he six-hit pitching of ...fish) Hunter.

... dealt to the A's along ...lief pitcher Darold ... six days go, changed ... reluctantly but he has ...rapid adjustment. After ...for-4 in his first start ... A's last Sunday at Balti... he first baseman has ... out seven hits in 14 at... ...ing his season average ...

...e hit last night was a ...ingle that keyed Oak...e-run outburst in the ...g, enabling Hunter to ... his sixth consecutive ...ter a pair of early ...

... who have won five of ... six games, lead the League West by 5 1/2 ...

Trade for Ferrara

...NATI, May 14 (UPI).— ...nnati Reds today trad... ...ler Angel Bravo, 22, to ...Diego Padres for vet... ...elder-pinch hitter Al ...

... 31, hit 13 home runs 277 average last sea... the Padres in 138 ...e has two hits in 17 ...s year.

...ist Names ...s Brundage ...s Barred

...NE, Switzerland, May ...Some 32 Alpine ski ... are all possible selec... their national teams ...3 Winter Olympics in ...apan, are on the "black ...international Olympic ...president Avery Brun... ...vants to bar them from ...

...a recently, Brundage ... a list of 50 skiers who ...ave received payments ...ing ski products and ...r as he is concerned, ...out" of the Sapporo ...violation of IOC rules. ...g to information pro... ...OC headquarters here, ...e skiers are potential ...competitors. The rest ...r retired, turned pro... ...t are unlikely to make ...al squad any more. ...five other active skiers ...art at a summer train... ...ponsored by an Ameri... ...oot manufacturer at ... Mountain, Calif., last ... who Brundage also ...ed.

...s by country are:

... — Reinhardt Tritscher, ...z, Heini Messner, Rudi ...er Bleiner, Bernl Rauter, ...wander, Alfred Matt.

...Patrick Russel, Alain Penz, ...ard, Jean-Noël Augert, ...Augendre, Jean-Luc Pinel, ...l-Nehls, Ingrid Lafforgue, ...t, Isabelle Mir, Florence ...çoise Macchi, Annie Fa...

...orld Cup holder Gustavo ...

...SMANY—Franz Vogler. ...AND — Jean - Daniel ... Bernhard Russi, Vreni ...

... — Jon Terje Overland, ...ristiansen, ...Kalevi Hakkinen. ...Peter Duncan, Rod Hebron. ...A—Malcolm Milne.

...t Bradford

...AND, May 14 (AP).— ...and Indians have sent ...fielder Buddy Brad... ...e Cincinnati Reds in ...nal League for the ...e of $25,000.

Hogan Quits Houston Golf; Zarley, Hinson Tied at 67

HOUSTON, May 14 (AP).—Ben Hogan soared to an 11-over-par score yesterday before withdrawing from the $125,000 Houston Champions golf tournament. Kermit Zarley and Larry Hinson registered rounds of 67 and shared the lead after 18 holes.

The 58-year-old Hogan, winner of four U.S. Open titles, was making his first competitive start of the season. He was followed by a large, enthusiastic gallery. Hogan had trouble on the first two holes, then shot himself out on the fourth, a 228-yard par-three.

His gallery groaned as he hit three shots into a ravine and finished with a nine for the hole. He withdrew after the 11th hole.

"I hate to play and quit—it burns me up," Hogan said.

"My left leg started acting up. It was miserable," Hogan said. "I couldn't keep up with the boys. I just had to give up."

After hitting his first shot into the ravine on the fourth hole, the normally imperturbable Hogan tossed his club in disgust.

"I've been watching this man play for 30 years," said one gray-haired spectator. "This is the first time I ever saw him throw a club."

"It just shows that he is a mortal man," said another fan.

"I am discouraged," Hogan said in the dressing room. "I'll give the knee some diathermy treatment and I may be able to play in the Colonial tournament at Fort Worth next week."

FIRST-ROUND LEADERS

Larry Hinson	33-35—67
Kermit Zarley	33-34—67
Hubert Green	33-35—68
Bob Murphy	35-34—69
Dave Hill	34-35—69
Homero Blancas	35-35—70
Dan Sikes	33-37—70
a-Ben Crenshaw	36-34—70
DeWitt Weaver	37-33—70
Bob Goalby	35-35—70
Gibby Gilbert	34-36—70
Chi Chi Rodriguez	35-35—70
Buddy Allin	34-37—71
Tommy Aaron	35-36—71
Don January	36-35—71
Julius Boros	37-34—71
Arnold Palmer	35-35—71
George Archer	33-38—71
Bert Yancey	36-35—71

a-Denotes amateur.

Friday

Santo's Solo Blast Nips Padres, 3-2

CHICAGO, May 14 (AP).—Ron Santo's two-out homer in the sixth inning, his third in three games, broke a 2-2 tie and led the Chicago Cubs to a 3-2 victory over the San Diego Padres today.

Santo's seventh homer of the season was only the Cubs' second hit off San Diego starter Steve Arlin, whose wildness combined with a Padre error gave Chicago two runs in a hitless first inning. Arlin left for a pinch hitter in the seventh.

In the Cub first, after successive walks by Don Kessinger and Glenn Beckert, a two-base throwing error by Dave Campbell on an attempted force play at second scored Kessinger. After another walk filled the bases, Beckert scored on a force play. Milt Pappas ended a personal three-game losing streak to run his won-lost record to 4-4.

Major League Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Boston	19	10	.655	—
Baltimore	18	12	.600	1 1/2
New York	15	14	.517	4
Detroit	15	15	.500	4 1/2
Washington	13	18	.419	7
Cleveland	10	20	.333	9 1/2

Western Division

Oakland	23	12	.657	—
California	17	17	.500	5 1/2
Minnesota	16	16	.500	5 1/2
Kansas City	16	17	.485	6
Milwaukee	12	17	.414	8
Chicago	12	18	.400	8 1/2

Thursday's Results

New York 4, Milwaukee 3.
Oakland 6, Kansas City 3.
(Only games scheduled).

Friday's Games

Detroit at Washington, night.
Baltimore at Boston, night.
Cleveland at New York, night.
Oakland at Kansas City, night.
Chicago at Minnesota, night.
Milwaukee at California, night.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
New York	19	15	.655	—
Pittsburgh	19	15	.613	1
St. Louis	18	14	.563	2 1/2
Montreal	12	11	.522	4
Chicago	15	17	.469	5 1/2
Philadelphia	9	20	.310	10

Western Division

San Francisco	25	9	.735	—
Los Angeles	17	17	.500	8
Atlanta	15	17	.469	9
Houston	16	17	.469	9
Cincinnati	11	20	.355	12 1/2
San Diego	10	21	.323	13 1/2

Friday's games not included.

Thursday's Results

No games scheduled.

Friday's Games

Chicago 3, San Diego 3.
New York at Pittsburgh, night.
Philadelphia at Atlanta, night.
Montreal at Cincinnati, night.
St. Louis at Houston, night.
Los Angeles at San Francisco, night.

Ryun and Liquori in Dream Mile

By Neil Amdur

NEW YORK, May 14 (NYT).—On May 6, 1954, in Oxford, England, a shy 25-year-old Oxford graduate named Roger Bannister became the first athlete to run a mile under 4 minutes.

"I had no idea that it was so hard," an exhausted Bannister said, after electrifying the sports world with his time of 3 minutes 59.4 seconds.

Sunday at Franklin Field in Philadelphia, 17 years after Bannister's remarkable achievement—a feat editorialized as the equal of man's conquest of Mount Everest—two American middle-distance runners, Jim Ryun and Marty Liquori, will contest what is being billed as The Dream Mile.

The race, to be held in conjunction with the third annual Dr. Martin Luther King jr. International Freedom Games, has rivaled any single event in track and field in this country since the 1932 Summer Olympics. From an artistic standpoint, it may equal the renowned Bannister-John Landy Mile of the Century, held Aug. 7, 1954, in Vancouver during the British Empire Games.

Bannister Won

That race, won by Bannister by five yards over Landy in 3:58.8, attracted an international television audience of 40 million with 20 million more listeners on radio.

Eight runners, and possibly Kipchoge Keino of Kenya, the Olympic 1,500-meter champion, have been invited for The Dream Mile. But the focus of track and field fans, and millions of national television viewers, will be on America's top two milers, Ryun and Liquori.

The 24-year-old Ryun is the world record-holder in the mile (3:51.1), has broken 4 minutes more often than any athlete (23 times) and is the most glamorous performer in the sport, respected as much in Europe as he is in the United States.

Liquori, 21, is the last runner to defeat Ryun in a mile and one of the few athletes who has challenged the tall, thin Kansan, even in defeat.

Heightened Drama

The drama for this meeting has been heightened by the fact that Ryun and Liquori are Americans, they have not met in a mile in two years, the race will be run on one of the world's fastest tracks, and the mile is an event that almost every sports fan seems to understand, however limited his general interest is in track and field.



Roger Bannister
3:59.4 in 1954.

Few track followers can tell you what a 1:44.9 means for an 880-yard run (it is the world record, held by Ryun). But even the fringe fan, the man who devours Sunday morning batting averages and daily box scores, understands what the statistic 3:59.9 means in a mile run.

The 4-minute barrier has been broken over 400 times by more than 100 runners since Roger Bannister achieved what physiologists said could not be done except under perfect conditions: at 7:30 in the evening, with the temperature about 68 degrees, with no wind, on a dry, hard track somewhere in Scandinavia, before a large and enthusiastic crowd, with quarter-mile splits of 61, 60, 60, 58.

Bannister achieved his memorable mile on a track of damp cinders, with 15-mile winds, before fewer than 1,500 people in England. But by running the first 440 yards in 57.5 seconds, he opened the psychological gates for the flood of sub-4-minute performances that would follow.

Injuries or Slow Pace

Barring injuries or a slow pace, Ryun and Liquori should break 4 minutes easily in their race. So should three or four other runners in the field, which includes Chris Mason, Liquori's teammate at Villanova; Arne Kvalheim, a Norwegian who trains with Ryun in Eugene, Ore., and two promising products of Eastern track—Joe Savage, a freshman at Manhattan, and Brian McElroy of the New York Athletic Club. Mason and Kvalheim are doubtful with injuries.

Many observers feel that Liquori, not Ryun, will be under the most pressure. They point to the hometown commitment, which frequently is more difficult on the hero than the visitor; the successive victories by Liquori over Ryun in their last two races in 1969, and the fact that Ryun already has run 3:55.8 outdoors this spring while Liquori's best is 3:59.

That Liquori has never come within five seconds of Ryun's 3:51.1 also has produced private skepticism that the Cedar Grove, N.J., Olympian can run with Ryun in the last 440 yards, where the Kansan has proved so formidable.

Tactics and Time

But unless Keino is a last-minute entry as a pacesetter, the race could be decided more on tactics than time, and few competitors have shown more courage, cunning and tenacity than Liquori in races he considers important. If there is one area where some observers feel Ryun may be vulnerable, it is as a racer. As a pure runner, he is without peers.

Both athletes realize that nothing is at stake in this race except pride. It is not the Olympics, it is not for any national championship, and it is still early in the outdoor season.

But if nothing else, the race has stirred discussion for a sport that is struggling to survive in the expanding world of professionalism.

"I'm happy the sport's getting so much publicity," Liquori said recently. "If we can get the public interested in races like ours, the future of the sport will be that much better."

Peons and Parvenus of U.S. Sports

By Robert Lipsyte

NEW YORK, May 14 (NYT).—George Chuvalo bleeds for our sins. At the end of each fight, stoic or ox-like, he awaits the decision, the accident report on his face, the road map of the coming months. He always loses the big ones and on Monday night he lost again, suffered minor cuts, saw the year ahead straighten out into another string of overnighters in Canadian towns to build up his record and his confidence again. His manager, a Toronto poultry processor famous for nagging and shrieking and cursing, had threatened to leave George if he lost to Jimmy Ellis, and as the closed-circuit television picture faded, the imagination's ear could hear the manager scream: "How can you do this to me, George? How can you be so ungrateful after all I've done for you?"

A few hours later, on Tuesday afternoon in the Plaza Hotel, the basketball players held a cool and hip news conference to announce a transparently ruthless, but nonetheless classy, business maneuver. The stars of the National Basketball Association would play the stars of the American Basketball Association without the permission of their leagues or the owners who control their contracts. In a very short time this week, we saw the peons and the parvenus of American sports, and, incidentally, a glimpse of the past and of the future.

Blind or Batty

Boxing people, particularly those who don't get hit, have a certain disdain for athletes in those side-de sports that provide pension plans, medical benefits and opportunities to make valuable business connections. Boxing people are so busy keeping their fighters dumb and disorganized and trying to avoid being snookered by friends that they hardly ever make common cause—unless, of course, a colleague goes blind or batty and needs a benefit.

Basketball players have a certain disdain for everyone: They consider themselves the most skillful and best-conditioned athletes in the world and their height has usually created for them a complex of feelings about their relation to other people. Almost all have attended college for at least four years and most of them are black; they tend to be as sophisticatedly righteous a group of professional athletes as you will ever meet, at least in terms of what they want and what they think they deserve.

No Piece of Meat

Chuvalo is no piece of meat; intelligent, realistic, sensitive, he represents the nobility of boxing. The man who owns his contract and keeps sending him out to bleed represents the degradation. The same is true for Ernie Terrell, who fought Monday night on the same closed-circuit card. Ernie, now 32, was once the World Boxing Association champion, a title he lost to Muhammad Ali in 1967, nearly losing an eye in the process. He retired for a few years, sang and played lead guitar with his band. He came back several months ago. Monday night he beat a tough journeyman from Brazil, Luis Pires, but his left jab was gone and so was that grabby, clingy, confusing style. Terrell is an introspective man, like all contenders filled with secret fires, and managers and advisers play these men like violins: "Sure you can do it, Ernie, get into shape, a month or two you'll be ready for a shot at the champ."

A leading spokesman for the Players Association is Oscar Robertson, intense, humorless, too slick to sweat: The all-star game would benefit a Whitney Young Memorial—subtly implying commercialism and racism to anyone who opposed the game. The all-star game would offer fans hitherto unavailable match-ups and combinations—proving you don't need a merger to satisfy the public.

The third bout Monday night was what cynical fans call a fixed fight. There was no way that Gregorio Peralta, crafty and game, but 36 and feather-fisted, could beat the heavyweight heir apparent, 22-year-old, cement-gloved George Foreman.

God, Mother, Country

"George," says his manager, "believes in things like God, mother and country." George also depends on brute force. He has not yet needed to box well and he doesn't.

The basketball players are the best organized among pro athletes and, not surprisingly, have the best fringe benefit program and, incidentally, the best salary scale. They are afraid the two leagues will merge, cutting down their individual bargaining power. They sense that pro raids on college players were a clever ruse to gain an anti-trust waiver for the merger. College officials, claiming that intercollegiate sports were being destroyed, would have their congressmen support a measure exempting the basketball leagues from normal business laws.

An all-star game run by the players is revolutionary, far more dangerous to the relationship of owners to athletes than strikes and holdouts and lawsuits, which basically affirm the status quo. The leagues are in a quandary: How far are the players willing to go? Will they really defy the owners and hold the game? Would they hold a season? How can you do this to me, George, how can you be so ungrateful after all I've done for you?

The Scoreboard

TENNIS—At London, Jaime Pillol of Chile reached the men's singles final in the Bio-Strath Hard Court championships at Burlingham Club by beating Andrew Pattison of Rhodesia, 6-6, 6-3. Gerald Battrick of Britain beat Patricio Cornejo of Chile, 6-3, 8-9, 6-4, and will meet Pillol in the final. In the women's singles, Françoise Durr of France received a walkover into the final. Her scheduled opponent, Virginia Wade of Britain, hurt her right wrist when falling heavily in the quarter-finals and withdrew on medical advice. Miss Durr meets top-seeded Margaret Court of Australia in the final. The Aussie crushed Gail Chanfreau of France, 6-1, 6-1.

At Brussels, Belgium and the Soviet Union were tied, 1-1, after the first day of their second-round European Zone Group A Davis Cup match. Alexander Metreveli put the Russians ahead by beating Eric Drossart, 6-3, 6-2, 6-2, but Patrick Hombergen levelled the match for Belgium by defeating Vladimir Korotkov, 6-3, 6-3, 6-1.

At Tel Aviv, Romania led Israel, 2-0, in their second-round European Zone Group B Davis Cup match. Ion Tiriac beat Yossi Stabholz, 6-0, 6-0, 6-0, and Ilie Nastase defeated Yehoshua Shalem, 6-1, 6-1, 6-3.

At Prague, Czechoslovakia took an unbeatable 3-0 lead over Portugal by capturing the doubles in their European Zone second-round Group A Davis Cup match. Jan Kodes and Jan Kukal beat Raul Peralta and Alfredo Vaz Pinto, 6-0, 6-2, 6-1.

At Zagreb, Yugoslavia, Yugoslavia took a 1-0 lead over Italy in a second-round European B Zone Davis Cup tie. Zeljko Franulovic beat Nicolo Pietrangeli, 7-5, 3-6, 6-1. Yugoslav Bora Jovanovic led Adriano Panatta, 6-0, 3-6, 4-6, 6-3, 5-1, before the match was called for darkness.

At Augsburg, West Germany, West Germany led Austria, 1-0, in a European B Zone Davis Cup tie. Wilhelm Bungert beat Peter Pokorny, 3-7, 1-6, 7-5, 3-6, 6-2. West Germany's Christian Kuhnke led Hans Kary, 6-4, 6-2, 0-6, 0-6, 2-0, before the match was called for darkness.

At Budapest, Hungary took a 2-0 lead over Luxembourg in their Davis Cup European Zone Group B second-round tie. Szabolcs Baranyi beat Georges Logelin, 6-2, 6-1, 6-2, and Istvan Gulyas defeated Josef Hoffenheim, 6-3, 6-2, 6-0.

At Basle, Spain won the opening match in a Davis Cup European Zone Group A second-round tie against Switzerland. The second match was halted by rain. Manuel Orantes beat Mathias Werren, 6-1, 6-1, 6-4. Juan Gisbert of Spain was leading Dmitri Suardza, 3-2, in the first set when the rain came.

At Paris, France leads, 2-0, in a Davis Cup European Zone Group A second-round tie against Finland. François Jauffret beat George Berner, 7-5, 6-2, 6-2, and Patrick Proisy defeated Pekka Salla, 6-4, 6-0, 6-2.

BASKETBALL—At Buffalo, N.Y., a Soviet squad trounced a U.S. squad, 86-67, in the second game of a tour of the United States.

CYCLING—At Segovia, Spain, Cyrille Guimard of France won the 15th stage of the Tour of Spain and Ferdinand Bracke of Belgium remained the overall leader of the race, which ends in Madrid Sunday.

BOXING—At Milan, former world super lightweight champion Sandro Lopopolo of Italy beat Dorman Crawford of New York in a non-title fight when the referee disqualified Crawford after 1:50 in the fifth round. Crawford had been warned twice for butting. The fighters were meeting for the second time in ten months. The first fight ended in a draw.

GYMNASTICS—At Madrid, Victor Klemenko of the Soviet Union upset teammate and defending champion Mikhail Voronin to win the European title. Klemenko, 22-year-old sports student from Moscow, totalled 58.9 points—out of a maximum of 60—for the six exercises. Voronin finished second in the field of 56 gymnasts from 21 countries with an aggregate of 56.7 points. Russia also took third, with Nikolai Andreanov.

AUTO RALLY—At Baden, Austria, Ove Andersson and Arne Hertz of Sweden driving an Alpine Renault won the 42d international rally of the Austrian Alps. Britons Tony Fall and Mike Wood in a BMW 3002 II were second in the 2,400-kilometer race over 18 special sections and Italy's Domenico Paganelli and Domenico Russo driving a Fiat Spyder were third.

Thursday's Line Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Oakland	001	030	000	6	9	2	
Kansas City	000	200	100	3	6	0	

Hunter (6-2) and Duncan; Bunker, Burgmeier (5), Fitzmorris (5), York (8) and May. L—Bunker (2-3).

New York	100	280	000	1	7	2
Milwaukee	000	010	011	3	10	2

Peterson, McDaniel (9) and Gibbs. Pattin, Sanders (3) and Roof. W—McDaniel (2-3). L—Sanders (1-3). HR—Murcer (4th).

Red Wings Acquire McDonald of Blues

DETROIT, May 14 (AP).—Left wing Ab McDonald, center-left wing Mike Lowe and defenseman Bob Wall were shipped to the Detroit Red Wings by the St. Louis Blues to complete the Feb. 19 deal for defenseman Carl Brewer.

The two National Hockey League clubs also announced the exchange of minor leaguer Jim Shires of Detroit for St. Louis's Dick Sentes.

To Aid Nervous Canonero II

Preakness Blindfold Isn't for Executioner

By Gerald Strine

BALTIMORE, May 14 (WP).—No. 9 will be the last horse to enter the gate for tomorrow's $189,000 Preakness Stakes at Pimlico. He will be wearing a wool blindfold. It's not Executioner.

Canonero II, Venezuela's victorious contribution to the 97th Kentucky Derby, "gets nervous when he sees the barrier," trainer Juan Arias affirmed. "He always needs a blindfold. He's never gone in without one, not in any of his 13 races. It's a precaution, a necessary one."

Starter Eddie Blind and his crew of eight at the gate are ready to make Canonero II comfortable.

"The Venezuelan will go into the gate last, just as the trainer wants." Blind acknowledged. "We have a black blindfold—it's really blinkers with the eye holes closed—all set for him. One of the assistants will lay it on Canonero's head when the field is half loaded. It's not tied of course, just the ears are fit into the openings. He'll have it on maybe 15 seconds before being led in. The assistant will tell me it's off, some five seconds later in the gate, and they'll be on their way."

The Lineup

All 11 of them. Executioner, the 3-to-1 favorite in The Washington Post's advance line, drew No. 6. Jim French, 4 to 1, is on the outside. Canonero II is 5 to 1, with Eastern Fleet, No. 5 at 6 to 1 and Sound Off 8 to 1, down on the rail. The distance is 1 3/16 miles, the winning owner earning $137,400 if the line-up remains intact.

Canonero II captured the Derby by 3 3/4 lengths over Jim French. Bold Reason, 10 to 1 in the Preakness, was third at Louisville, followed by Eastern Fleet.

Executioner sat out the Derby, though nominated, then was beaten a nose by Sound Off in slow going here last Friday. Before that, Executioner finished first in the Flamingo Stakes, second in the Florida Derby and third in the Wood Memorial.

Most of the American trainers are confident Canonero II won't beat their horses the second time around, in the second of the Triple Crown races. They have a collective fear of Jim French, citing his steadiness. Johnny Campo, trainer of Jim French, fears Executioner.

"Why shouldn't I, he's beaten my horse the four times they've met," Campo said. "The last three times it's been at a mile and an eighth. Executioner is a nice horse. I'm hoping the extra sixteenth of a mile will help us, hurt him."

Outspoken as Usual

As for Canonero II, Campo is a little outspoken, as usual.

"I can't take anything away from his race in the Derby," the New York trainer remarked, "but I don't think he can come up with another one like it. No horse can that works that slow during the two weeks between the two races. They got to do more than that. What was it? 1:06? Jim French went in less than a minute, and that wasn't anything great."

Arias spent much of this rainy morning "explaining" Canonero's slow exercise of Wednesday.

"I did the same thing with him at Churchill Downs, before the Derby," the black trainer said through an interpreter. "Canonero went in 53 4 5 there, and everybody was shouting about it not being enough. The way you work a horse depends on the horse. This is no South American pattern I'm following. Not at all. It's not the way we in Venezuela train Venezuelan horses. It's the way Arias trains Canonero."

Starter Blind explained why some horses dislike the stalls of a starting gate. "I guess it's like people who want to stay out of a subway, or are scared to death at the thought of going down in a submarine. They can't take closeness. A few horses are the same way. Otherwise, Arias tells me Canonero is a very easy horse to get along with, very 'tranquillo,' as he says."

Harness Lead Of Austrian Cut

MEADOW LANDS, Pa., May 14 (UPI).—Billy Haughton of the United States won two races and finished second in two others last night at the Meadows but Austria's Adolf Ubleis retained a commanding lead in the battle for the world harness driving championship.

Ubleis guided Howie Johnston, a 6-to-1 shot, to a one-length victory over Haughton's Lush Arden in the last of the five races counting toward the title.

Ubleis finished with 617 points to 463 for Haughton. Peter Wolfenden of New Zealand is third with 357 and defending champion Herve Filion of Canada fourth at 347. Gordon Rothacker of Australia had 229 points. Karsten Buer of Norway, 212; Giovacchino Ossani of Italy, 201, and Jean-Rene Gougeon of France, 174.

Riessen Upsets Laver at Tehran

TEHRAN, May 14 (Reuters).—Marty Riessen of Evanston, Ill., beat Australia's Rod Laver in the quarterfinals of the World Championship Tennis tournament here today, 6-4, 6-4.

Arthur Ashe of Gum Spring, Va., and Australians John Newcombe and John Alexander also gained the semifinals.

Ashe beat Australia's Roy Emerson, 6-3, 6-2, Newcombe, the current Wimbledon champion, won two tie-breakers against countryman Tony Roche to triumph, 7-6, 7-6, and Alexander beat Spain's Andres Gimeno, 4-6, 6-4, 6-4.



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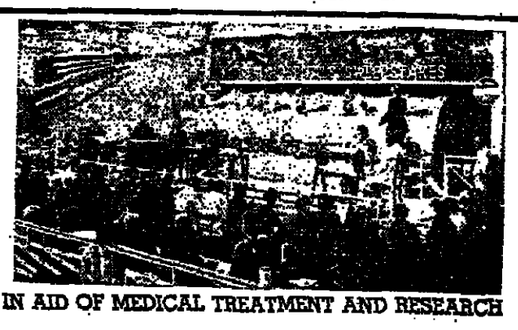
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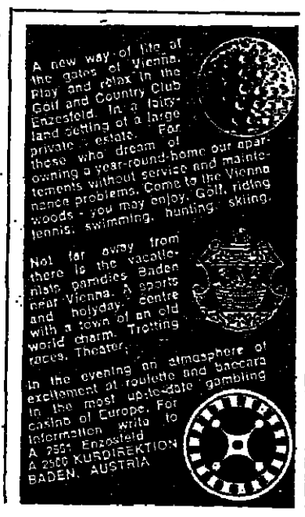
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IN AID OF MEDICAL TREATMENT AND RESEARCH



Art Buchwald

Mass Arrest Rules

WASHINGTON.—Attorney General John Mitchell has urged all police in the country to copy the capital's tactics in handling May Day demonstrators. The decisive opposition to mob force used by Washington police, Mr. Mitchell told police chiefs in California, is an example for the rest of the nation.

No one can argue with that. But Mr. Mitchell did not spell out the guidelines that police would have to abide by in following the successful tactics used in Washington.


Buchwald

Perhaps we can be of help:

Q. How do you put down a mass demonstration of people who threaten to close down a town?

A. Arrest everyone with long hair and peace symbols in a congested area.

Q. Do you write out an arrest slip?

A. No, this slows down the arresting process and permits too many people to get away.

Q. What about people's constitutional rights?

A. The constitutional rights of a citizen may be abrogated if they interfere with another citizen's right to get to work.

Q. Suppose, during a police sweep, innocent people are arrested as well as guilty people.

A. There are no innocent people when the police make a sweep through a congested area. If they were innocent, they wouldn't be there.

Q. When making a sweep arrest, how do you choose between two people if you can only grab one?

A. Always arrest the person with a beard first. You can assume during a mass demonstration that people with beards are more guilty than people without beards.

Q. What about women?

A. Women who don't wear bras are more guilty than women who wear bras. Another guideline is pants. Girls who wear pants are troublemakers.

Q. Suppose a policeman does not actually see a crime committed during a demonstration?

A. He is still obligated to arrest a certain number of people. Although citizens are not committing a crime at the moment, they could commit one later, and it's safer for society to have them locked up.

Q. Since they all seem to dress alike, how do you distinguish between young people who are not committing a crime and those who are?

A. You don't. All young people are guilty of doing something, and, besides, most of them are against the war.

Q. Once you make an arrest, what do you do with the prisoners?

A. You take them to the nearest ball park or coliseum and keep them there.

Q. How long?

A. As long as you can. The bleeding hearts and civil libertarians will want you to charge them with a crime as soon as possible. But the Justice Department will back you in keeping them locked up.

Q. Isn't the Justice Department supposed to protect people's constitutional rights?

A. No. The only function of the Justice Department is to see that traffic keeps moving.

Q. Suppose a judge demands that the arrest of an individual be made according to the law.

A. That is not the problem of the police. That is between the judge and the person arrested.

Q. If innocent people can be arrested during a mass demonstration when they were doing nothing, why can't they be arrested for doing nothing when there *isn't* a mass demonstration?

A. That's a good question, and we hope, with the backing of the attorney general, we will be able to make such arrests in the future. We know now that it's impossible to have law and order if the police are going to have to abide by the law.

Royal Presentation

THE HAGUE, May 14 (Reuters).—Prince Bernhard will present the 1971 Erasmus Prize of the Erasmus Foundation to the 62-year-old French composer, Olivier Messiaen, in Amsterdam on June 25, it was announced here today.

'Am I boasting when I class myself as a professional?'

Charlie Chaplin at 82

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

CANNES, May 14 (IHT).—Charlie Chaplin, in Cannes yesterday for the presentation of "City Lights" at the film festival, announced that the Roy Export Company (which controls the rights to his films) has entered into an arrangement with Black Inc., A.G., for the worldwide distribution of eight of his famous features—among them "The Gold Rush," "Modern Times," "Limelight" and "The Great Dictator"—for all media, including theatrical television and video-cassette showings.

"I'm very pleased that my pictures will be seen again under the auspices which Mo Rothman has organized. I've known and respected him since we first met when 'Limelight' opened in Paris in 1952. He's a superb salesman. I won't quote figures, but I am reminded of what Goldwyn replied when he was asked how much he wanted for the sale of all his films. 'I don't know the price, but when you name it, I'll hear a bell ring.' I heard the bell in this case."

Mr. Chaplin is staying in a spacious apartment at the Hôtel du Cap at Antibes for a few days. The large drawing-room looks out on a beautiful garden with the dark blue Mediterranean beyond. The suite, a souvenir of Second Empire grandeur, is the residence of the Duke and Duchess of Windsor when they visit the Riviera.

"Come in! Come in!" said Mr. Chaplin, opening the door himself. He was in a buoyant mood. At 83, his face is chubby, his cheeks apple-red and his waistline expanded, but his broad, pleased smile is as boyish as ever. He was dressed in a linen sports suit, a muffler at his throat.

In addition to completing arrangements for the rerelease of his films, Mr. Chaplin is here to receive honors. The French government promoted him to the rank of commander of the Legion of Honor at a ceremony at the inaugural gala of the Cannes Festival. England has not yet officially recognized his services to the arts.

"Perhaps I'm regarded as too much of an individualist, a loner, a non-conformist. I've always been so independent," he mused. "And all the rigamarole that goes with honors!" He threw up his hands in comic despair.

"Now let's have one of those delicious drinks, a Pernod," he suggested.

"It's believed that I have retired," he said settling down in an armchair. "That's not true. I doubt that I shall ever retire. The other night an idea came to me for a film and I have started work on it. I've written about 12 pages in the last week. I haven't a title as yet, but it's about an execution —or a threatening execution—the story of a man condemned to hang in a Kansas jail. An American tragedy, no, an American comedy or a black comedy as they term it nowadays. It's not a role for me, but perhaps for my son, Sydney.

"I've written another scenario, too, 'The Freak' for two of my daughters, Vicki and Josey. That's complete, but filming it—a side-show story—are matters of mechanics and money. I'd like to direct both scripts. I find one must work under a much tighter and straining schedule than I did when I had my own studio in Hollywood. I'm being urged to get back to the keyboard at the moment to compose the musical background for the rerelease of 'The Kid'."


With Virginia Cherrill in "City Lights" (1931).

Mr. Chaplin is an infrequent movie-goer these days.

"I don't have to go, they come to me," he explained. "I see many of them on television at home. It seems to me that there is a great deal of amateurism today. Am I boasting when I class myself as a professional? I fail to see the advantage of a hand-held camera. It is extremely awkward to hold a camera. Why impose a physical burden on the director, and the result is jerky and jittery, not in the least realistic. I'm quite faithful to realism. I enjoy seeing my own films. I'm always happily surprised. They're so good.

"I think there is a great deal of bluff about what they call the permissive cinema, with its image of vice as a come-on, its use of the bogeyman of sex and drugs to shock the public. I find drugs a dull subject. The only drug I have ever taken is an occasional sleeping pill. Sex interests me less now that I am 82, but I made what is known today as an adult picture in 1923, 'A Woman of Paris.' I find all this sensationalism a passing vogue. We're living through a period of transition and those films only reflect the moment. The directors seem to be struggling to find a technique by means of primitive experiments and what they consider intellectualism. Intellectuals have claimed that my films are intellectual. I don't think they are. My ambition has always been to be an artist, not an intellectual. Above all, I wanted to entertain. I still want to."

The talk turned to England, where Mr. Chaplin was born. He makes periodic visits to London from his Swiss home at Vevey.

"When I'm in London, I like to wander about the districts I knew as a boy, especially Whitechapel. Old London is disappearing. Perhaps something of it still lingers in the pubs, but I wouldn't know. The English pub always seemed to be a homey, cheerful place, but I don't go into them now. What would my family say?" he asked with a quick laugh.

And that brought up Mrs. Chaplin, the former Oona O'Neill, an heir to her father's estate. "Yes, she has a controlling interest in some of the plays, together with her brother, Shane, and her stepmother's daughter," said Mr. Chaplin. "So you see it turns out that I married a millionairess. A happy ending."

PEOPLE: *San Francisco's King for a Day*

The U.S. Coast Guard recovered a $100,000 yacht in a sea chase outside the Golden Gate Thursday and captured an unrepentant self-styled adventurer who told police that for a while, at least, he was a most happy fella. The chase started after the San Francisco harbormaster became curious over the unscheduled afternoon departure of Charles W. Fowler's Charga Isle II. He telephoned Fowler, who said his yacht wasn't supposed to be going anywhere.

When an inshore search by the Coast Guard failed to locate the 41-foot craft, the authorities turned toward the open sea and spotted Charga Isle II heading north. Cranking up their cutter to flank speed, the Guardsmen overhauled the vessel off Pt. Reyes, some 15 miles north of the bay entrance, piloted by one William Lamkin, 33, in "a very jovial mood." Warmed by some "very good whiskey" he found aboard, Lamkin gave up without a struggle, even helping his captors to make fast their towing lines.

Later that evening Lamkin said that things had been pretty grim before his five-hour adventure. He had 65 cents and no address, but for the afternoon, "I felt like I owned the boat." Held on charges of burglary and grand thieft, Lamkin couldn't have cared less. "As soon as I get out of here," he said from his jail cell, "I'm going to steal me an airplane."

* * *

DEDICATED: "Eric Hawkins' Corner," marked by a plaque in the remodeled Golden Gate bar of the California Hotel, in memory of the countless happy hours spent at precisely that spot by the late Editor Emeritus of the Herald Tribune, a strong breath across the street from the California.

* * *

Arthur Woollard, a 47-year-old civilian construction manager at the U.S. Air Force base in Lakenheath, England, has been awarded a £143 ($343.20) prize for coming up with a money-saving idea. Woollard calculated that the automatic flushes at the base's 191 urinals were overworking at the rate of one expensive gurgle every four minutes. By flushing every 15 minutes, he reasoned, Lakenheath could save 130,000 gallons of water a year, worth some $7,200. Said Woollard modestly: "The idea just came to me one day when I was on the office toilet."

* * *

STILL MUNCHING: A Leo Samson, the autom started to eat in 1968 ($40,000 bet with a busi Contacted in Singapore is currently on a reza eating tour, Samson sai pects to have polished of by the end of next yea GAGED: British acto Williamson, 34, and A actress Jill Townsend, 28, ing to London friends. D ED: Singer Jerry Lee L by Myra Gale Brown L his first cousin, whom he when she was 13, in B Lewis, charged with cr inhuman treatment and improperly with other was ordered to pay Myra plus $250 a month for of their 7-year-old d


PHILLIE JOE—Pop Joe Frazier, who son moonlights as world weight boxing cha entertains the hom before a Phils-Cubs b game. The good gu

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